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ENACT-
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AND
APPROVED
PAPERS

ALLIED
CONTROL
AUTHORITY
GERMANY

VOL. 5
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1946

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Germany (Territory Under Allied Occupation,
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ALLIED CONTROL AUTHORITY

GERMANY

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VOL. 5

Oct. - Dec. 1946

ENACTMENTS AND
APPROVED PAPERS

R E S T R I C T E D

ENACTMENTS AND APPROVED PAPERS

OF THE
CONTROL COUNCIL AND COORDINATING COMMITTEE
1 OCTOBER 1946 - 31 DECEMBER 1946

Compiled by

LEGAL DIVISION
OFFICE OF MILITARY GOVERNMENT FOR GERMANY (U.S.)

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CONTROL COUNCIL

Directive No. 39

Liquidation of German War and Industrial Potential

The Potsdam decisions call for the liquidation of German war and industrial potential,

The Agencies of the Control Council have worked out a number of regulations with regard to the above problem, in particular regarding the prohibition and limitation of a number of industries (paper CONL/P(46)14 and a Plan for Reparations and Level of Post-War German Economy in accordance with the decisions of the Berlin Conference), concerning the prohibition and restriction of production, export, import, transportation and storage of war materials (a draft law is being considered), the liquidation of underground plants (Directive No. 22 of the Control Council), and control over scientific research (Law No. 25 of the Control Council), when all these measures have been actually carried out, the industrial basis for Germany's aggressive war actions will have been destroyed,

The Allied Authorities are faced with the task of implementing these decisions,

In the absence of a general plan of liquidation, practical measures for carrying out these decisions were taken by each zone independently. It is necessary to draw up an overall concrete plan for the systematic liquidation of the war potential showing date of liquidation insofar as is practicable, and establishing the order of carrying out the work. In order to attain this objective and keep a constant watch on the progress of liquidation of the war and industrial potential, the Control Council directs as follows:

1. That a complete census of that potential be taken with an account of the liquidation already carried out in the Zones.
2. That a clearly defined procedure of liquidation be worked out,
3. That the machinery to keep a watch on the progress of liquidation be established.

1. CENsus

A. Classification by Categories

The census will consist of drawing up complete lists of plants, workshops, industrial installations, etc. (including their laboratories) which wholly or in part constitute a war potential (hereafter all the enumerated items will be called "plants").

Laboratories, in the actual meaning of the word, research institutions, experimental stations, which constitute a war potential are not taken into account in this memorandum, as their liquidation forms the subject of other documents (Law No. 25).

These lists will contain the following categories of Plants:-

Category I

Plants specially constructed, or principal shops of plants specially constructed, for the production of war materials, specified in Table 1, paragraph "A", of the Plan for Reparations, namely:

1. Tanks and special, tank equipment
2. General armament, except tanks
3. Aircraft and special aircraft equipment
4. War explosives and shell filling
5. Poisonous war substances
6. All underground plants

Category II

Plants specially constructed, or principal shops of plants specially constructed for the production of materials specified in Table 1, paragraph "A" 2-11, "B" and "C", of the Plan for Reparations, namely:

7. Sea-going ships (not interpreted to include small fishing vessels)
8. Magnesium
9. Primary aluminum and alumina for the purpose of producing aluminum
10. Beryllium
11. Vanadium produced from Thomas slags
12. Radio-active materials
13. Hydrogen peroxide above 41% strength
14. Radio transmitting equipment

15. Heavy tractors above the limits of capacity determined by the Allied Control Authority
16. Heavy machine tools of the sizes and types prohibited by the Allied Control Authority
17. Synthetic gasoline and oil
18. Synthetic rubber
19. Ball and taper roller bearings
20. Synthetic ammonia

Category III

Plants specially constructed, or principal shops of plants specially constructed for the production of materials specified in schedule B to a Control Council Law to be published, entitled "Law to Prohibit the Manufacture, Import, Export, Transport, and Storage of War Materials", and other materials included in paragraphs 5, 6, 7, and 8 of the Plan for Reparations, as may be determined by the appropriate authority of the Allied Control Authority,

Category IV

Peace-time plants, in which was specially installed the special purpose equipment for the production enumerated in Categories I and II or containing shops which were not principal shops, specially constructed for production enumerated in Categories I and II.

B. Preparation of Lists for each Category

The lists of plants of Categories I and II shall be prepared by the Committee for the Liquidation of German War Potential which shall keep in close contact with the Industry Committee,

The lists of plants of Categories III and IV shall be prepared by the Industry Committee which shall forward them to the Committee for the Liquidation of German War Potential.

2. RULES FOR LIQUIDATION

A. Principles

War plants in Germany must be liquidated, which means that buildings and equipment of those plants must be:

- (a) destroyed, or
- (b) declared available for reparations, or
- (c) left for the peace-time economy in cases where they can be used for the peace-time economy as provided for in paragraphs 3 and 5 below,

When dealing with each category, the following shall be the guiding principles :

Category I

- 1, Materials and equipment, suitable for reparations and not needed in other plants for permitted production in accordance with the Plan for Reparations, should be declared available for reparations and those not suitable for this purpose should be destroyed.
- 2, (a) All buildings specially adapted for the production of war materials, as well as buildings specially constructed for war purposes (anti-aircraft defense constructions, etc.), shall be destroyed.

(b) However, in cases of urgent necessity, the Zone Commander will have the right to use certain of these buildings for occupation requirements. During the time these buildings are being used, all steps will be taken to avoid the possibility of further utilization of these enterprises for war production. After being used as mentioned above, the buildings must be destroyed.
- 3, (a) As an exception, buildings of a general type can be converted or kept for peace-time use in manufacturing products or semi-finished products for permitted industries, including their use as warehouses, or can be used by the Zonal authorities for occupation needs.

(b) This exception may also, in very special cases, be extended to equipment on condition it is assured that maintaining this would not render possible without great difficulty, reconverting these into war factories.
- 4, Embankments, foundations, electric communications, water, sewage, and gas mains, railway sidings and any other means of communications shall be considered in the spirit of the decisions set out in the above paragraphs.
5. Underground plants must, in accordance with Control Council Directive No. 22 be blown up or flooded, in order to reduce them to a condition which would render their subsequent utilization impossible,

However, if the plants are situated in mines or in railway tunnels, etc., they may be reduced to a state in which they can be used for peace-time purposes.

Category II

Same measures as shown above. However, they may be temporarily suspended in respect of industries provided for in paragraphs B and C of Table 1 of the Plan for Reparations, namely:

1. Synthetic gasoline and oil
2. Synthetic rubber
3. Ball and taper roller bearings
4. Synthetic ammonia

Production should then be in accordance with the plan. Plants of this type which have not yet begun operation again may do so by a decision of the Zone Commander. The latter shall inform the Control Council on 1 November 1946, and then quarterly thereafter, of the volume of production in each plant in these industries which are operating. The Control Council will have the right to stop the operation of these plants if this is required for security reasons.

Category III

The Industry and Fuel Committees have been instructed to draw up lists of plants which are to be retained in Germany to cover peacetime requirements.

The Industry and Fuel Committees, taking into account the recommendations of the Committee for the Liquidation of German War Potential, must also consider the nature of equipment to be retained, as essential for such production, with a view to eliminating, as far as possible, those types of equipment which constitute a serious war potential.

The part of the plant which is to be retained after removal of reparations or destruction of the prohibited equipment, may be used, by the decision of the Zone Commander, for peacetime purposes, permitted under the Plan for Reparations and the Level of Post War German Economy.

Category IV

Equipment selected for the types of production listed in Categories I and II must be considered in the light of the decisions mentioned above for those categories.

B. Liquidation Program

After the Committee has received lists of plants in Categories I and II, the Committee for the Liquidation of German War Potential,

keeping in close touch with the Industry Committee, will, within the next one or two months, draw up a program for the liquidation of these *plants*, which are to be destroyed, indicating dates for completion of liquidation as far as is practicably possible.

The Zone Commanders may proceed with the destruction of War Plants without waiting to receive the overall plan, and after the removal of equipment declared available on account of reparations, Every possible precaution must be taken to safe-guard equipment, and dismantling must be carried out by specialists who shall be *instructed* at the same time to prepare all the necessary documentary records required for subsequent re-assembling of the equipment.

3. CONTROL OF EXECUTION

A. Certificate of Liquidation

After the liquidation of each plant, the Zone Commander shall draw up a certificate stating that, liquidation has been carried out, and send *it* to his national delegate in Berlin, who, in his turn, will submit *it* to the Committee for the Liquidation of German War Potential.

B. The Committee for the Liquidation of German War Potential, which is responsible for keeping account of the liquidation of plants will, for this purpose, draw up a register in which it will enter all the information to be communicated to it on the liquidation of plants.

C. The Committee for the Liquidation of German War Potential, will, at least every three months, submit a report to the Economic Directorate on the work of liquidating the war industry potential in Germany.

D. The Liquidation plan will provide for the immediate organization of Inter-Allied Commissions who will work under directives of the Committee for the Liquidation of War Potential for checking the degree of liquidation and of production of plants in Categories I and II, in all four zones of Germany, and these Commissions, by direct inspection and by other means, will prepare for the Committee for the Liquidation of War Potential information in the form of a report which, after it has been approved, will be submitted to the Economic Directorate for confirmation.

Done at Berlin on the 2nd day of October 1946.

R. NOIRET, General de Division
G. S. LUKYANCHENKO, Lieutenant General
LUCIUS D. CLAY, Lieutenant General
B. H. ROBERTSON, Lieutenant General

CORC/P(46)308 Final

COORDINATING COMMITTEE

Outer Geographical Limits for German Coastal Shipping

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1. The Transport Directorate had hitherto considered it desirable to require that coastal shipping left to Germany be prohibited entering foreign ports. The only exception that had been permitted concerned the journeys of German coastal shipping via Rotterdam for the transport of merchandise between the German ports and the Rhineland ports of Germany. A special authorization was to be obtained for each of these journeys.

2. The following two cases involving the use of German coastal vessels for special transport to foreign ports were raised in the Directorate, at its 35th and 36th meetings,

- a. The U. S. member proposed the use of German coastal vessels to bring from Ireland 2000 head of cattle (a gift from the Irish Government to the German population). These cattle will be delivered free on board ship in an Irish port.
- b. The Soviet member proposed the employment of five German coastal vessels of 1000 tons each (dead weight) to transport to Norway, on the outward journey, cargoes of mineral salts loaded in the ports of the Soviet Zone, and on the return journey cargoes of herrings and fertilizers. The total weight of the cargoes to be loaded was estimated at 22,000 tons. The ships at present in the British or U.S. Zone used for this purpose would remain under the control of the authorities of British and U.S. Zones.

3. The Transport Directorate agreed to raise no objections to the use of German coastal shipping for these two shipping movements. However, aware that authorization to carry out such movements would be in contradiction with the policy formerly followed to limit German coastal shipping to German ports, the Directorate submits this question to the Coordinating Committee for decision.

4. It is therefore requested that the Coordinating Committee authorize the German coastal vessels in question to operate beyond the geographical limits hitherto applied to them,

5, This paper is submitted to the Coordinating Committee for consideration at its 82nd Meeting on 7 October 1946.*)

J. L. BAUDIER, Consul-General

A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major

H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel

K. G. EXHAM, Brigadier

Allied Secretariat

CORC/P(46)318

*) see page 9

8 October 1946

9
CORC/M(46)53

COORDINATING COMMITTEE

MINUTES

(Meeting of 7 October 1946)

562. OUTER GEOGRAPHICAL LIMITS FOR GERMAN COASTAL SHIPPING

The Meeting considered CORC/P(46)318.

THE MEETING:

(562) agreed

- (a) to authorize the voyages for which approval had been requested in CORC/P(46)318;
- (b) to instruct the Transport Directorate to draft and submit to the Coordinating Committee the regulations necessary to permit German vessels to visit foreign ports, it being understood that once these regulations are established the Transport Directorate will be allowed to authorize voyages other than those referred to in (a) above, without preliminary reference to the Coordinating Committee.

CONTROL COUNCILLaw No. 36Administrative Courts

THE CONTROL COUNCIL ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

ARTICLE I

For decisions of administrative matters, administrative courts shall be re-organized in all the zones of occupation and in Berlin.

ARTICLE II

The structure, jurisdiction and procedure of such courts to be established in the several zones in pursuance of this Law shall be determined by the respective Zone Commanders and in Berlin by the Allied Kommandatura,

ARTICLE III

Administrative Courts shall be guided by legislation not in conflict with legislation and policy of the Control Council,

ARTICLE IV

Zone Commanders and the Allied Kommandatura shall have the right to issue ordinances implementing the present law,

ARTICLE V

The following German legal enactments are hereby repealed:

- (1) Decree of the Fuehrer and Reich Chancellor concerning the Simplification of the Administration of 28 August 1939 (RGBl. I, p. 1535).
- (2) Second Decree concerning the Simplification of the Administration of 6 November 1939 (RGBl. I, p. 2168).
- (3) Decree of the Fuehrer and Reich Chancellor concerning the establishment of the Reich Administrative Court of 3 April 1941 (RGBl. I, p. 201).

ARTICLE VI

This Law shall come into force on the date of its publication.*)

Done at Berlin on the 10th day of October 1946.

P. Koenig
General d'Armee

V. Sokolovsky
Marshal of the Soviet Union

Joseph T. McNarney
General

Sholto Douglas
Marshal of the Royal Air Force

*) "The date of publication is 15 October 1946 at 1800 hours"

CONL/P(46)67 (Final)

10 October 1946

CONTROL COUNCILDirective No. 38The Arrest and Punishment of War Criminals, Nazis and Militarists and the Internment, Control and Surveillance of Potentially Dangerous Germans.

THE CONTROL COUNCIL DIRECTS AS FOLLOWS:

PART I1. OBJECT

The object of this paper is to establish a common policy for Germany covering:

- a) The punishment of war criminals, Nazis, Militarists, and industrialists who encouraged and supported the Nazi Regime.
- b) The complete and lasting destruction of Nazism and Militarism by imprisoning and restricting the activities of important participants or adherents to these creeds.
- c) The internment of Germans, who, though not guilty of specific crimes are considered to be dangerous to Allied purposes, and the control and surveillance of others considered potentially so dangerous.

2. REFERENCES

- a) Potsdam Agreement, Sec. III, Para. 3, I, a)
- b) Potsdam Agreement, Sec. III, Para. 3, III
- c) Potsdam Agreement, Sec. III, Para. 5
- d) Control Council Directive No. 24
- e) Control Council Law No. 10, Article II, Para 3 and Article III, Para. 1 and 2.

3. THE PROBLEM AND GENERAL PRINCIPLES

It is considered that in order to carry out the principles established at Potsdam, it will be necessary to classify war criminals and potentially dangerous persons into five main categories and to establish punishments and sanctions appropriate to each category. We consider that the composition of categories and the nature of penalties and sanctions should be agreed in some detail but without limiting in any way the full discretion conferred by

Control Council Law No. 10 upon Zone Commanders.

4. A clear definition of Allied policy with regard to the obviously dangerous as well as to only potentially dangerous Germans is required at this time in order to establish uniform provisions for disposing of these persons in the various Zones,

5. CATEGORIES AND SANCTIONS

Composition of categories and sanctions are treated in detail in Part II of this Directive. They shall be applied in accordance with the following general principles:

a) A distinction should be made between imprisonment of war criminals and similar offenders for criminal conduct and internment of potentially dangerous persons who may be confined because their freedom would constitute a danger to the Allied Cause,

b) Zone Commanders may, ~~if~~ they so desire, place an individual in a lower category on probation, with the exception of those who have been convicted as major offenders on account of their guilt in specific crimes.

c) Within the categories, Zone Commanders will retain discretion to vary the sanctions if necessary to meet the requirements of individual cases within the limits laid down in this Directive,

d) The classification of all offenders and potentially dangerous persons, assessment of sanctions and the review of cases will be carried out by agencies to be designated by the Zone Commanders as responsible for the implementation of this Directive.,

e) The Zone Commanders and tribunals will have the authority to upgrade or downgrade individuals between categories. Zone Commanders may, if they wish, use German tribunals for the purpose of classification, trial and review.

f) In order to prevent persons dealt with under this Directive avoiding any of the consequences of the Directive by moving to another Zone, each Zone Commander will ensure that the other Zones know and understand the methods employed by him in endorsing the identity documents of classified individuals.

g) To implement this Directive, it is recommended that each Zone Commander will issue Orders or Zonal Laws conforming in substance to the provisions and principles of this Directive in his own Zone, Zone Commanders will supply each other with copies of such Laws or Orders.

h) Provided that such Zonal Laws are in general conformity with the principles here set forth, full discretion is reserved to the individual Zone Commanders as regards their application in detail in accordance with the local situation in their respective Zones.

i) In Berlin the Allied Kommandatura will have the responsibility for implementing the principles and provisions of this Directive and will issue such regulations and order as are required for that purpose. Whatever discretion in the implementation of this Directive is left to Zone Commanders will be exercised by the Allied Kommandatura in Berlin,

j) Apart from the categories and sanctions set forth in Part II of this Directive, persons who committed war crimes or crimes against peace or humanity as defined in Control Council Law No. 10, will be dealt with under the provisions and procedures prescribed by that Law,

PART II

Article 1

Groups of Persons Responsible

In order to make a just determination of responsibility and to provide for imposition (except in the case of 5) below) of sanctions the following groupings of persons shall be made,

- 1) Major offenders;
- 2) Offenders (activists, militarists, and profiteers);
- 3) Lesser offenders (probationers);
- 4) Followers;
- 5) Persons exonerated. (Those included in the above categories who can prove themselves not guilty before a tribunal).

Article 2

Major Offenders

Major Offenders are :

- 1) Anyone who, out of political motives, committed crimes against victims or opponents of national socialism;
- 2) Anyone who, in Germany or in the occupied areas, treated foreign civilians or prisoners of war contrary to International Law;
- 3) Anyone who is responsible for outrages, pillaging, deportations, or other acts of brutality, even if committed in fighting against resistance movements;
- 4) Anyone who was active in a leading position in the NSDAP, one of its formations or affiliated organizations, or in any other national socialistic or militaristic organization;
- 5) Anyone who, in the government of the Reich, the Laender, or in the administration of formerly occupied areas, held a leading position which could have been held only by a leading national socialist or a leading supporter of the national socialistic tyranny;
- 6) Anyone who gave major political, economic propagandist or other support to the national socialistic tyranny, or who, by reason of his relations with the national socialistic tyranny, received very substantial profits for himself or others;
- 7) Anyone who was actively engaged for the national socialistic tyranny in the Gestapo, the SD, the SS, or the Geheime Feld- or Grenz-Polizei;
- 8) Anyone who, in any form whatever, participated in killings, tortures, or other cruelties in a concentration camp, a labor camp, or a medical institution or asylum;
- 9) Anyone who, for personal profit or advantage, actively collaborated with the Gestapo, SI?, SS or similar organizations by denouncing or otherwise aiding in the persecution of the opponents of the national socialistic tyranny.
- 10) Any member of the High Command of the German Armed Forces so specified.

- 11) In Part I of Appendix "A" a list of categories of persons is given who, because of the character of the crimes allegedly committed by them, shown in paras. 1- 10 of this Article, as well as the positions occupied by them, will be carefully investigated and, if the results of the investigation necessitate a trial, must be brought to trial as major offenders and punished if found guilty.

Article 3

Offenders

A. Activists

I. An activist is:

- 1) Anyone who, by way of his position or activity, substantially advanced the national socialistic tyranny;
- 2) Anyone who exploited his position, his influence or his connections to impose force and utter threats, to act with brutality and to carry out oppressions or otherwise unjust measures;
- 3) Anyone who manifested himself as an avowed adherent of the national socialistic tyranny, more particularly of its racial creeds.

II. Activists are in particular the following persons, insofar as they are not major offenders:

- 1) Anyone who substantially contributed to the establishment, consolidation or maintenance of the national socialist tyranny, by word or deed, especially publicly through speeches or writings or through voluntary donations out of his own or another's property or through using his personal reputation or his position of power in political, economic or cultural life;
- 2) Anyone who, through national socialistic teachings or education, poisoned the spirit and soul of the youth;
- 3) Anyone who, in order to strengthen the national socialistic tyranny, undermined family and marital life disregarding recognised moral principles;

- 4) Anyone who in the service of national socialism unlawfully interfered in the administration of justice or abused politically his office as judge or public prosecutor.
- 5) Anyone who in the service of national socialism agitated with incitement or violence against churches, religious communities or ideological associations;
- 6) Anyone who in the service of national socialism ridiculed, damaged or destroyed values of art or science;
- 7) Anyone who took a leading or active part in destroying trade unions, suppressing labor, and misappropriating trade union property;
- 8) Anyone who, as a provocateur, agent or informer, caused or attempted to cause, institution of a proceeding to the detriment of others because of their race, religion or political opposition to national socialism or because of violation of national socialist rules;
- 9) Anyone who exploited his position or power under the national socialistic tyranny to commit offences, in particular, extortions, embezzlements and frauds;
- 10) Anyone who by word or deed took an attitude of hatred towards opponents of the NSDAP in Germany or abroad, towards prisoners of war, the population of formerly occupied territories, foreign civilian workers, prisoners or like persons;
- 11) Anyone who favored transfer to service at the front because of opposition to national socialism.

III. An activist shall also be anyone who after 8 May 1945 has endangered or is likely to endanger the peace of the German people or of the world, through advocating national socialism or militarism or inventing or disseminating malicious rumors.

B. Militarists

I. A Militarist is:

- 1) Anyone who sought to bring the life of the German people into line with a policy of militaristic force;

- 2) Anyone who advocated or is responsible for the domination of foreign peoples, their exploitation or displacement; or
- 3) Any who, for these purposes, promoted armament.

11. Militarists are in particular the following persons, insofar as they are not major offenders:

- 1) Anyone who, by word or deed, established or disseminated militaristic doctrines or program or was active in any organization (except the Wehrmacht) serving the advancement of militaristic ideas;
- 2) Anyone who before 1935 organized or participated in the organization of the systematic training of youth for war;
- 3) Anyone who, exercising the power of command, is responsible for the wanton devastation, after the invasion of Germany, of cities and country places;
- 4) Anyone without regard to his rank who as a member of the Armed Forces (Wehrmacht), the Reich Labor Service (Reichsarbeitsdienst), the Organisation Todt (OT), or Transport Croup Speer, abused his official authority to obtain personal advantages or brutally to mistreat subordinates.
- 5) Anyone whose past training and activities in the General Staff Corps or otherwise has in the opinion of Zone Commanders contributed towards the promotion of militarism and who the Zone Commanders consider likely to endanger Allied purposes.

C. Profiteers

I. A profiteer is:

Anyone who, by use of his political position or connections, gained personal or economic advantages for himself or others from the national socialistic tyranny, the rearmament, or the war.

II. Profiteers are in particular the following persons, insofar as they are not major offenders:

- 1) Anyone who, solely on account of his membership in the NSDAP, obtained an office or a position or was preferentially promoted therein.
 - 2) Anyone who received substantial donations from the NSDAP or its formations or affiliated organizations;
 - 3) Anyone who obtained or strove for advantages for himself or others at the expense of those who were persecuted on political, religious or racial grounds, directly or indirectly, especially in connection with appropriations, forced sales, or similar transactions,
 - 4) Anyone who made disproportionately high profits in armament or war transactions,
 - 5) Anyone who unjustly enriched himself in connection with the administration of formerly occupied territories;
- D, In Part II of Appendix "A" a list of categories of persons is given who, because of the character of the crimes allegedly committed by them, shown in this Article, paragraphs A, E and C, will be carefully investigated and, if the results of the investigation necessitate a trial, must be brought to trial as offenders and punished if found guilty,

Article 4

Lesser Offenders Probationers

I. A lesser offender is:

- 1) Anyone including former members of the Armed Forces who otherwise belongs to the groups of offenders but because of special circumstances seems worthy of a milder judgment and can be expected according to his character to fulfil his duties as a citizen of a peaceful democratic state after he has proved himself in a period of probation.
- 2) Anyone who otherwise belongs to the group of followers but because of his conduct and in view of his character will first have to prove himself.

II. A lesser offender is more particularly:

- 1) Anyone who, born after the first day of January 1919, does not belong to the group of major offenders, but seems to be an offender, without however having manifested despicable or brutal conduct and who can be expected in view of his character to prove himself;
- 2) Anyone, not a major offender, who seem to be an offender but withdrew from national socialism and its methods, unqualifiedly and manifestly, at an early time,
- 3) In Part III of Appendix "A" a list of categories of persons is given who will be carefully investigated and, if there is evidence of guilt in accordance with the provisions of paras I and II of this Article, will be charged as lesser offenders and punished if found guilty.

Article 5

Followers

I. A follower is:

Anyone who was not more than a nominal participant in, or a supporter of, the national socialistic tyranny.

II. Subject to this standard, a follower is more particularly:

- 1) Anyone who as a member of the NSDAP or of one of its formations, except the HJ and BDM, did no more than pay membership fees, participate in meetings where attendance was obligatory, or carry out unimportant or purely routine duties such as were directed for all members;
- 2) Anyone, not a major offender, an offender, or a lesser offender, who was a candidate for membership in the NSDAP but had not yet been finally accepted as a member.
- 3) Anyone being a former member of the Armed Forces who, in the opinion of the Zone Commander, is liable by his qualification to endanger Allied purposes,

Article 6Exonerated Persons

An exonerated person is:

Anyone who, in spite of his formal membership or candidacy or any other outward indication, not only showed a passive attitude but also actively resisted the national socialistic tyranny to the extent of his powers and thereby suffered disadvantages.

Article 7Sanctions

In accordance with the extent of responsibility the sanctions set forth in Art. 8 - 11 shall be imposed in just selection and gradation, to accomplish the exclusion of national socialism and militarism from the life of the German people and reparation of the damage caused,

Article 8Sanctions against Major Offenders

- I Major Offenders having committed a specific war crime will be liable to the following sanctions:
- a) Death
 - b) Imprisonment for life or for a period of five to fifteen years, with or without hard labor.
 - c) In addition, any of the sanctions listed in Paragraph II of this Article may be imposed.
11. The following sanctions may be imposed upon other Major Offenders:
- a) They shall be imprisoned, or interned for a period not exceeding 10 years. Internment after 8 May 1945 can be taken into account. Disabled persons will be required to perform special work in accordance with their capability.
 - b) Their property may be confiscated. However, there shall be left to them an amount necessary to cover the bare existence after taking into consideration family conditions and earning power.

- c) They shall be ineligible to hold any public office, including that of notary or attorney,
- d) They shall lose any legal claims to a pension or allowance payable from public funds,
- e) They shall lose the right to vote, the capacity to be elected, and the right to be politically active in any way or to be members of a political party.
- f) They shall not be allowed to be members of a trade union or a business or vocational association.
- g) They shall be prohibited for a period of not less than ten years after their release:
 - 1) To be active in a profession or, independently, in an enterprise of economic undertaking of any kind, to own a share therein or to supervise or control it.
 - 2) To be employed in any dependent position, other than ordinary labor.
 - 3) To be active as teacher, preacher, editor, author, or radio commentator.
- h) They are subject to restrictions as regards living space and place of residence, and may be enlisted for public works service,
- i) They shall lose all licences, concessions and privileges granted them and the right to keep a motor vehicle,

Article 9

Sanctions against Offenders

1. They may be imprisoned or interned for a period up to ten years in order to perform reparation and reconstruction work, Political internment after 8 May 1945 can be taken into account,
2. Their property may be confiscated (as a contribution for reparation), either as a whole or in part. In case the property is confiscated in part, capital goods (Sachwerte) should be preferred, The necessary items for daily use shall be left to them,

3. They shall be ineligible to hold any public office, including that of notary or attorney,
4. They shall lose any legal claims to a pension or allowance payable from public funds.
5. They shall lose the right to vote, the capacity to be elected, and the right to be politically active in any way or to be members of a political party.
6. They shall not be allowed to be members of a trade union or business or vocational association.
7. They shall be prohibited, for a period of not less than five years after their release:
 - a) To be active in a profession or, independently, in an enterprise or economic undertaking of any kind, to own a share therein or to supervise or control it,
 - b) To be employed in any dependent position, other than ordinary labor.
 - c) To be active as a teacher, preacher, editor, author, or radio commentator.
8. They are subject to restriction as regards living space and place of residence.
9. They shall lose all licenses, concessions and privileges granted them and the right to keep a motor vehicle.
10. Within the discretion of Zone Commanders sanctions may be included in zonal laws forbidding offenders to leave a Zone without permission.

Article 10

Sanctions against lesser offenders

If the finding of the tribunal places an individual in the category of lesser offenders, he may be placed on probation. The time of probation shall be at least two years but, as a rule, not more than three years. To which group a person responsible hereunder will be finally allocated will depend on his conduct during the period of probation. While on probation, the following sanctions will apply:

1. They shall be prohibited, during the period of probation -
 - a) To operate an enterprise as owner, partner, manager or executive supervise or control an enterprise or to acquire any enterprise in whole or in part, or any interest or share therein, in whole or in part.
 - b) To be active as teacher, preacher, author, editor or radio commentator.
2. In the event the lesser offender is the owner of an independent enterprise, or any share therein, at the time of his classification, his interest in such enterprise may be blocked.
3. The term enterprise as used in paragraph 1 a) and 2 of this Article need not include small undertakings of craftsmen, retail shops, farms and like undertakings, having less than 20 employees.
4. Property values, acquisition of which rested upon use of political connections or special national socialistic measures such as aryанизation and armament shall be confiscated.
5. For the period of probation additional sanctions, taken from those set forth in Article 11 hereof may be imposed, with just selection and modification, more particularly:
 - a) Restrictions in the exercise of an independent profession, and prohibition to train apprentices.
 - b) In respect of civil servants: reduction of retirement pay, retirement or transfer to an office with lesser rank or to another position with reduction of compensation, rescission of promotion, transfer from the civil service relationship into that of a contractual employee.
6. Internment in a labor camp or confiscation of the whole property may not be ordered,
7. Within the discretion of Zone Commanders sanctions may be included in zonal laws forbidding the lesser offenders to leave a Zone without permission.

8. Within the discretion of Zone Commanders sanctions may be included in zonal laws denying them the capacity to be elected and the right to be politically active in any way or to be members of a political party. They may also be denied the right to vote,
9. They may be required to report periodically to the police in the place of their residence

Article 11

Sanctions against followers :

The following sanctions against followers may be applied at the discretion of the Zone Commanders:

1. They may be required to report periodically to the police in the place of their residence.
2. They will not be permitted to leave a Zone or Germany without permission.
3. Civilian members in this category may not stand for election at any level but may vote.
4. In addition, in the case of civil servants, retirement or transfer to an office with lesser rank or to another position, possibly with reduction of compensation or rescission of a promotion instituted while the person belonged to the NSDAP, may be ordered. Corresponding measures may be ordered against persons in economic enterprises including agriculture and forestry,
5. They may be ordered to pay single or recurrent contributions to funds for reparations. When determining contributions, the follower's period of membership, the fees and contributions paid by him, his wealth and income, his family conditions and other relevant factors shall be taken into consideration.

Article 12

Exonerated Persons

No sanction will be applied against persons declared to be exonerated by a tribunal.

Article 13

Persons in the categories defined in Article 2 to 6 above who are guilty of specific war crimes or other offences may be prosecuted regardless of their classification under this Directive. Imposing of Sanctions under this Directive shall not bar criminal prosecutions for the same offence.

Done at Berlin on the 12th day of October 1946.

R. NOIRET
General de Division

P. A. KUROCHKIN,
Colonel General

Lucius D. CLAY,
Lieutenant General.

G. W. E. J. ERSKINE,
Major General
for B. H. ROBERTSON,
Lieutenant General

CORC/P(46)301 Final

NOTE: In consideration of the interest in publication of this Directive, the Coordinating Committee agreed to

- a. Set Monday, 14 October 1946, at 1800 hours as the effective date;
- b. To release the text in the three official languages to the Allied Press at 1800 hours on 14 October 1946;
- c. To publish the Directive in German as soon as possible after 14 October 1946,

PART I

The following is a list, of categories of persons who, because of the character of the crimes allegedly committed by them, shown in paras 1 - 10 of Article 2 of Part II of this Directive, as well as the positions occupied by them, will be carefully investigated and, if the results of the investigation necessitate a trial, must be brought to trial as major offenders and punished if found guilty.

- A. The German Secret Service including Abwehraenter (military intelligence offices)
- 1) All executive officials of the Reichssicherheitshauptamt (RSHA or National Department of Security), its organizations and offices directly supervised by RSHA.
 - 2) All officials of the Geheime Feldpolizei (GFP) down to and including the rank of Feld-Polizeidirektor.
 - 3) All executive officials of the Research Office of the Reich Air Ministry.
- B. The Security Police (Sipo),
- 1) All members of the Geheime Staatspolizei (Gestapo).
 - 2) Executive officials of the Grenzpolizei-Kommissariate (Greko),
 - 3) All executives of the Main Offices (Leitstellen) and Offices (Stellen) of the Criminal Police (Kriminalpolizei).
- C. The Ordnungspolizei (Orpo).
- All officials of the following branches of police since 1935 down to and including the rank of colonel or equivalent:
- a) Schutzpolizei (Schupo)
 - b) Gendarmerie (Gend)
 - c) Wasserschutzpolizei (SW)
 - d) Luftschutzpolizei (L. Schupo)
 - e) Technische Nothilfe,

D. The NSDAP.

- 1) All office holders of the NSDAP down to and including the office of Amtsleiter of the Kreisleitung.
- 2) All members of the Corps of Political Leaders of the Party down to and including the rank of political Einsatzleiter and all members of the training staffs of the Ordensburgen, Schulungsburgen, Adolf-Hitler-Schulen und Nationalpolitische Erziehungsanstalten,
- 3) All members of the Reichstagsfraktion of the NSDAP before 30 January 1933,
- 4) The following office holders of the Reich Food Estate (Reichsnaehrstand):
 - a) all Landesbauernfuehrer and their deputies;
 - b) all leaders of the Hauptvereinigungen and Wirtschaftsverbaende;
 - c) all Kreisbauernfuehrer;
 - d) all leaders of the Landesforstaemter.
- 5) Officials of the Gauwirtschaftskammern who were charged with political coordination on behalf of the Party,
- 6) Gauwirtschaftsberater,

E. The Organizations of the NSDAP.

- 1) The Waffen-SS - All officers down to and including the rank of Sturmabfuhrer (Major), all members of the Totenkopfverbaende and all SS-Helferinnen and SS-Kriegshelferinnen in Konzentrationslagern (SS Women auxiliaries and SS women auxiliaries of war in concentration camps).
- 2) Allgemeine SS - All officers down to and including the rank of Untersturmfuehrer.
- 3) SA - All officers down to and including the rank of Sturmabfuhrer,
- 4) HJ - All officers down to and including the rank of Bannfuehrer and equivalents in the BDM and all members of the "Schnellkommandos" (HJ-Streifendienst) under the control of the SS, who were born prior to 1 January 1919).

- 5) NSKK - All officers down to and including the rank of Standartenfuehrer,
- 6) NSFK - All officers down to and including the rank of Standartenfuehrer.
- 7) NS-Deutscher Studentenbund - All executive office holders of the Reichsstudentenfuehrung and the Gaustudentenfuehrungen.
- 8) NS-Dozentenbund - All executive office holders at Reich and Gau levels.
- 9) NS-Frauensschaft - All executive office holders at Reich and Gau levels.

F, Affiliated Organisations of the NSDAP ■

- 1) Deutsche Arbeitsfront
 - a) All executive officials of the DAF in the Central Office of the DAF.
 - b) All executive officials of the DAF in the Kreis-hauptarbeitsgebieten I, II, III and IV.
 - c) All members of the Oberster Ehren- und Disziplinarhof.
 - d) All executive officials of the DAF-Gauverwaltung Auslandsorganisation.
- 2) NS-Volkswohlfahrt - All executive office holders down to and including the Department Heads at Reich level.
- 3) NS-Kriegsopferversorgung - 411 office holders down to and including the Department Heads at Reich level.
- 4) NS-Bund Deutscher Technik - All office holders down to and including the Department Heads at Reich level.
- 5) Reichsbund der Deutschen Beamten - All office holders down to and including the Department Heads at Reich and Gau levels.
- 6) NS-Deutscher Aerztebund - All office holders down to and including the Department Heads at Reich and Gau levels.
- 7) NS-Lehrerbund - All office holders down to and including Department Heads at Reich and Gau levels.

- 8) NS-Rechtswahrerbund - All office holders down to and including Department Heads at Reich and Gau levels,

G Supervised Organizations of the NSDAP.

- 1) NS-Altherrenbund - All members of the Fuehrerkreis down to Gau level.
- 2) Reichsbund Deutscher Familie - All executive office holders at Reich level.
- 3) Deutscher Gemeindetag - Executive office holders of the Deutscher Gemeindetag.
- 4) NS-Reichsbund fuer Leibesuebungen - Reichssportfuehrer and all Sportbereichsfuehrer.

H. Other Nazi Organizations.

- 1) Reichsarbeitsdienst (RAD) - All officers down to and including the rank of Oberstarbeitsfuehrer as far as men are concerned, and down to and including the rank of Stabsoberfuehrerin as far as women are concerned.
- 2) Reichskolonialbund - All executive officials of the Colonial Political Office in the Reichsleitung of the NSDAP.
- 3) Volksbund fuer das Deutschtum im Ausland (VDA) - All officials in Reich and Gau Offices since 1935 within Germany and all Volksgruppenfuehrer and Landesgruppenfuehrer outside Germany.
- 4) NS-Reichskriegerbund (Kyffhaeuserbund) - All officials down to and including the Gaukriegerfuehrer.
- 5) Reichskulturkammern - All presidents, vicepresidents and managers. All members of the Reichskulturrat, of the Reichskultursenat and Praesidialraete..
- 6) Deutscher Fichtebund - All executive officials.
- 7) Reichssicherheitsdienst - All officials down to and including the rank of Dienststellenleiter.

I The Nazi Party Decorations .

- 1) NS-Blutorden - (Of 9 November 1923) - All holders,

- 2) Badge of honor for members under Number 100 000 (Golden Party Badge) - All holders, .
- 3) NSDAP - Service-Medals - All holders of Class I (25 years of service).

K. Government Officials;

Note: The classifications indicated apply only to those persons who were appointed to any of the positions listed after 30 January 1933, or who were incumbents in such positions on that date who survived the successive Nazi purges which followed.

- 1) All political officials including Reichsminister, Staatsminister, Staatssekretäre, Reichsstatthalter and Oberpraesidenten and officials, leaders, deputies or commissioners of a corresponding rank,
- 2) All former German ambassadors since 30 January 1933.
- 3) All officials down to and including the rank of Ministerialdirektor in Reich offices or of an equally high rank in Government offices which existed before 30 January 1933; all officials down to and including Ministerialrat in, Reich or Government offices which were created after 30 January 1933 for the fulfilment of new tasks and also in those which had been established in countries and territories formerly occupied or ruled by Germany.
- 4) All officials who occupied one of the following positions since 1934.
 - a) Reichsbevollmaechtigter , Sonderbevollmaechtigter ,
 - b) Reichskommissar,
 - c) Generalkommissar ,
 - d) Generalinspekteur,
 - e) Beauftragter and Wehrkreisbeauftragter,
 - f) Reichstreuhaender der Arbeit , Sondertreuhaender der Arbeit,
 - g) Generalreferenten.

L. The German Armed Forces and Militarists.

- 1) NS-Fuehrungsoffiziere - All full-time NS-Fuehrungsoffiziere down to and including division in the OKW, OKH, OKM and OKL.
- 2) General Staff Officers - All officers of the German General Staff who since 4 February 1938 belonged to the Wehrmachtfuehrungsstab of the OKW, OKH, OKM, or OKL.
- 3) Heads and Deputy Heads of Military and Civil Administration of countries and territories formerly occupied by Germany.
- 4) All former officers of the Freikorps "Schwarze Reichswehr".

M. Private Business and Professions.

- 1) Wehrwirtschaftsfuehrer - All "Wehrwirtschaftsfuehrer" who were appointed after 1 January 1942.
- 2) Wirtschaftskammern (Economic Chambers) - All executives and deputy executives of Reichs- and Gauwirtschaftskammern.
- 3) Reichsgruppen der Gewerblichen Wirtschaft (Reich Groups of Trade and Industry) - All chairmen, presidents and deputy executives,
- 4) Reichsverkehrsgruppen (Reich Traffic Groups) - All chairmen, presidents and deputy executives,
- 5) Wirtschaftsgruppen (Economic Groups) - All chairmen, presidents and deputy executives at Reich level.
- 6) Reichsvereinigungen (Reich Associations) - All chairmen, presidents and deputy executives.
- 7) Werberat der Deutschen Wirtschaft (Advertising Council of German Economy) - All presidents and managing directors,
- 8) Reichskommissare (Reich Commissioners) - All those responsible for raw material and industrial supply.

N. Jurists,

- 1) President and Vicepresident of the Academy of German Law;
- 2) Commanders and all fulltime executives of the Gemeinschaftslager Hanns Kerrl;
- 3) All judges, the Oberreichsanwalt and all public prosecutors as well as the office manager of the Volksgerichtshof;
- 4) All judges, public prosecutors and officials of the Party, SS and SA courts;
- 5) President and Vicepresident of the Reichsjustizpruefungsamt;
- 6) Presidents of the
 - a) Reichsgericht
 - b) Reichsarbeitsgericht
 - c) Reichserbhofgericht
 - d) Reichserbgesundheitsgericht
 - e) Reichsfinanzhof
 - f) Reichsverwaltungsgericht
 - g) Reichschrergerichtshof
 - h) Reichsrechtsanwaltskammer
 - i) Reichsnotarkammer
 - j) Reichspotentanwaltskammer
 - k) Reichskammer der Wirtschaftspruefer.
- 7) Presidents of the Oberlandesgerichte who were appointed after 31 December 1938.
- 8) Oberreichsanwaelte, Reichsanwaelte and Generalstaatsanwaelte, of the Oberlandesgerichte appointed after 31 March 1933.

- 9) Vicepresidents of the
 - a) Reichsarbeitsgericht
 - b) Reichserbhofgericht
 - c) Reichserbgesundheitsgericht
 - d) Reichsverwaltungsgericht.

- 10) Chairmen

- a) of the Sondersenat of the Reichsgericht
- b) Personalreferenten of the Reichsjustizministerium.

0. Other Groups of Persons

- 1) War Criminals .
- 2) All persons who have denounced opponents of National Socialism or who have in any way contributed to their arrest or who have induced or used force against political or religious opponents of the National Socialistic tyranny .
- 3) Commissioned officers of Stosstrupps and Werkscharen within business establishments.
- 4) Rectors of universities and chairmen of the board of curators, heads of teacher's training colleges and heads of institutions of university level since 1934 insofar as they have been members of the NSDAP or its formations and all such persons appointed since 1938 irrespective of Party affiliation.

PART II

The following is a list of categories of persons who, because of the character of the crimes allegedly committed by them, shown in Article 3, paragraphs A, B and C, of Part II of this Directive will be carefully investigated and, if the results of the investigation necessitate a trial, must be brought to trial as offenders and punished if found guilty.

A. The German Secret Service including Abwehraemter (military intelligence offices)

- 1) All officers and other personnel of the RSHA, its organizations and offices directly supervised by RSHA, if not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 2) All officials of the Geheime Feldpolizei who are not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 3) All persons who since 30 January 1933 were engaged in their countries by the German Secret Service including Abwehr or any other organization or branch under the control or supervision of the German Secret Service.

B. The Security Police (Sipo)

- 1) All persons who have been members of the Grenzpolizei since 1 June 1937, if not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 2) All officials of the Criminal Police down to and including the rank of the Kriminalkommissar if not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 3) All executive officials of the Mail Censor Offices (Briefpruefungsstellen) if not included in the category of Major Offender.

C. The Ordnungspolizei (Orpo)

- 1) All commissioned police officers (Schutzpolizei, Gendarmerie, Wasserschutzpolizei, Luftschutzpolizei, Technische Nothilfe, Feuerschutzpolizei, Verwaltungspolizei, Kolonialpolizei, Sonderpolizei, Hilfspolizei) who were promoted after 30 January 1933 or who, whether promoted or not, remained in office after 31 December 1937 in spite of successive purges.

1941

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 The first of the year was a very busy one for the
 office. We had a number of new clients and
 on Jan 1st we had a meeting with the
 committee to discuss the new regulations.

On Jan 15th we had a meeting with the
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 The meeting was very productive and we
 decided to start the new regulations on
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 The meeting was very productive and we
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 Feb 1st.

On Feb 25th we had a meeting with the
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 The meeting was very productive and we
 decided to start the new regulations on
 Feb 1st.

On Feb 28th we had a meeting with the
 committee to discuss the new regulations.
 The meeting was very productive and we
 decided to start the new regulations on
 Feb 1st.

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- 2) All commissioned police officers who have served as such at any time in one of the territories formerly occupied by Germany in any fighting formation (Einsatzgruppe or Einsatzkommando) or the Sipo or the SD.
- 3) All members of the Verwaltungspolizei who had been assigned to Gestapo and SD.

D. The NSDAP

- 1) All office holders and officials of the NSDAP (salaried and honorary posts) down to the lowest rank in the party offices (main and subordinate offices) as well as institutions and academies which were founded by the NSDAP.
- 2) All members of the Corps of Politics, Leaders who are not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 3) All members of the "Reichstagsfraktion" of the NSDAP who are not included in the category of Major Offender,
- 4) All members of the NSDAP who joined prior to 1 May 1937.
- 5) All members of the NSDAP who after 4 years of service with the "Hitler-Jugend" and after having reached the age of 18 had been selected for admission into the Party,
- 6) All members of the NSDAP regardless of the entrance date who were members of the following organizations:
 - a) Reichspressekammer
 - b) Reichsrundfunkkammer
 - a) Deutsche Akademie Muenchen
 - d) Deutsche Christenbewegung
 - e) Deutsche Glaubensbewegung
 - f) Institut zur Erforschung der Judenfrage
 - g) Kameradschaft USA.
 - h) Osteuropaeisches Institut (seit 1935)
 - i) Staatsakademie fuer Rassen- und Gesundheitspflege.

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- 7) All regular officers of the "Wehrmacht" who became members of the NSDAP including such officers who were members of the NSDAP before entering the Wehrmacht but who did not thereafter sever their connections with the NSDAP.
- 8) All executive officials of the *Reich* Food Estate (Reichsnahrstand) who are not included in the category of Major Offender, and executives of its "Regierungsforstaemter".

E. The Organization of the NSDAP

- 1) Waffen SS - All members not included in the category of Major Offender (except those who were conscripted into this organization unless they were promoted to Unteroffizier after their induction); the personnel of the concentration camps insofar as they are not included in the category of Major Offender,
- 2) Allgemeine SS and its other Organizations - All members not included in the category of Major Offender, including sponsoring members (foerdernde Mitglieder) who joined as such after 31 December 1938, or who in case of prior joining paid fees of more than RM 10,- per month or who made any other substantial contribution to the SS.
- 3) SA - All officers down to and including the rank of Unteroffizier insofar as they have served in the SA in this capacity, if not included in the category of Major Offender, as well as members who joined the SA before 1 April 1933.
- 4) HJ and BDM - All officers not included in the category of Major Offender down to and including confirmed full-time non-commissioned officers. All officers of the HJ and the Deutsches Jungvolk in the field of education and information and all members of the "Schnellkommandos" (HJ-Streifendienst) under the control of the SS, who were born after 1 January 1919.
Note: See Appendix "A", Part I, Section E para 4) regarding major offenders for comparison with this section regarding offenders.
- 5) NSKK - All officers down to and including the rank of Sturmfuehrer, if not included in the category of Major Offender.

- 6) NSFK - All officers down to and including the rank of Sturmfuhrer, if not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 7) NS-Deutscher Studentenbund - All office holders, if not included in the category of Major Offender,
- 8) NS-Dozentenbund - All office holders, if not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 7) NS-Frauenschaft - All office holders down to and including Block-Frauenschaftsleiterin, if not included in the category of Major Offender,

F. Affiliated Organizations of the NSDAP

- 1) Deutsche Arbeitsfront including "Kraft durch Freude".
 - a) All office holders not included in the category of Major Offender.
 - b) All executive office holders of the Arbeitswissenschaftliches Institut.
 - c) All Betriebsobmaenner, Betriebswarte and Betriebswarter in enterprises of the DAF.
- 2) NS-Volkswohlfahrt - All office holders not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 3) NS-Kriegsopferversorgung - All office holders not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 4) NS-Bund Deutscher Technik - All office holders not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 5) Reichsbund der Deutschen Beamten - All office holders not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 6) NS-Deutscher Aerztebund - All office holders not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 7) Reichsbund Deutscher Schwestern - NS-Schwestern (brown nurses) - All office holders.
- 8) NS-Lehrerbund - All office holders not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 9) NS-Rechtswahrbund - All office holders not included in the category of Major Offender.

G Supervised Organizations of; the NSDAP

- 1) NS-Altherrenbund - All office holders not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 2) Reichsbund Deutscher Familie - All office holders not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 3) Deutscher Gemeindetag - All office holders not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 4) NS-Reichsbund fuer Leibesuebungen - All office holders not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 5) All office holders of the following organizations:
 - a) Deutsches Frauenwerk
 - b) Deutsche Studentenschaft
 - c) Deutscher Dozentenbund
 - d) Reichsdozentenchaft
 - e) Deutsche Jaegerschaft

H. Other Nazi Organizations

- 1) Reichsarbeitsdienst (RAD) - All officers down to and including the rank of "Feldmeister" of the male unit and "Maidenfuehrerin" of the female unit insofar as they are not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 2) Reichskolonialbund - All office holders since 1 January 1935 if not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 3) Volksbund fuer dns Deutschtum im Ausland - All office holders appointed since 1 January 1935 if not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 4) NS-Reichskriegerbund (Kyffhaeuserbund) - All executive officials down to and including the Kreis level,
- 5) Reichskulturkammern etc. and subordinate offices and branches (Reichsschrifttumskammern, Reichspressekammer, Reichsrundfunkkammer). All office holders if not included in the category of Major Offender.

- 6) Deutscher Fichtebund - All members if not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 7) Reichssicherheitsdienst - All members if not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 8) All office holders of the following institutes:
 - a) Institut zur Erforschung der Judenfrage
 - b) Weltdienst
 - c) Deutsche Akademie Muenchen
 - d) Staatsakademie fuer Rassen- und Gesundheitspflege
 - e) Amerika-Institut
 - f) Osteuropaeisches Institut
 - g) Ibero-Amerikanisches Institut
 - h) Deutsches Auslands-Institut

I. The Nazi Party Decorations

- 1) Coburg Badge - All holders.
- 2) Nuremberg Party Meeting Badge of 1929 - All holders.
- 3) Badge of the SA-Nesting Braunschweig of 1931 - All holders.
- 4) Golden HJ Badge (Golden Hitler Youth Badge) - All holders.
- 5) NSDAP Service Medals - All holders if not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 6) Gau Ehrenzeichen of the NSDAP (The Gau Badges of honor) - All holders,

K. Government officials

- 1) All officials of the Foreign Office (Embassies, Legations, General Consulates, Consulates and Missions) in the rank of a Ministerialrat or in the position of an attache.

- 2) All officials in higher positions who had been promoted to such offices otherwise than by normal advancement after 1 April 1933 and without having professional qualifications.
 - 3) All officials who occupied the following positions since 1934:
 - a) Bevollmaechtigter
 - b) Inspekteur
 - c) Trustees of Labor and of other fields and their deputies
 - d) Kommissar
 - e) Deputies of the holders of titles and positions included in the category of Major Offender,
 - f) Reichseinsatzingenieure and Arbeitseinsatzingenieure.
 - g) Obmann including Ruestungsobmann.
 - 4) All members of the German Reichstag or of the Prussian Staatsrat since 1 January 1934
 - 5) All officials of the Reichsministerium for Public Information and Propaganda and executives of its Regional offices and auxiliary offices down to and including Kreis level, as well as all employees of Nazi offices who participated in political propaganda in word or script.
 - 6) The officials in the Hoehere Dienst of the Reichsministerium for Armament and War Production, Kirchenministerium, the Gauwohnungskommissare and their deputies.
 - 7) Oberfinanzpraesidenten.
 - 8) Regierungspraesidenten, Landraete und Buergelmeister.
- L. The German Armed Forces and Militarists.
- 1) NS-Fuehrungsoffiziere - All officers, regardless of whether they were professional or reserve officers, not included in the category of Major Offender,

- 2) General Staff Officers - All officers serving as General Staff Officers since 4 February 1938 not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 3) All military and civilian officials with special authority, including heads and deputies of any functional or regional divisions in the military or civil administration of occupied countries and territories, as well as executive officials of RUK (Armament and war production) except those included in the category of Major Offender.
- 4) All officials of the Rzw Material Trade Association (Rohstoffhandels-gesellschaft).
- 5) Military Commanders and their deputies in cities and townships.
- 6) Die Wehrmacht - All regular officers of the Deutsche Wehrmacht down to and including the rank of Generalmajor or equivalent rank, provided they were promoted to this rank after 1 June 1936, and all Wehrmacht officials down to the professional rank of Oberst.
- 7) Organisation Todt (OT), Transportgruppe Speer - All officers down to and including the rank of "Einsatzleiter".
- 8) All members of the training staffs and executive officials of the War academies and Kadettenanstalten.
- 9) All professors, speakers and authors in the field of military science since 1933.
- 10) All members of the Schwarze Reichswehr and all members of the Freikorps who became members of the NSDAP insofar as they are not included in the category of Major Offender.

M. Private Business and Professions

- 1) Wehrwirtschaftsfuehrer - All Wehrwirtschaftsfuehrer appointed by the Ministry of Economics not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 2) Wirtschaftskammern - All executive officials of Economic Chambers not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 3) Reichsgruppen der gewerblichen Wirtschaft - All executive officials of the groups, main committees, special committees, main rings and special rings,

- 4) Reichsverkehrsgruppen - All executive officials of Transportation Groups.
- 5) Wirtschaftsgruppen - All executive officials of Economic Groups.
- 6) Reichsvereinigungen (Reich Associations) - All executive officials of the Reichsvereinigungen, including department heads and chairmen, deputies, managers of the main committees special committees, main rings and special rings.
- 7) Werberat der Deutschen Wirtschaft (Advertising Council of German Economy) - All executive officials not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 8) Policy making officials of the Reich Allocation Offices (Reichstellen) and subordinate allocation offices (Bewirtschaftungsstellen).
- 9) Business enterprises including financial institutions in which the Reich, the NSDAP, or any of its formations or affiliated organizations had at any time since 1 April 1933 an interest representing actual or working control - All presidents, members of the boards of supervisors or directors, managing directors and managers.
- 10) I. Private enterprises in industry, trade, commerce, handicraft, agriculture and forestry, banking, insurance, transportation, etc. :-

Enterprises which because of capital invested, the number of their employees, the kind of production, or for any other reason are, of themselves, important and essential:-

All proprietors, owners and leaseholders, partners, including shareholders holding a share of more than 25%, chairmen of the executive or supervisory boards, or other persons having a decisive influence on the management, insofar as such persons were members of the NSDAP or of any of its formations, or, without having been members, owed their position to their connections with the NSDAP.

II. Non profit enterprises and charitable institutions :

Enterprises which are of great importance because of their size of activity.

All executives, business managers, members of boards of directors and of boards of supervisors, advisers and other persons who have a decisive influence on the

business management or perform any supervisory function, insofar as they were members of the NSDAP or of any of its formations, or, without having been members, owed their position to their connections with the NSDAP,

- 11) Professions (Physicians, lawyers, pharmacists, architects, engineers, artists, authors, journalists and so on):
- a) All executives, members of boards of directors; business managers, executive employees and members of the chambers of professional and social agencies including the court of honor, and all councillors admitted to practice before the Party courts, SA or SS courts.
 - b) Other members of professions who by reason of their membership in the NSDAP or of any of its formations derived special advantages.

N. Jurists

- 1) Managers and Treasurers of the Akademie fuer Deutsches Recht (Academy for German Law).
- 2) Chairmen, other regular judges and the regular executives of the public prosecutors office of special courts.
- 3) Chairmen, judges and public prosecutors of military courts (Standgerichte).
- 4) Presidents and Vicepresidents
 - a) of the Reichspatentamt
 - b) of the Reichsversicherungsamt and the Reichsversorgungsgesamt
 - c) of the Landeserbhofgericht in Celle.
- 5) Vicepresidents and Senatspresidents of the Reichsgericht who were appointed after 31 December 1938, and regular members of the Oberster Dienststrafsenat of the Reichsgericht.

- 6) Vicepresidents
 - a) of the Reichserbgesundheitsgericht
 - b) of the Reichsfinanzhof
 - c) of the Reichsrechtsanwaltskammer
 - d) of the Reichsnotarkammer
 - e) of the Reichspatentanwaltskammer
 - f) of the Reichskammer fuer Wirtschaftspruefer,
and all regular members of the Oberste Ehrengerichtshoefe
for lawyers, patent attorneys, notaries and Wirtschaftspruefer.
- 7) Presidents of the Oberlandesgerichte and Generalstaatsanwaelte if not included in the category of Major Offender and Vicepresidents of the Oberlandesgerichte.
- 8) Presidents of the Dienststrafkammern for judicial officials.
- 9) Presidents of the Landgerichte.
- 10) Oberstaatsanwaelte of the Landgerichte.
- 11) Personalreferenten of the courts.
- 12) Full-time executives and regular members of the Pruefungsstellen of the Reichsjustizpruefungsamt.
- 13) President of the Rechtsanwaltskammer^{er}, Notarkammer and Patentanwaltskammer in the districts of the Oberlandesgerichte.
- 14) Presidents and Vicepresidents
 - a) of the Fideikommissgericht
 - b) of the Schiffahrtsobergericht
 - c) of the Oberpreisenhof.

- 15) Presidents and Vicepresidents and regular members of the Courts of Honor of the free professions at Reich and Gau level.

0. Other Groups of Persons

- 1) NCO's of Stosstrupps and Werkscharen within business establishments.
- 2) Persons who held the office of Vertrauenslehrer or Jugendwarter in any type of school.
- 3) Rectors of universities and chairmen of the board of curators, heads of teacher's training colleges and heads of institutions of university level appointed since 1934 if not included in the category of Major Offender.
- 4) All other persons who have propagated the National Socialistic or Fascistic "world philosophy".
- 5) Persons who after 1 April 1933 have applied for or adopted German nationality or acquired same in a way other than by annexation laws or by marriage or adoption.

PART III

The following is a list of categories of persons who will be carefully investigated and, if there is evidence of guilt in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs I and II of Article 4 of this Directive, will be charged as lesser offenders and punished if found guilty:

- 1) Applicants for membership in the SS or its formations;
- 2) Members of SA after 1 April 1933;
- 3) Members of HJ or BDM prior to 25 March 1939;
- 4) NCO's of RAD of a rank below Feldmeister or Maidenfuehrerin;
- 5) Members of NSDAP after 1 May 1937 and all Applicants for membership in the NSDAP;
- 6) Persons who were officials in the field of education or press who received extraordinarily rapid promotion after 1 May 1933;
- 7) Persons who have profited by acceptance or transfer of property incidental to the spoliation of formerly occupied territories, "Aryanizing" or confiscation of property on political, religious or racial grounds;
- 8) Persons who have been employed in policy-making or executive positions in the Military or civilian administration of formerly occupied areas;
- 9) Persons who have made substantial contributions to the Party;
- 10) Members of political parties or organizations in Germany which supported the seizure of power by the NSDAP, such as the Tannenbergbund, Altdeutscher Verband;
- 11) Leading officials of the German Red Cross, particularly those who were appointed after 1 January 1933;
- 12) Members of the Deutsche Christenbewegung and Deutsche Glaubensbewegung;
- 13) Members of the NSKK, NSFK, NSDStB, NSDoB, and NSF;

- 14) Holders of the Spanish Cross, of the Austrian, the Sudetendeutsche and the Memel Commemoration Medal, of the Danzig Cross, of the SA-Wehrsportabzeichen, of the Merit Medal of RAD;
- 15) Parents or guardians who expressed consent for the education of their children in Nationalpolitische Erziehungsanstalten, Adolf-Hitler-Schulen and Ordenschulen;
- 16) Persons, who gained financial advantages through the NSDAP;
- 17) Persons who due to National Socialistic influence escaped military service or active combat duty;
- 18) Employees of important enterprises in trade, industry, agriculture or finance with the title Generaldirektor, Direktor, President, Vicepresident, Geschaeftsfuehrer, Betriebsleiter, and all members of the Board of Directors, the chairmen and deputy chairmen of the Board of Supervision, Chief engineers and Oberingenieure in so far as they were policy-making technical personnel, and all persons with power to hire and fire employees.

CONTROL COUNCILDirective No. 40Policy to be Followed by German Politicians and the German Press

THE CONTROL COUNCIL DIRECTS AS FOLLOWS:

1. With due consideration to the necessity for maintaining military security, the German democratic parties and the German press shall be allowed to discuss freely German political problems. Comments on the policy of the Occupying Powers in Germany are allowed. The publication in the German press of factual information on world events, including informative articles taken from the foreign press, is also allowed.

2. Members of German political parties and the German press must refrain from all statements and from the publication or reproduction of articles which:

- a) contribute towards the spreading of nationalistic, pan-Germanic, militarist, fascist or anti-democratic ideas;
- b) spread rumors aimed at disrupting unity amongst the Allies, or which cause distrust and a hostile attitude on the part of the German people towards any of the Occupying Powers;
- c) embody criticism directed against the decisions of the

3. Offenders will be prosecuted for any breach of this Directive.

Done at Berlin, on the 12th day of October 1946

R. NOIRET, General de Division

P. A. KUROCHKIN, Colonel General

LUCIUS D. CLAY, Lieutenant General

G. W. E. J. ERSKINE, Major General
for B.H. ROBERTSON, Lieutenant General

CORC/P(46)315 (Final)

NOTE: The Coordinating Committee fixed the date of release of Directive No. 40 to the German Press as 14 October, 1946 at 1600 hours.

CONTROL COUNCILDIRECTIVE No. 41Increase of Wages in the Coal Mining Industry

THE CONTROL COUNCIL DIRECTS AS FOLLOWS:

1. The average level of wages in all coal production areas will be increased by not more than 20% in order that the coal mining wages shall not be less than those in the metal, chemical or building industries.
2. The average level of wages of underground workers shall be at least 15% to 20% higher than the average level of wages of surface workers and the average wage of face workers shall be higher than the average wage of underground workers,
3. The percentage of increase in the wages of apprentices shall be definitely higher than the percentage of increase in the wages of adult workers.
4. Trade Unions and representatives of the Mines Management are permitted to conduct negotiations and conclude tariff agreements in accordance with the provisions of the above paragraphs.
5. The new rates of pay will come into force before 1 December 1946.

Done at Berlin, on the 17 day of October 1946,

R. NOIRET
General de Division

P. A. KUROCHKIN
Colonel General

for C. K. GALLEY, Brig. General
LUCIUS D. CLAY
Lieutenant General

for N. C. D. BROWNJOHN, Major General
B. H. ROBERTSON,
Lieutenant General

CORC/P(46)333 Final

COORDINATING COMMITTEE

Clarification of the Policy to be Followed in
Regard to the Return of Refugees to their Former
Place of Residence in Germany

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1. The attached paper is submitted with a view to settling a divergence of opinion which had arisen with the Prisoners of War and Displaced Persons Directorate concerning the intentions of the Coordinating Committee regarding the return to Germany of Germans formerly domiciled in one of the Four Occupation Zones.

2. The Soviet Delegate was of the opinion that Conclusion (115 F) of CORC/M(45)9 did not apply to Germans now living outside Germany; whereas the U.S., British and French Delegates had always considered that in the opinion of the Coordinating Committee this decision applied to all Germans who had their former domicile in Occupied Germany, regardless of their present location. It is possible that this situation arose owing to a difference in the translation of the first sentence of Conclusion (115 F) of CORC/M(45)9. In effect, the English and French versions read: "Germans 'domiciled' in Germany", while the Russian version has: "Germans 'now living' in Germany".

3. With a view to clarifying the policy to be followed in dealing with the whole problem of the return of German refugees to their former place of residence in Germany:

- a) The French, U.S. and British Delegations on the Prisoners of War and Displaced Persons Directorate propose that the principles contained in Paragraph 5 of the attached paper be approved;
- b) The Soviet Delegate could only give his agreement to Paragraph 5 subject to the inclusion of the amendment which he proposed in Paragraph 6.

4. This paper is submitted for decision after consideration by the Coordinating Committee at its eighty-Fourth Meeting on 17 October 1946.

J. L. BAUDIET, Consul General
A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major
H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel
K. G. EXHAM, Brigadier

Allied Secretariat.

CORC/P(46)325

COORDINATING COMMITTEEClarification of the Policy Concerning the
Return of Refugees to their Places of Former
Residence in Germany.

1. On 22nd September 1945, at its NINTH MEETING, the Coordinating Committee considered the broad question of control of population movements. After hearing several rapporteurs and after discussions concerning refugees in Germany and other countries, the Coordinating Committee decided, according to the English and French languages text, that those Germans who have a domicile in Germany but are now displaced from Germany should be returned to their homes, but according to the Russian language text this decision reads: "that Germans who are living in Germany, but are displaced persons, will be returned to their former domiciles". (Conclusion 115 F) CORC/M(45)9). It was further decided that such transfers should take place at points and at rates agreed by each Zone Commander.

2. At the SIXTY-THIRD MEETING of the Coordinating Committee held on the 8th July 1946, a further consideration of this problem of returning German refugees now outside Germany to their former homes led to a decision that the Directorate of Prisoners of War and Displaced Persons should obtain all necessary information from the countries concerned, and based on that information prepare a provisional plan for submission to the Coordinating Committee for approval, (Conclusion (388) CORC/M(46)34).

3. The Directorate of Prisoners of War and Displaced Persons now finds itself in a predicament where the Soviet Member interprets the Coordinating Committee decisions so as to prohibit any one Zone Commander from accepting any German refugees from outside Germany into his respective zone until the provisional plan, as directed, is approved by the Coordinating Committee, while the British, French and United States Members of the Directorate interpret the decision as to require a plan being submitted for all such persons as may become known to the Allied Control Authority for Germany, but at the same time permitting each Zone Commander to accept from countries outside Germany, Germans who formerly had a domicile in his occupied Zone of Germany to return to it at such time as the Zone Commander considers propitious.

4. In view of both the situations described above and the most recent decision of the Coordinating Committee (Conclusion (483), CORC/M(46)44), instructing the Directorate to study the whole

population transfer problem, the Directorate of Prisoners of War and Displaced Persons requests that the Coordinating Committee approve the recommendations made in the following paragraph in order to clarify one of the important policies bearing on a comprehensive study of the whole problem.

5. The Directorate requests that the following principle be approved; that Germans, who formerly were bonafide residents of what is now one of the Four Occupied Zones of Germany, and who fled from their homes because of war, shall be permitted to return to their normal place of former residence at times and at rates established by the Commander of the zone to which such persons wish to return, regardless of where these German refugees may now be living. In the application of this principle there shall be no interference with the implementation of the plan of resettling Germans from Austria, Hungary, Czechoslovakia and Poland according to the plan of the Control Council dated 20th November 1945, and with the exchange between the Four Occupied Zones, of refugees and discharged ex-Wehrmacht members.

6. In forwarding this letter the Soviet Member of the Directorate could not agree to paragraph 5 above unless the word "provided" was substituted for the words "it is understood" in line 7 of the English text.

Approved at Berlin 17 October 1946

CORC/P(46)325

COORDINATING COMMITTEEReparations Progress Report

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1. During its 74th meeting on 17 September 1946, the Economic Directorate decided to submit to the Coordinating Committee, after agreement by the Permanent Reparations Secretariat, the attached report on the progress of reparations.

2. The Economic Directorate informs the Coordinating Committee that it has examined a list of about 800 plants recommended as available for reparations in the field of machinery and optics.

3. The Economic Directorate requests the Coordinating Committee to authorize the valuation commissions, until the final list and the agreement on the capacities are drawn up, to proceed with the valuation of plants in the above-mentioned fields of industry, which have been reported by the Commanders of the Zones concerned.

4. This paper is submitted to the Coordinating Committee for approval at its 84th meeting. *)

J. I. BAUDLER, Consul General

A. A. KUDRIATSEV, Major

H. A. GEHARDE, Colonel

K. G. LAHM, Brigadier

Allied Secretariat

CORC/P(46)327

*) see page 55

13 October 1946

CORC/M(46)55

COORDINATING COMMITTEEMINUTES

(Meeting of 17 October 1946)

588. REPARATIONS PROGRESS REPORT

The Meeting considered CORC/P(46)327.

THE MEETING:

- (588) (a) authorized the Reparations, Deliveries and Restitutions Directorate to proceed immediately with the valuation of the 800 machinery and optics plants referred to in CORC/P(46)327;
- (b) agreed to defer to its next Meeting the question of notification which had been raised by General KUROCHKIN.

COORDINATING COMMITTEEReparations Progress ReportStatus of Reparations Plants

1. The FIRST consolidated list of 414 plants has been approved by the Coordinating Committee for evaluation only, except for the 75 plants included on this list that comprise the First and Second Advanced lists of Reparations. While this list represents mainly war plants, it also includes some plants in the shipbuilding, chemical and electric power and other miscellaneous industries.

2. The SECOND consolidated list of 167 plants has been approved by the Coordinating Committee for evaluation only. This list includes the 17.6 million tons of steel capacity, the removals from the cement industry, a number of plants from aircraft, munitions and a few other miscellaneous industries.

3. The THIRD consolidated list of 109 plants includes:

- (a) the 88 non-ferrous metal plants (3 of which were on the Advanced list) which have been approved by the Coordinating Committee for evaluation and for notification to IARA and the Soviet Union for expressions of interest.
- (b) the 21 plants from the Armament and Prohibited Synthetic Industries which have been confirmed by the Economic Directorate but have not been approved by the Coordinating Committee.

4. The Basic Chemicals and Dyestuffs Plants have been confirmed by the Economic Directorate but have not yet been approved by the Coordinating Committee. The industry specialists found it advisable to retain a part and to remove a part of the plants in these industries. There are 27 plants involved.

5. The 814 plants in the Machinery and Optics Industries have been recommended by the Industry Committee and are currently being considered by the Economic Directorate. These

industries include machine tools, heavy and light engineering, transportation, electrical equipment, optics and fine mechanics.

6. The 110 Electric Power Plants have been confirmed by the Economic Directorate and are being submitted to the Coordinating Committee for approval.

7. There remain the Pharmaceutical, Plastics and other Miscellaneous Chemical Plants, which are at various stages in the Industry and Sub-Committee levels.

8. Recapitulation of action taken by the Coordinating Committee:

- (a) The plants on the First Consolidated list have been approved by the Coordinating Committee for evaluation only, with the exception of the 75 plants that were on the First and Second Advanced lists which have been allocated.
- (b) The Coordinating Committee approved the Second Consolidated list, which includes the steel and cement industries, for evaluation only.
- (c) The Coordinating Committee approved the Non-Ferrous Metals Plants, which are on the Third Consolidated list, for evaluation and notification to IARA and the Soviet Union for expressions of interest. The plants from miscellaneous industries other than non-ferrous metals in the Third Consolidated list have not been acted upon by the Coordinating Committee.

12 October 1946

COORDINATING COMMITTEETABLE 1 to
COWC/P(46)327RECAPITULATION

<u>Title of list</u>	<u>Number of Plants</u>
A. <u>Advanced lists #1 and #2</u> (<u>COWC/P(45)183 and COWC/P(46)116</u>)	75
B. <u>Consolidated list, Part I</u> (<u>DECO/P(46)183</u>) The 75 plants in the advanced lists #1 and #2 plus..	339
C. <u>Consolidated list, Part II</u> (<u>DECO/P(46)194</u>)	167
D. <u>Consolidated list, Part III</u> (<u>DECO/P(45)273 2nd Revise</u>) (This figure does not include 19 Non-Ferrous Plants listed in consolidated list, Part I)	90
*Total	671

*Note: All except 21 plants in the total have been approved
by the Coordinating Committee.

12 October

TABLE 'B' to
CORC/P(46)327COORDINATING COMMITTEESTATUS OF PLANTS ON FIRST AND SECONDADVANCED LISTS (CORC/P(46)183 -CORC/P(46)116)

	Number of Plants in First and Second Advanced Lists	Number of Plants Finally Evaluated
TOTAL	75	41
U. S. Zone	24	22
British Zone	39	19
French Zone	12	0

12 October 1946

TABLE "C" to
CORC/P(46)327

COORDINATING COMMITTEE

FIRST CONSOLIDATED LIST - BY INDUSTRIES AND ZONES

(DECO/P(45)183)

130	.....	U.S. zone
261	.....	British zone
23	.....	French Zone

414 Total

Total	ZONES		
	U.S.	U.K.	FR.
150	60	85	5
117	35	78	4

	Total	U.S.	U.K.	FR.
A. AIRCRAFT	150	60	85	5
B. MUNITIONS Shell, bombs, grenades, mines, fuses, detonators, small arms, pyrotechnics, propellents, shell filling plants	117	35	78	4
C. ARMAMENTS Heavy guns, tanks, etc.	17	1	15	1
D. SHIPBUILDING Vessels, submarines, dockyards, parts, and fittings	22	2	20	0
E. CHEMICAL	14	7	5	2
F. MACHINERY AND OPTICS	17	1	15	1
G. SYNTHETIC OIL, GAS, AND RUBBER	12	0	12	0
H. METALS	21	6	9	6
I. POWER PLANTS	4	4	0	0
J. MISCELLANEOUS	40	14	22	4
TOTAL	<u>*414</u>	<u>130</u>	<u>261</u>	<u>23</u>

* This total includes 6 plants in the British zone which have been cancelled as having no value (CIRD/P(46)221), such withdrawal having not yet been confirmed - DECO/P(46)32.

12 October 1946

TABLE "D" to
CORE/P(46)327COORDINATING COMMITTEESECOND CONSOLIDATED LIST - BY INDUSTRIES
AND ZONES (DICO/P(46)194)

	14	U.S. zone			
	130	British Zone			
	23	French zone			

	167	Total			

			ZONES		
		<u>Total</u>	<u>U.S.</u>	<u>U.K.</u>	<u>FR.</u>
...		38	0	30	8
B.	MUNITIONS	22	0	19	3
C.	STEEL	37	5	26	6
D.	SHIP REPAIR	10	0	10	0
E.	CHEMICAL	2	0	2	0
F.	SYNTHETIC RUBBER	1	0	0	1
G.	SYNTHETIC GASOLINE	1	0	0	1
H.	CEMENT	39	9	27	3
I.	BALL BEARING AND ROLLER BEARING	11	0	10	1
	MISCELLANEOUS	6	0	6	0

12 October 1946

TABLE I to
CORC/P(46)327COORDINATING COMMITTEETHIRD CONSOLIDATED LIST - BY INDUSTRIES AND ZONES
(DECO/P(46)273 2nd Revise)

17	.....	U.S. Zone
77	.....	British Zone
15	.....	French Zone
<u>109</u>		Total

1. 88 of the Plants are Non-Ferrous
 - a. 17 U.S. Zone (8 in First Consolidated list)
 - b. 56 British Zone (5 in First Consolidated List)
 - c. 15 French Zone (6 in First Consolidated list)
- Total 88 (19 in First Consolidated list)
2. 13 Armament Plants (British Zone)
3. 4 Synthetic Ammonia Plants (British Zone)
4. 4 Subsidiaries to Fischer Tropsch Plants (British Zone)

12 October 1946

TABLE 'F' to
CORC/P(46)327COORDINATING COMMITTEEADDITIONAL REPARATIONS PLANTS RECOMMENDED BY
INDUSTRY AND FUEL COMMITTEE

	<u>Total</u>	<u>U.S.</u>	<u>U.K.</u>	<u>FR.</u>
1. III Consolidated list				
(a) Armaments	13	0	13	0
(b) Synthetic ammonia	4	0	4	0
(c) Fischer Tropsch	4	0	4	0
2. Machinery and Optics list 'A'	814	216	437	161
3. Utilities and Industrials list	110*	28	63	19
4. list 'A' Chemicals and Dyestuffs list	27	<u>8</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>5</u>
Totals	972	252	535	185

* Includes 68 plants from U.S. and Br. Zones which relate to Plants already proposed for reparations.

12 October

TABLE "G" to
CORG/P(46)327COORDINATING COMMITTEEAPPROXIMATE NUMBER OF PLANTS TO BE PROPOSED

	<u>Total</u>	<u>U.S.</u>	<u>U.K.</u>	<u>FR.</u>
1. Chemical-Pharmaceuticals	7	4	1	2
2. Chemicals				
(a) Chemical Technical Products (e.g. soap)	148	63	60	25
(b) Plastics	10	10	4	4
3. All other chemicals	9	6	-	3
Totals *	182	83	65	34

* Majority of units are portions of plants only.

Note Approximately 50 additions, miscellaneous plants
(including war plants), may be declared.

COORDINATING COMMITTEECorrespondence with the Inter-Allied Reparations Agency

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1. In a letter dated 28 August 1946, attached as Appendix A, the Secretary General of the Inter-Allied Agency requested a revision of the procedure established for correspondence between the Inter-Allied Reparations Agency and the Allied Control Authority.

This procedure referred to in the above-mentioned letter, was established by the Coordinating Committee at its 47th Meeting on 26 March 1946 (CORC/1(46)18, Conclusion (187)).

2. The Allied Secretariat, having studied the request by the Inter-Allied Reparations Agency agreed to recommend two alternative solutions for a decision by the Coordinating Committee as to the procedure to be adopted.

These solutions are given separately in paras 3 and 4 below.

3. First alternative

The existing procedure whereby all communications with the Inter-Allied Reparations Agency are centralized through the Secretariat of the Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution Directorate shall be retained with the following improvements:

(a) The German External Property Commission will be authorized through its Secretariat to correspond directly with the Inter-Allied Reparations Agency on matters within the competence of the Commission.

(b) The Inter-Allied Reparations Agency will be authorized to correspond directly with the four Zone Commanders while keeping informed the appropriate national element of the Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution Directorate.

(c) The Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution Directorate will be requested to ensure that all matters relating to the Inter-Allied Reparations Agency are disposed of within the shortest possible time through the Secretariat which has been set up for this purpose with the Directorate.

4. Second Alternative

The Allied Secretariat is of the opinion that the greater part of the correspondence between the Inter-Allied Reparations Agency and the Allied Control Authority is of a technical nature affecting Reparations.

The Allied Secretariat proposes therefore, that:

- (a) All matters of a technical nature concerning Reparations and Restitution shall be dealt with directly between the Inter-Allied Reparations Agency and Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution Directorate.
- (b) The Inter-Allied Reparations Agency will be authorized to correspond directly with the German External Property Commission and the Zone Commanders, as indicated in the First Alternative, para 3 above.
- (c) Any communication from the Inter-Allied Reparations Agency which does not enter into the category shown above will be sent to the Allied Secretariat, and the following principles must be observed:
 - (i) If a decision is made to forward the communication in question to a Directorate other than the R.D.R., a copy of it will be sent to the latter Directorate, which will then have to ensure that, the reply made by the Directorate studying the matter does not contradict information given to the Inter-Allied Reparations Agency by any other organization of the Allied Control Authority;
 - (ii) The Directorate informed by the Allied Secretariat will reply directly to the Inter-Allied Reparations Agency and will send a copy of the reply to the Allied Secretariat;
 - (iii) All correspondence from the Inter-Allied Reparations Agency, of which the Allied Secretariat shall have been informed, will be filed in the Allied Archives Section, which will hold it at the constant disposition of the Chief Secretary of the month,

5. At its meeting on the 4th October 1946 the Allied Secretariat

agreed to submit the two proposals set out above to the Coordinating Committee for decision at its 84th Meeting.*)

J. L. BAUDIER, Consul General

A. A. KUDRIAVTSIN, Major

H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel

K. G. EXHAM, Brigadier

Allied Secretariat

CORC/P(46)331

*) see page 70

12 October 1946

APPENDIX A to
CORC/P(46)331

COORDINATING COMMITTEE

AGENCE INTERALLIEE DES
REPARATIONS
Inter-Allied Reparation Agency

Bruxelles 28 August 1946
Brussels

3521

Liaison Between Allied Control Authority
& Inter-Allied Reparation Agency

Sir,

I have the honour to refer you to CORC Conclusion 187 of 26th March, 1946 which states:

"The Meeting agreed to instruct the Reparation, Deliveries and Restitution Directorate to inform the Inter-Allied Reparation Agency, through the Directorate Secretariat, of matters relating to reparation deliveries from the Western zones".

It would appear that the competent authority in Berlin has interpreted this conclusion as meaning that I.A.R.A. must canalize through R.D.R. Directorate not only all matters relating to allocations of capital industrial equipment from the Western zones, but also matters relating to all other sorts of reparation.

The result of this interpretation has been in practice that I.A.R.A. has had no direct contact with the competent authorities, other than R.D.R. Directorate, which deal with matters of direct concern to I.A.R.A. I.A.R.A. has, among other things, not been kept officially informed of

- (a) Discussions in German External Property Commission on German External Assets.
- (b) Discussions in the Legal Directorate on transfer of legal title of capital industrial equipment allocated as reparation.
- (c) Discussions in the Economic Directorate on the subject of reciprocal deliveries.
- (d) Discussions in the Finance Directorate as to the financing of [redacted] in Germany.

It will, I feel, be obvious to you that it is essential that I.A.R.A. should be kept regularly and quickly informed of the progress of discussions (as well as decisions) on such points and any others of direct concern to it, because it may frequently be to the mutual interest of I.A.R.A. and Allied Control Authorities for I.A.R.A. to express its opinion.

In addition, there are matters of detail of direct interest to I.A.R.A. which concern any one Zone Commander only and are not dealt with on a quadripartite level, and yet under the present interpretation they have to be processed through the R.D.R. Secretariat with, as a result, considerable delay.

I have therefore to request that a procedure *be* set up to cover the following points:

- (a) On matters relating to allocations of capital industrial equipment I.A.R.A. would continue as at present to deal with the R.D.R. Directorate.
- (b) I.A.R.A. would also be entitled to address and contact officially on matters directly concerning I.A.R.A. the Legal, Finance, and Economic Directorates, the German External Property Commission, and any other Directorate dealing with matters of direct interest to I.A.R.A.
- (c) Conversely, the Directorates as in (b) would be empowered to deal direct with I.A.R.A. on behalf of A.C.A. on matters within their respective competence.
- (d) I.A.R.A. would be entitled to contact directly the appropriate authority in each zone on matters of detail affecting any particular zone only.

In view of the decisions which I.A.R.A. will be making in the near future, notably on the matter of German External Assets, I.A.R.A. would be very grateful if these requests could be met as a matter of urgency.

I have the honour to be,
 Sir,
 Your obedient Servant,
 (sgd) N.E.F. Sutton
 Secretary-General.

The President
 Control Council for Germany, Allied Secretariat,
 A.C.A. Building
 BERLIN

Copy to:
 British, French, U.S., U.S.S.R. Representatives
 I.A.R.A. Mission, Berlin

18 October 1946

CORC/M(46)55

COORDINATING COMMITTEE

MINUTES

(Meeting of 17 October 1946)

592. CORRESPONDENCE WITH THE INTERNATIONAL REPARATIONS AGENCY

The Meeting considered CORC/P(46)331

THE MEETING:

(592) adopted the first solution in CORC/P(46)331.

CONTROL COUNCILDIRECTIVE NO. 42Movement Across Demarcation Lines of German Workers and Employees Residing in one Zone and Working in Another

THE CONTROL COUNCIL DIRECTS AS FOLLOWS:

1. Persons who reside in one Zone of Occupation and whose business, employment or professional practice is in another Zone of Occupation shall be permitted to cross the interzonal line of demarcation freely on the following conditions:
2. The privilege shall be limited to those persons who proceed daily from their place of residence to their place of business, employment or professional practice.
3. Persons benefitting from this privilege shall have in their possession the Kennkarte or any other personal identity document required in the Zone in which they reside. Moreover, they shall have a work permit or any other document testifying to their employment or their profession and issued to them by the German work office of the Zone of residence or the Zone in which they work and verified by the German work office of the Zone in which they work or the Zone in which they reside.
4. For purposes of control of residence, issuance of food ration certificates and other control exercised over the civilian population, the person's legal domicile shall be at his place of residence.
5. A person crossing the interzonal line of demarcation under the provisions of this agreement shall be required to abide by the laws of the Zone in which he is present, and he shall be subject to arrest, detention, trial and punishment in the Zone in which he is present for any infraction of the laws of that Zone.
6. Any two Zone Commanders of neighboring Zones may, however, at their discretion and by mutual agreement, require the usual works documents to be endorsed, that is to say officially signed and stamped, by their own Military or Military Government (Zonal Administration) personnel.
7. Crossing of the borders will be accomplished at any point which is a regular avenue of travel, except that any two Commanders

of neighboring Zones may, at their discretion and by mutual agreement, limit the crossing of the borders to pre-determined crossing points.

8. The foregoing provisions shall in no way restrict travel permitted by agreement between the Occupying Authorities of any two Zones.

R. J. Noiret
General de Division

P. A. Kurochkin
Colonel-General

B. H. Robertson
Lieutenant General

Lucius D. Clay
Lieutenant General

Approved at Berlin 24 October 1946

CORC/P(46)328 (Final)

COORDINATING COMMITTEEExpression of Interest in Plant 10L3 received from I.A.R.A.

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1. At its 74th Meeting on 3 September 1946, the Coordinating Committee examined CORC/P(46)271 Revise regarding the above mentioned subject.

The Meeting agreed to instruct the Allied Secretariat to bring the question to the attention of the Committee at its first Meeting after 15 October, if no report had been received from the Economic Directorate by that date.

2. The Allied Secretariat has not received this report from the Economic Directorate.

3. This paper is submitted for the consideration of the Coordinating Committee* under Any Other Business at its 84th Meeting on 17 October 1946.

J. L. BAUDIER, Consul General

A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major

H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel

K. G. EXHAM, Brigadier

Allied Secretariat

CORC/P(46)334

*) see page 74

25 October 1946

CORC/M(46)56

COORDINATING COMMITTEEMINUTES

(Meeting of 24 October 1946)

605. EXPRESSION OF INTEREST IN PLANT 1013 RECEIVED
FROM I.A.R.A.

The Meeting considered CORC/P(46)334.

THE MEETING

(605) Agreed:

- (a) to allocate Plant 1013 to the Soviet Union;
- (b) to instruct the Allied Secretariat to inform Inter-Allied Reparations Agency and the Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution Directorate of this decision.

COORDINATING COMMITTEECompetence of the Manpower Directorate
in Regard to Wage Increases

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1. The Coordinating Committee at its 84th Meeting on 17 October 1946 considered the paper CORC/P(46)333, and signed Directive No. 41, "Increase of Wages in the Coal Mining Industry".

2. Consideration of the question of the principle of the authority of the Manpower Directorate relative to the increasing of wages was deferred until the next meeting of the Coordinating Committee.

3. Attention is invited to conclusion 502(c) of the Minutes CORC/M(46)46: "The Meeting . . . charged the Manpower Directorate, in consultation with the Economic and Finance Directorates, with the implementation of the supplement to paragraph 3 of Directive No. 41".

The Manpower Directorate requests:

"That the Coordinating Committee define the discretion they gave to the Manpower Directorate by conclusion 502(c) of CORC/M(46)46 and the manner in which the decisions reached in accordance with these instructions should be implemented".

4, This question is submitted to the Coordinating Committee for consideration at its 85th Meeting on 24 October 1946.*)

J. L. BAUDIER, Consul GeneralA. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, MajorH. A. GERHARDT, ColonelK. G. EXHAM, Brigadier

Allied Secretariat

*) see page 76

25 October 1946

CORC/M(46)56

COORDINATING COMMITTEEMINUTES

(Meeting of 24 October 1946)

202. COMPETENCE OF THE MANPOWER DIRECTORATE IN REGARD TO
WAGE INCREASES

The Committee considered CORC/P(46)335.

THE MEETING:

(602) agreed to empower the Manpower Directorate in consultation with the Economic and Finance Directorate to authorize increases in wages up to a limit of 5% of the general level of wages, it being understood that any increases beyond this limit should be submitted for the approval of the Coordinating Committee.

COORDINATING COMMITTEESlowness of Valuation of Plants Declared Available
on Account of Reparations

Note by the Allied Secretariat

1. The Soviet Delegation circulated to the Coordinating Committee at its 84th Meeting on 17 October 1946, a paper on the above question. The Coordinating Committee agreed to consider it at its next meeting.

2. This paper is submitted for consideration by the Coordinating Committee at its 85th Meeting on 24 October 1946. *)

J. L. BAUDIER, Consul General

A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major

H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel

K. G. EXHAM, Brigadier

Allied Secretariat

CORC/P(46)336

*) see page 80

COORDINATING COMMITTEESlowness of Valuation of Plants Declared Available
on Account of Reparations

(Memorandum of the Soviet Member)

The Soviet Delegation wishes to draw the attention of the Coordinating Committee to the unsatisfactory progress of valuation of industrial plants in the Western Zones of Germany declared available for reparations.

Notwithstanding the fact that more than six months have passed since the basic valuation rules were approved by the Directorate of Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution (DPRD/P(46)32) the valuation Committee has had submitted to it valuation reports on only 181 plants with a total residual value of 296,900,000 RM. This indicates that on the average valuation reports of approximately 30 plants per month were considered and approved.

The Soviet Delegation would like to invite the attention of the Committee to the fact that the greatest lag in the work of valuation occurs in the British Zone: As of the present, of 442 plants declared available for reparations in the British Zone, only 76 plants including 31 plants representing a residual value of less than 103,000 RM each have been valued. During the period June 6 to August 12 British Military Government has invited the Soviet Delegation to participate in the valuation of 416 plants. Although the Soviet Delegation expressed its desire to participate in this valuation, the Soviet experts have up to the present been able to attend the valuation of only 37 plants. Visits to the remaining plants have been delayed by British authorities under the pretext that there were not enough experts at the disposal of British Military Government to carry out this work.

In spite of the adopted procedure the time accorded to the Soviet valuation experts is limited by the British Military Administration to 2-3 days. Naturally it is most difficult to carry out a conscientious and correct valuation of my given plant within that time.

Though the Coordinating Committee agreed as early as last July to proceed immediately with the valuation of non-ferrous metallurgical plants (CORC/II(46)38, conclusion 419 b ii) the Directorate of Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution has not yet undertaken this task-

The Soviet Delegation considers that in order to carry out this extremely important work, the Members of the Coordinating Committee should take all necessary steps to increase the number of their experts and to ensure the carrying out of valuation in the framework of the quadripartite procedure formulated and approved by the Allied Control Authority. If all four delegations followed this procedure it would be possible to complete the valuation in the nearest future. The Soviet Delegation on its part has taken all necessary measures to expedite the completion of the valuation and to announce its readiness to send to the Western Zones of occupation my number of Soviet experts necessary to complete in the shortest possible time the valuation of all plants declared available for reparations.

The Soviet Delegation proposes to conclude the valuation of all plants declared available for reparations not later than December 15, 1946 and expresses the hope that the other Members of the Coordinating Committee will likewise take all necessary measures to insure the fulfilment of this greatly important task within that time.

CORC/P(46)336

25 October 1946

CORC/M(k6)56

COORDINATING COMMITTEE

MINUTES

(Meeting of 24 October 1946)

606. SLOWNESS OF VALUATION OF PLANTS DECLARED AVAILABLE
ON ACCOUNT OF REPARATIONS

The Meeting considered CORC/P(46)336.

(606) agreed to instruct the Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution Directorate to submit to the Coordinating Committee on or about 10 November a report on the progress of valuation, indicating the date on which this work would be completed, and to take all necessary measures to accelerate the work, *)

*) see page 161

COORDINATING COMMITTEEAvailability of Spare Parts for Equipment to be Delivered
on Account of Reparations

1, On 18 July 1946 the Soviet Delegation on the Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution Directorate submitted a memorandum (DRDR/P(46)97) on the "Violation of the Decisions of the Control Council in Plants Located in the British Zone and Dismantled for Advance Delivery to the U.S.S.R. on Account of Reparations".

2, At its 44th Meeting on 17 September 1946 the Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution Directorate studied a Soviet proposal designed to supplement the instructions in force on "availability of spare parts for equipment to be delivered on account of reparations, (Attached as Appendix "A")".

3, The Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution Directorate has arrived at a unanimous agreement on Paragraph 1 of this paper.

4, The French and Soviet Delegations on the Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution Directorate agreed to accept the following wording of Paragraph 2: "The valuation sheets of the basic and auxiliary equipment which are at the plant, must also include all spare parts, cutting and measuring instruments, attachments, as well as new equipment, which had not been used yet."

5, The British and U.S. Delegations on the Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution Directorate believed that the following wording should be substituted for it: "The valuation sheets of the basic and auxiliary equipment which are at the plant may, at the discretion of the Zone Commander, also include all spare parts, cutting and measuring instruments, attachments, as well as new equipment which had not been used yet."

6, This paper is submitted to the Coordinating Committee for consideration at its 85th Meeting on 24 October 1946. *)

J. L. BAUDIER, Consul General
A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major
H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel
K. G. EXHAM, Brigadier

Allied Secretariat

CORC/P(46)339

*) see page 83

19 October 1946

APPENDIX "A" to
CORC/P(46)339

COORDINATING COMMITTEE

Availability of Spare Parts for Equipment to be Delivered
on Account of Reparations

In connection with the memorandum DDDR/P(46)97 the Soviet Delegation considers **it** necessary to recommend to the Coordinating Committee to give the following explanations, completing the instructions which are in effect:

1. The Zone Commander may exclude from inventories of plants any item of equipment only up to the day the plant in question is declared available for reparations subject to reservations made **by** the Zone Commander and mentioned on the lists of plants **declared** available and approved by the Coordinating Committee; **if** such action does not destroy the completeness of the equipment.
2. The valuation sheets of the basic and auxiliary equipment which are at the plant, **must** also include all spare parts, cutting and measuring instruments, attachments, as well as new equipment, which had not been used yet,

25 October 1946

CORC/M(46)56

COORDINATING COMMITTEE

MINUTES

(Meeting of 24 October 1946)

609. AVAILABILITY OF SPARE PARTS FOR EQUIPMENT TO BE DELIVERED
ON ACCOUNT OF REPARATIONS

The Meeting considered CORC/P(46)339.

THE MEETING:

(609) agreed:

- (a) to adopt the **US.** and British version of Article 2 of Appendix "A" to CORC/P(46)339 contained in paragraph 5 of the cover note,
- (b) to inform the Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution Directorate of this decision,

CONTROL COUNCILDirective No.43

Procedure for the issue to German civilians of single round-trip Interzonal Passes for a journey outside the Zone for purposes of Interzonal Trade.

THE CONTROL COUNCIL DIRECTS:

I. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

1. It is necessary to establish a procedure for the issue of one-trip Interzonal Passes which would enable the applicant to obtain quickly an interzonal pass based on his place of residence or the locality of his employment.
2. A one-trip pass may be issued on the basis of the conditions mentioned below, without preliminary sanction of the Commanding Authorities of the Zone to be visited. The pass is to be issued for a period not exceeding fifteen (15) days, except that a fifteen days' emergency extension may be granted by the Authorities of the Zone which is visited.
3. A one-trip pass can be authorized by:
 - (a) an officer of rank of colonel or above, holding the appointment of a Military Commandant.
 - (b) a representative of the Military Government of a Province, Federal land or a district.

II. CONDITIONS FOR OBTAINING A SINGLE ROUND-TRIP INTERZONAL PASS.

1. One-trip interzonal passes will be issued, in accordance with the established procedure provided for in this Directive, to Germans occupied in interzonal trade, industry or agriculture who have to visit another zone in the interest of interzonal trade, or who are sent by the occupying authorities on missions to the Military Government of another zone.

In all other cases single-trip interzonal passes will be issued in accordance with the procedure employed up to the present time.

2. Passes will not be issued to persons mentioned in paragraph 1 of this section if such persons are under investigation in pursuance of Control Council laws or are criminals. Passes will also not be issued to foreigners, displaced persons and stateless persons.

3. Persons desiring to obtain one-trip interzonal passes must fill out a questionnaire giving complete answers to all questions in the questionnaire.

4. The one-trip interzonal pass is issued on the basis of the information given in the questionnaire. The pass would bear the seal and signature of the Officer who authorizes the inter-zonal travel.

5. Each pass should be printed in Russian, English, French and German, and the answers to be written in German, in accordance with the form designated for this purpose. The pass stubs will be retained by the Officer who issues the pass.

6. Specimens of the seals which will be used in stamping passes should be furnished to Pass Control points on the borders of each Zone to assist in the checking of passes.

7. Passes and stubs contain the following information:

- a. Name, surname and address of the applicant.
- b. Place and date of birth.
- c. Type and number of personal identification.
- d. Occupation.
- e. Signature, stamp and seal of the Authorities issuing the pass.
- f. Places to be visited and the place of crossing the demarcation line.
- g. Purpose of his trip.
- h. Date of issue and date of expiration.
- i. Serial number.

8. Enough space should be left in the pass for remarks of the Officers or officials of the local Military Government Administration Office at the points of destination.

9. This pass will be valid only with the presentation of the German personal identification; it is not transferable, nor are any alterations or destruction permissible.

10. The pass must be presented upon demand of control Authorities or Military Government Administration Officers, but remains in the owner's possession during his stay in the Zone.

11. This pass must be returned on expiry to the issuing agency. In case of loss or destruction the owner must immediately notify the Military Government authorities of the Zone.

12. If the applicant has to visit several zones or travel from one zone to another, then the zones, regions or towns he wants to visit in connection with his business as provided for by paragraph 1 of this section, must be indicated on the pass.

13. Upon arrival at the destination, the pass must be registered within 24 hours by either a Military Government officer or by the local branch of Military Government or by the Burgermeister, according to the discretion of the Zone Commander.

14. The pass holder has permission to travel according to the itinerary indicated on the pass, for the execution of the indicated purposes. Possession of a pass gives him the right to obtain food, gasoline, motor oil and other articles of first necessity, in accordance with local rates and regulation.

15. German nationals residing in the Sectors of Berlin and engaged in interzonal trade, may obtain interzonal passes from the Commandant of their sector.

16. Zone Commanders retain the right to forbid or to cancel at their own discretion entrance or departure of any person or a group of persons in case of any discrepancies or failure to comply with the above indicated conditions.

17. Persons in the possession of a one-trip inter-zonal pass are forbidden to change their place of residence without permission of the Military Government Administration of both Zones. All cases of illegal change in residence should be carefully investigated and persons returned to their former place of residence.

18. This Directive shall not interfere with agreements between any two occupying Powers relating to travel of German civilians that are less restrictive than are now in force or that may be promulgated in the future.

Done in Berlin on the 29th day of October 1946.

R. NOIRET
General d'Armee

P.A. KUROCHKIN
Colonel General

LUCIUS D. JAY
Lieutenant General

B.H. ROBERTSON
Lieutenant General.

CORC/P(46)239 (Final)

DECLARATION

For obtaining a one trip Inter-Zonal Pass

TO: The Chief of the Military Government Administration of the Province of Federal land, or the Military Commander of the Region

F OM Zone into Zone

QUESTIONNAIRE

Brief data on the applicant:

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Last Name | 2. Last name at the time of birth |
| 3. First and middle names | 4. Date of birth |
| 5. Nationality at birth | 6. Present Nationality |
| 7. Place of birth | 8. Permanent address and telephone number |
| 9. Occupation (Profession) | 10. Business address and type of duty |
| 11. Membership in the Nazi Party | 12. Type and number of identification |
| 13. Purpose of travel | 14. Places and zones to be visited, the address of the places of destination, and name of the concern/firm |
| 15. Date of departure from by | |
| 16. Points of crossing the line of demarcation | |
| 17. If the petitioner travels with children under 16, give their names and addresses | |

.....
.....

9. I affirm that the foregoing data is correct and that in case of discrepancy I shall be responsible to the Court of the Military Government Administration.

Signature of the applicant

Date

C. I verified this declaration and find that all the given data is correct and does not violate any ordinances issued by the Military Government Administration. I deem it possible to issue a one-trip inter-zonal pass.
from1946 to1946

Burgermeister's Seal
Burgermeister's Signature

Date

Remarks

To be printed and registered in the language of the issuing Power and in German.

Notes of the Pass-Control point: Passed _____ (point)	No _____
Date _____	<u>SINGLE ROUND-TRIP INTERZONAL</u> <u>PASS</u> (To be printed in Russian, English, French and German)
Signature and stamp of the Commander of the point. _____	(The following to be printed in GERMAN ONLY)
Departed from _____ Zone	1. This pass is not trans- ferable and is valid only for the person to whom it is issued.
Passed through the Pass Control point. (date and name of point)	2. The owner must register at the place of destination within 24 hours after arrival, and on the day of departure from the town or zone.
Signature and stamp of the Commander of the point. _____	3. The owner is responsible for the fulfilment of all regulations pertaining to transportation, stops made, rationing, etc., in the Zone and at the place of destination
2. Notes of the Military Commander or Burgermeister in the Zones of Destination. Arrived in the town _____ Departed from the town _____ Signature and stamp _____	

Arrived in the town _____
Departed from the town _____
Signature and stamp _____

4, This Pass does not provide the owner with the right to enter any of the prohibited regions, not indicated on the Pass.

Arrived in the town _____
Departed from the town _____
Signature and stamp _____

(To be printed in Russian, English, French and German - answers to be given in German)

And to proceed to _____

Surname and Christian Names _____

Purpose of Journey _____

Date and Place of Birth _____

Date of Issue _____

Identity Document No. and type _____

Date of Expiration _____

Profession and Occupation _____

Representative of firm or concern _____

Signature of official issuing pass and his position _____

Bearer is authorised to cross the Demarcation Line at _____

Seal _____
Registered _____

COORDINATING COMMITTEERecommendations Regarding Removals from, and New Construction of Fishing Vessels to be Permitted for the Restoration of the Capacity of the German Fishing Fleet

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1. The Naval Directorate at its 45th Meeting on 20 September 1944 considered the above subject together with the recommendations forwarded by the Economic Directorate.

These recommendations were agreed at the 59th and 60th Meetings of the Economic Directorate and are contained in para 2 below.

2. By Conclusion 538 of the Minutes of the 59th Meeting of the Economic Directorate, the Meeting:

- (a) agreed that, subject to the approval of the Naval Directorate, it is the position of the Economic Directorate, in order to insure the food supply, that there should be no removals at the present time from the current fishing fleet, and that trawlers used at present for minesweeping and other purposes not connected with fishing should be transferred to the fishing fleet as soon as possible;
- (b) took note that the British, French and U.S. members believe that, in addition to the construction needed to restore the capacity of the fishing fleet in small vessels, there be permitted 50 trawlers with capacity from 350 to 500 gross registered tons each and at least 50 trawlers with 350 gross registered tons each. The maximum speed of the new trawlers would be limited to 12 knots unloaded and in calm waters;
- (c) took note that the Soviet member was unable to agree with paragraph (b) above and believes that all 100 trawlers in project should not exceed 350 gross registered tons each, and that other tactical and technical restrictions concerning the building of new vessels must be determined by the Naval Directorate.

At the 60th Meeting of the Economic Directorate the Soviet member wished it recorded in the Minutes that in his opinion, Decision (538)(a) should not be considered as the final decision. In addition,

he stated that paragraph (c) of Decision (538) should read:

"(c) took note that the Soviet member was unable to agree with paragraph (b) above, and believes that all 100 trawlers in project, the construction of which can be permitted only if all existing trawlers exceeding 350 grt are removed, should not exceed 350 grt and be in accordance with other limitations of characteristics already determined by the Naval Directorate."

Recommendations Regarding Removals from the Current Fishing Fleet

3. The British, United States and French Delegates of the Naval Directorate agree that in view of the present position of the food supply of the German people there shall be no removals at the present time from the existing fishing fleet and that fishing trawlers used at present for minesweeping and other purposes not connected with fishing should be transferred to the fishing fleet as soon as they can be spared from these duties.

4. The Soviet Delegate of the Naval Directorate is of the opinion that all German fishing trawlers, the characteristics of which exceed those as submitted under Appendix A to CORC/P(46)312 (Soviet version of para 2(a) referring) (and attached at Appendix A to this paper for easy reference) shall be removed from the fishing fleet not later than 1st January 1947 and handed over to the Tripartite Naval Commission for division. He is also of the opinion that all fishing trawlers at present engaged on minesweeping and other work should be released from this work not later than 1st March 1948, and those whose characteristics do not exceed those imposed by Appendix A to CORC/P(46)312 (Soviet version of 2(a) referring) (attached at Appendix A to this paper) transferred to fishing. The remainder should be withdrawn and turned over for division by the Tripartite Naval Commission.

New Construction of Fishing Vessels to be Permitted for the Restoration of the German Fishing Fleet

5. The British, United States and French Delegates of the Naval Directorate agreed that in addition to the construction needed to restore the capacity of the fishing fleet in small vessels, there shall be permitted 50 trawlers with a maximum capacity of 350 gross registered tons and a further 50 trawlers with a maximum capacity of 400 gross registered tons, provided that such vessels conform to the limitations to be imposed on fishing craft left to Germany in Appendix A to CORC/P(46)312 (French, British and U.S. version of para 2(a) referring) (attached at Appendix A to this paper).

6. To replace existing trawlers turned over to the Tripartite Naval Commission for division (vide paragraph 4) the Soviet Delegate of the Naval Directorate is of the opinion that in addition to the construction needed to restore the capacity of the fishing fleet in small vessels, construction can be permitted on river wharves during the period 1946/1949 of 100 trawlers whose maximum tonnage shall not exceed the following limitations:-

a small number (10 - 20)	-	350 gross registered tons
the remainder	-	300 gross registered tons or 500 tons displacement.

7. The Naval Directorate have submitted the above opinions in order that the Coordinating Committee may decide whether the policy is to be in accordance with paragraph 3 or paragraph 4 above and again with paragraph 5 or paragraph 6 above.

8. This paper is submitted for the consideration of the Coordinating Committee*) at its 81st Meeting on 2 October 1946.

K. G. EXHAM, Brigadier

J. L. BAUDIER, Consul General

A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major

H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel

Allied Secretariat

CORC/P(46)313

*) see page 95

26 September 1946

APPENDIX "A"
to CORC/P(46)313COORDINATING COMMITTEELimitation of Characteristics of Fishing Craft Left to the Peace
Economy of Germany

1. The following limitations to the characteristics of fishing vessels shall apply to all replacements for such ships now possessed by the German peace economy, and to existing ships in so far as the Control Council may decide.

2. Limitations(British-U.S.-French Text)

2(a) Tonnage No vessel shall exceed a size of 400 gross registered tons. The number of vessels which can be permitted of the maximum size or of any intermediate size will be determined from time to time by the Control Council.

(Soviet Text)

2(a) Tonnage No vessel shall exceed a size of 300 gross registered tons. The number of vessels which can be permitted of the maximum size or of any intermediate size will be determined from time to time by the Control Council.

2(b) Machinery Vessels of under 110 feet in length shall be permitted diesel machinery. Vessels over 110 feet in length shall be powered by coal fired steam reciprocating machinery (exhaust turbines permitted).

No vessel shall be designed to exceed a speed of 12 knots unloaded in calm water.

2(c) Length The maximum length of any vessel shall be 140 feet (43 metres).

2(d) Electric Power The maximum permitted electric power shall be 20 k.w.

2(e) Design and Construction. The design and plans of all craft to be either bought, chartered or built for the benefit of the German fishing fleet shall be examined and approved by the competent Directorate of the Allied Control Authority before they are accepted.

Not more than 10 ships of over 250 gross registered tons shall be built to any one design.

2(f) Gyro Compasses. The provision and fitting of gyro compasses or any form of stabilizing gear shall be prohibited.

3. There shall be no restrictions on the radius of action of any vessel or the power of her winches but any derricks fitted shall be limited to a working load of 3 tons.

There are no objections to the fitting of Sonic Echo Sounding gear.

31 October 1946

CORC/M(46)57

COORDINATING COMMITTEE

MINUTES

(Meeting of 29 October 1946)

623. RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING REMOVAL FROM, AND NEW
CONSTRUCTION OF, FISHING VESSELS TO BE PERMITTED
FOR THE RESTORATION OF THE CAPACITY OF THE GERMAN
FLEET.

The Committee considered CORC/P(46)313.

THE MEETING:

(623) agreed to authorize the construction of 100 fishing craft, of which 34 vessels would be between 350 and 400 gross registered tons and 66 vessels would be not over 350 GRT.

COORDINATING COMMITTEE

SUBJECT: Reichsmark Notes withdrawn from circulation in Austria.

TO: Allied Commission for Austria.

1. Inasmuch as there exists at the present time in Germany, a scarcity of Reichsmark notes of low denominations and a surplus of Reichsmark notes of high denominations in the British, French and U.S. Zones of Occupation, the Coordinating Committee considers it desirable that the Reichsmark notes of low denominations withdrawn from circulation in Austria should be made available for use in Germany.
2. The Coordinating Committee therefore requests the Allied Commission for Austria to make available for exchange with the British, French and U.S. Zones the following values of notes of low denominations against equal values of notes of high denominations:

Value of notes required per Zone
(in millions of RM)

<u>RM</u>	<u>British</u>	<u>French</u>	<u>U.S.</u>	<u>Total</u>
20	-	40	159	199
10	-	10	73	83
5	-	5	95	100
2	250	4	58	312
1	250	4	50	304
	<u>500</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>135</u>	<u>998</u>

3. In the event of the amounts of notes of low denominations available in Austria being less than the requirements stated above, the Coordinating Committee requests that deliveries to the British, French and U.S. Zones are made in proportion to the requirements of the Zones as stated above.
4. The Coordinating Committee recommends that, in the interest of the German currency circulation, it is necessary and advisable to destroy any balance of Reichsmark notes that may be left in the hands of the Allied Commission for Austria, the Austrian Government, or the bank of Austria, after this proposed exchange of notes had taken place.

Approved at Berlin 29 October 1946

JORG/P(46)345

31 October 1946

CORC/M(46)57

COORDINATING COMMITTEE

MINUTES

(Meeting of 29 October 1946)

632. REPORT OF THE QUADRIPARTITE COMMISSION FOR THE EXECUTION OF THE MAJOR WAR CRIMINALS.

THE MEETING:

- (632) agreed that the following communique would be published in the press in the name of the Quadripartite Commission for the Execution of the Major War Criminals:

"Reports published in the world and German press in connection with the executions of the war criminals sentenced to death by the International Military Tribunal appear to have given rise to an erroneous impression that the criminals took from between ten and sixteen minutes to die, after the springing of the trap.

"This is not so. Death intervened rapidly, and the time at which each criminal was pronounced dead bore no relation to the actual moment of death; it was simply the time when the doctors, after completing their medical examination, certified that death had occurred."

CONTROL COUNCIL

LAW NO. 37

Repeal of Certain Statutory Provisions Relating to Successions

THE CONTROL COUNCIL ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

Article I

The following statutory provisions are repealed:

- (a) Article 48 para. 2 of the law of 31st July, 1938 relating to the making of wills and testamentary contracts (Gesetz ueber die Errichtung von Testamenten und Erbvertraegen, RGBl. 1938, I, page 973)
- (b) The decree of 4th October, 1944 relating to the settlement of intestate succession in special cases (Erbregelungsverordnung, RGBl. 1944, I page 242)
- (c) The decree of 4th October, 1944 relating to the carrying out of the decree concerning the settlement of intestate succession in special cases (Erbregelungsdurchfuehrungsverordnung, RGBl. 1944, I page 243).

Article II

This law shall apply to such successions as have not been finally settled (geregelt) at the date of its publication.

Article III

This law shall take effect on the date of its publication,*)

Done at Berlin on 30 October, 1946

P. KOENIG
General d'Armee

V. SOKOLOVSKY
Marshal of the Soviet Union

JOSEPH T. McNARNEY
General

SHOLTO DOUGLAS
Marshal of the Royal Air Force

*) "The date of publication is 5 November, 1946 at 1800 hours"
CONF/P(46)71(Final) 30 October 1946

CONTROL COUNCIL

Law No. 38

Amendment of Section 204 of the Code of Civil Procedure

THE CONTROL COUNCIL ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

ARTICLE I

Paragraph 2 of Section 204 of the Code of Civil Procedure is amended to read as follows:

"Service by publication is carried out by posting at the bulletin board of the court the official certification to be served or a certified copy of the instrument to be served and, if the instrument contains a summons, by inserting an extract of the instrument in a periodical to be determined by the Allied Control Authority, or, until such determination is made, by the Zone Commander. The Court may, in its discretion, order that additional publications be made through the press, the radio, the town crier, or some other similar means."

ARTICLE II

Paragraph 3 of Section 204 of the Code of Civil Procedure is repealed.

ARTICLE III

Wherever, by the terms of a provision contained in any enactment, publication in the Deutsche Reichsanzeiger is required or provided for, publication shall be effected by insertion in a periodical to be determined by the Allied Control Authority or, until such determination is made, by the Zone Commander.

ARTICLE IV

The power to be exercised under this Law by the Zone Commander will be exercised in Berlin by the Allied Kommandatura.

ARTICLE V

Every publication which has been carried out between 1 May 1945 and the effective date of this Law in a form admitted by Military Government or deemed by the competent court to be sufficient under the circumstances then existing shall have the same effect as if it had been published in the Deutsche Reichsanzeiger.

ARTICLE VI

This Law shall come into force one month after the date of its publication.*)

Done at Berlin on 30 October 1946

P. Koenig
P. KOENIG
General de Corps d'Armee

V. Sokolovsky
V. SOKOLOVSKY
Marshal of the Soviet Union

Joseph T. McNarney
JOSEPH T. MCNARNEY
General

Sholto Douglas
SHOLTO DOUGLAS
Marshal of the Royal Air Force

*) "The date of publication is 5 November 1946, at 1800 hours".

CONL/P(46)72 (Final)
30 October 1946

CONTROL COUNCILDirective No. 4Limitation of Characteristics of Fishing Craft Left to the Peace Economy of Germany

THE CONTROL COUNCIL ORDERS AS FOLLOWS :

The following limitations to the characteristics of fishing vessels shall apply to all replacements for such ships now possessed by the German peace economy, and to existing ships in so far as the Control Council may decide.

1. Tonnage No vessel shall exceed a size of 400 gross registered tons. The number of vessels which can be permitted of the maximum size or of any intermediate size will be determined from time to time by the Control Council.
2. Machinery Vessels of under 110 feet in length shall be permitted diesel machinery. Vessels over 110 feet in length shall be powered by coal fired steam reciprocating machinery (exhaust turbines permitted).

No vessel shall be designed to exceed a speed of 32 knots unloaded in calm water,

3. Length The maximum length of any vessel shall be 140 feet (43 metres)
4. Electric Power The maximum permitted electric power shall be 20 k.w.
5. Design and Construction The design and plans of all craft to be either bought, chartered or built for the benefit of the German fishing fleet shall be examined and approved by the competent Directorate of the Allied Control Authority before they are accepted.

Not more than 10 ships of over 250 gross registered tons shall be built to any one design,

6. Gyro Compasses The provision and fitting of gyro compasses or any form of stabilizing gear shall be prohibited.
7. Endurance and Winch Power There shall be no restrictions on the radius of action of any vessel or the power of her winches but any derricks fitted shall be limited to a working load of 3 tons.

8. Echo Sounding Gear The fitting of Sonic Echo Sounding gear is permitted.

Done in Berlin on the 4th day of November 1946.

P. A. KUROCHKIN
Colonel General

LUCIUS D. CLAY
Lieutenant General

G. W. E. J. ERSKINE
Major General
for B. H. ROBERTSON
Lieutenant General

C. BAPST
General de Brigade
for R. J. NOIRET
General. de Division

CORC/P(46)312 Final

COORDINATING COMMITTEECentral European Travel Bureau(MITTELEUROPAEISCHES REISEBUERO M. E. R.)

(Note by the Secretariat)

1. At its 67th meeting on 27 July 1946 the Coordinating Committee considered CORC/P(46)243 and decided to defer discussion on the paper.
2. At its 39th meeting on 23 October 1946 the Transport Directorate agreed to request an amendment to Paragraph (a) of the covering note, and to draw the Coordinating Committee's attention to an error of interpretation which had occurred in the same paragraph of CORC/P(46)243.
3. Consequently proposals of the Transport Directorate concerning the question of restricting the activities of the M. E. R. agency are the following:
 - a) That the activities of this Company should be restricted for the time being to those of a travel agency authorized to exercise its activities inside Germany only.
 - b) That this organization should be renamed the "Deutsches Reisebuero ,"
 - c) To deprive this bureau of the monopoly of the sale of Reichsbahn tickets.

The Economic, Political, Finance and Legal Directorates, and the German External Property Commission raised no objections to these proposals.

4. An explanatory note on the pre-war activities of this Company is attached as Appendix "A" to CORC/P(46)243.
5. This paper Will be submitted to the Coordinating Committee for

a new examination at its 87th meeting on 4 November 1946.)*)

J. L. BAUDIER, Consul General

A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major

H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel

K. G. EXHAM, Brigadier

Allied Secretariat

Approved at Berlin 4 November 1946

CORC/P(46)243 Revise

- *) NOTE: The Coordinating Committee while approving of the above paper took into consideration:
- a) that the words "for the time being" in paragraph 3 (a) meant "while there was restriction on travel",
 - b) that the paragraph 3 (c) did not deprive the Bureau of the right to sell tickets, but merely of the monopoly of the sale of German State Railway tickets, and
 - c) that the decision restricting the activities of the Bureau should not interfere with its liquidation when the law on decartelization was passed.

COORDINATING COMMITTEE

List of Plants Available for Reparations and to be Retained
in Germany in the Synthetic Dyestuffs and Basic Chemicals Industry

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1. The Economic Directorate prepared a list of synthetic dyestuffs and basic chemicals plants available for reparations and a list of plants to be retained in Germany in this branch of industry.

2. The list attached hereto comprises:

Appendix "A": (limited Distribution) 8 factories
available from the U.S. Zone.

Appendix "B": (limited Distribution) 14 factories
available from the British zone.

Appendix "C": (limited Distribution) 5 factories
available from the French Zone.

Appendix "D": (limited Distribution) 86 factories
to be retained in the 4 zones.

3. The following reservations applicable to lists of reparations plants previously submitted to the Coordinating Committee continue to apply:

(a) The necessity for the temporary retention of certain of the plants for the use of the Occupation Forces or for other essential requirements such as mining supplies, transport maintenance or repairs. The ultimate date for these plants will be shown on the individual plant description form prepared for such plants.

(b) That the plants do not belong wholly or partly to the nationals of the United Nations, in which event the right to substitute equivalent capacity is reserved.

- (c) That the plants or parts thereof are not subject to restitution.
- (d) The retention in all four zones of the level of capacity to be approved by the Economic Directorate.

4. The Economic Directorate also presents the following reservations :

- (a) The sulphuric acid factories (Nos. 200/6, 1531 and 2065) the production capacity of which is necessary for the neutralization of synthetic ammonia, will be retained temporarily in Germany until such time as the necessary imports can be procured for.
- (b) The calcium carbide plant No. 203 is the subject of the same reservation (see paragraph a above).
- (c) The caustic soda plants 200/4, 1528, 2062, with a total capacity of 49,700 tons, are subject to the same reservation (see paragraph a above).

5. This list was submitted to the Permanent Reparations Secretariat and the necessary editing has been effected.

6. This paper is submitted for the consideration of the Coordinating Committee at its 87th Meeting on 4 November 1946, *) for approval for valuation and publication to the interested nations of the plants listed in Appendices "A", "B" and "C" and for approval for retention in Germany of the plants listed in Appendix "D".

J. I. BAUDIER, Consul General

A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major

H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel

K. G. EXNER, Brigadier

Allied Secretariat
CORC/P(46)354

*) see page 107

6 November 1946

CORC/M(46)58

COORDINATING COMMITTEEMINUTES

(Meeting of 4 November 1946)

636. LIST OF PLANTS AVAILABLE FOR REPARATIONS AND TO BE RETAINED
IN GERMANY IN THE SYNTHETIC DYE STUFFS AND BASIC CHEMICALS
INDUSTRY

The Meeting considered CORC/P(46)354.

THE MEETING:

(636) approved:

- (a) the list of plants in Appendices "A", "B" and "C" to CORC/P(46)354 for valuation and subsequent notification to interested nations;
- (b) the list of plants at Appendix "D" for retention in Germany.

*) Underscoring by Publisher

LIST A (BASIC CHEMICAL PLANTS & REPAIRS)

AMERICAN ZONE
DYESTUFFS PLANTS

DCCO/F(46)372 Revise
Annex "A"

Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation allocation if available	Unit of i.e. whole plant, part plant, indi- vidual item of equip.	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended allocation (between Eastern and Western Powers)
19 I.G. Farben	That portion of the Plant Mainkur and equipment beyond the retained capacity in accordance with the level, is offered for the pro- duction of:					
	1 - 440 tons p.a. of Azo dvestuffs (-)					
	2 - 420 tons p.a. of sulphur coloured dvestuffs					
	3 - 350 tons p.a. of Alizarin & Vat (+)					
20 I.G. Farben	That portion of the plant and equipment beyond the re- tained capacity in accord- ance with the level, is offer- ed for the production of:					
	1 - 350 tons p.a. of Triphenyl- methane dvestuffs					
	2 - 3,700 tons p.a. of sulphur black dvestuffs					
	3 - 500 tons p.a. of Alizarin					

This Plant can also be used for the production of Thiazole dves.
This capacity is to be given no further consideration.

LIST OF INVESTMENTS AND LIST A (BASIC) CHEMICAL PLANTS FOR REPAIRS -
 DIVISION 7-10

DIVISION 7-10

Rep. Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation if available i.e. whole plant, individual item	Unit of allocation	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern & Western Fovers)
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20 I.G. Farben That part of the Plant of & equipment beyond the retained capacity in accordance with the level. is offered for the production of: 570 tons per annum of Barthol's & Bases

Chlorine Plants

201 I.G. Farben 1. Chlorine Plant with Gersthöfen annual capacity of 20 the sand metric tons (T.M.)

200 I.G. Farben 4. That portion of the (a portion) Plant & equipment beyond the retained capacity in accordance with the level, is offered for the production of: 14 T.M. of Chlorine Chlorine Plant with annual capacity of 42 T.M.

26*) Anoreana

This plant appeared on Consolidated List Part I and is now reinstated but with the above description
 *) Plant already offered as Advance Reparations.

LIST 'A' (BASIC) CHEMICAL PLANTS

DECC/E(46)

Annex 'A'

LIST OF BIDDERS AND LIST B (BASIC) CHEMICALS PLANTS FOR REPARA AMERICAN ZONE

LIST 'A' (BASIC) CHEMICAL PLANTS

Rep. Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part plant, individual item of equip.	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern and Western Fovers)
200 **	Caustic Soda Plants (Electrolytic Caustic)	Caustic Soda Plant with capacity of 19.7 TMT	Gersthofen				
200 **	I. G. Farben	That portion of the plant equipment beyond the retained capacity in accordance with the level, is offered for the production of 12.2 TMT of caustic soda.	Hoechst				
202	Caesium Carbide Plants Sueddeutsche Kali Stickstoff (a portion)	That portion of the Plant & equipment beyond the retained capacity in accordance with the level, is offered for the production of 24 TMT of calcium carbide					

Per. Serial No.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part plant, indi- vidual item of equip.	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern and Western Powers)
		<u>Calcium Carbide Plants (COMTD)</u>					
203	(Y) Dr. A. Wacker (a portion)	That portion of the Plant & equipment beyond the retained capacity in accord- ance with the level is offered for the production of: 17.5 TMT of calcium carbide	Burgharshen				
		** Plants 200 and 201 appear as both Chlorine & Caustic Soda Plants but bear one number each since they represent one unit of allocation each. - the equipment being identical for the two products. (X) This Plant, together with Nos. 1528 & 2062, the total production capacity of which is 49,700 tons of CaCO will be retained temporarily in Germany until the necessary imports can be paid for (Y) This Plant will be retained temporarily in Germany until the necessary imports can be paid for.					

LIST OF DYES/DUFFS AND LIST A (BASIC) CHEMICALS PLANTS
FOR REPARATIONS - AFRICA ZONE
LIST 'A' (BASIC CHEMICALS PLANTS)

Rep. Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part plant, individual item of equip	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern and Western Powers)
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Calcium Carbide Plant
204 Weide's Carbide- Calcium Carbide Plant Freyung
werk with production of 13.2 TMT

Sulphuric Acid Plants:
200 I.G. Farben 5. That portion of the Hoechst
(a portion) Plant & equipment beyond the retained capacity in accordance with the level, is offered for the production of: 30 TMT of sulphuric acid.

200(Z) I.G. Farben 6. A further capacity of Hoechst
(a portion) 9 TMT is also offered
(Z) This Plant, together with Nos. 1531 (Br.) and 2065 (Ir.), the production capacity of which is necessary for the neutralization of synthetic ammonia, will be retained temporarily in Germany until the necessary imports can be paid for.

Note. The sub-numbering of Plants in this Annex indicates all capacity production units that may be considered units of allocation. Any further reparational whole units of production capacity in the same plant at the same location will be added under the same reparational number and the next chronological sub-number.

LIST OF DYESTUFFS AND LIST 'A' (BASIC) CHEMICAL PLANTS FOR REPARATIONS -

WESTPHALIA ZONE
DYEING PLANTS

Rep. Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone	Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation	Bids with Recommended indication Allocation of priority (between Western and Eastern powers)
------------------	------	-------------	------	----------	-------------------------	--------------------	--

1526 I.G. Farben
 That portion of the plant & equip-
 ment beyond the retained capacity
 in accordance with the level is
 offered for the production of:
 1. 5,000 tons per annum of Azo dvestuffs
 2. 400 " " " Triphenylmethane dvestuffs
 3. 250 " " " Alizarin & Vat
 4. 500 " " " Naphtols & Bases (rapidogens)

1527 I.G. Farben
 Dvestuffs plant with annual capacity of: Herdinsen
 500 tons of other dvestuffs

LIST A (BASIC) CHEMICAL PLANTS

Rep. Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone	Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation	Bids with Recommended indication Allocation of priority (between Western and Eastern powers)
1464*	Synthetic Ammonia (as N - -) Gewerkschaft Victor	That part of the plant for production of synthetic ammonia		Castrop Rauvel			
1465*	Ruhrchenie A.G.	ditto		Oberhanssen- Folten			
1466*	Fibernia A.G.	Whole plant for the production of synthetic ammonia		Venne- Eickel			
1467*)	Ewald A.G.	ditto		Erkenschwick			

*) Under the provisions of COME/P(46)14 these plants are not immediately available.

LIST OF INVESTMENTS AND IISE A (BASIC) CHEMICAL PLANTS FOR REPAIRATIONS
 BRITISH ZONE

LIST 'A' (BASIC) CHEMICAL PLANTS

Rep. Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part, individual item of equip.	Evaluation if available	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern and Western Powers)
1528	I.G. Farben Chlorine Plants	That portion of the Plant & equipment beyond the retained capacity in accordance with the level is offered for the production of: 31 TMT of Chlorine.	Leverkusen				
1529	I.G. Farben	Chlorine plant with annual capacity of 32.5 TMT	Huels				
1038**	I.G. Farben	Half finished new Chlorine plant with a planned annual capacity of 20 TMT.	Merdingen				
1528.9 (x)	I.G. Farben Caustic Soda Plants: (Electrolytic Caustic)	That portion of the Plant & equipment beyond the retained capacity in accordance with the level is offered for the production of 26.1 TMT of caustic soda.	Leverkusen				

Rep. Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part plant, individual item of equip.	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern and Western Powers)
	Caustic Soda Plants: (CONTD)						
1529	I.G. Farben	That portion of the plant and equipment beyond the retained capacity in accordance with the level is offered for the production of: 2% 2 TMT of caustic soda.	Huels				
(Y	This Plant, together with Nos. 200(4) U.S. & 2062 Fr., the total production capacity of which is 49,700 tons of Na_2CO_3 , will be retained temporarily in Germany until the necessary imports can be paid for.						
**	Plant already offered as Advance Reparations.						
0	Plants 1528 and 1529 appear as both Chlorine and Caustic Soda Plants but bear one number each since they represent one unit of allocation each - the equipment being identical for the two products.						

LIST OF DYESTUFFS AND LIST A (BASIC) CHEMICAL PLANTS FOR REPARATIONS -
BRITISH ZONE

LIST 'A' (BASIC) CHEMICAL PLANTS

Rep. Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part plant, individual item of equip.	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern & Western Powers).
1000 **)	Chemical Caustic Matthes & Weber	Caustic soda plant with annual capacity of 10 TMT	Duisburg				
1000 **)	Soda Ash Plant Matthes & Weber	Soda ash plant with annual capacity of 87 TMT	Duisburg				
1530	Calcium Carbide Plant Stickstoff-dunger (a portion)	That portion of the plant and equipment beyond the retained capacity in accordance with the level is offered for the production of: 36 TMT of calcium carbide.	Knappsack				
1416***)	Sulphuric Acid Plant Metallwerke Unterweser	Sulphuric acid plant with capacity of 25 TMT	Nordenham				
1418***)	Berzellius Metallwerke	Sulphuric acid plant with capacity of 20 TMT	Duisburg				

**) Plant already offered as Advance Reparations.

***) Included in the Consolidated List of Plants for Reparations, Part III (DECO/F(46)272(2nd Revise)

LIST OF DYEING MACHINES AND LIST A (BASIC) CHEMICAL PLANTS FOR REPARATIONS
BRITISH ZONE

DECC/P(46)772
Annex 'B'

LIST 'A' (BASIC) CHEMICAL PLANTS

Rep. Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part plant, individual item of equip.	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern & Western Powers).
1571 (Z)	Sulphuric Acid Plant I.G. Farben	That portion of the plant and equipment, beyond the retained capacity in accordance with the level, is offered for the production of 100 TMT of sulphuric acid.	Leverkusen				
(Z)		This Plant, together with 200 (5) (U.S.), and 2065 (Fr.), the production capacity of which is necessary for the neutralization of synthetic ammonia, will be retained temporarily in Germany until the necessary imports can be paid for.					

LIST OF DYESTUFFS AND LIST 'A' (BASIC) CHEMICAL PLANTS FOR REPARATIONS

DECO/F(46)372

Annex 'C' Revise

FRENCH ZONE

LIST 'A' (BASIC) CHEMICAL PLANTS.

Repara- tions Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part plant, indi- vidual item of equip.	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern and Western Powers)
2062 *	Caustic Soda: (Electrolytic Caustic) (X) I.G. Farben (a portion)	That portion of the plant & equipment beyond the retained capacity in accordance with the level, is offered for the production of: 11.4 TMT of Caustic Soda.	Rhein- felden				
2063 *	I.G. Farben (a portion)	That portion of the plant & equipment beyond the retained capacity in accordance with the level, is offered for the production of: 7.3 TMT of Caustic Soda	Ludwigs- hafen				
2064	Calcium Carbide I.G. Farben	Calcium plant with annual capacity of 91 TMT of calcium carbide.	Ludwigs- hafen				
2065	Sulphuric Acid Plant (Z) I.G. Farben	That portion of the plant & equipment beyond the retained capacity in accordance with the level, is offered for the production of 42 TMT of sulphuric acid	Ludwigs- hafen				

* Plants 2062 and 2063 appear as both Chlorine and Caustic Soda Plants but bear one number each since they represent one unit of allocation each - the equipment being identical for the two products.

(Y) This plant, together with Nos. 200(4) (U.S.) and 1528 (BR), the total production capacity of which is 49,700 tons of Na₂O, will be retained temporarily in Germany until the necessary imports can be paid for.

(Z) This plant, together with Nos. 200(6) (U.S.) and 1531 (BR), the production capacity of which is necessary for the neutralization of synthetic ammonia, will be retained temporarily in Germany until the necessary imports can be paid for.

Annex 'D'

LIST OF DYESTUFFS & LIST A (BASIC)
CHEMICAL PLANTS TO BE RETAINED IN
GERMANY

<u>DYESTUFFS</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Products</u>	<u>Annual capacity to be retained in tons</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>SOVIET</u>	I.G.Farben	Wolfen	Azo dyestuffs	4,000	4,000
<u>FRENCH</u>	I.X. Farben	Ludwigshafen	Azo dyestuffs Triphenylmethane dyestuffs Indigo -) Alizarin & Vats Other	1,640 1,200 1,600 400 250	5,090
<u>BRITISH</u>	I.G.Farben	Leverkusen	Azo dyestuffs Triphenylmethane Alizarin & Vat	10,500 1,100 500	12,100
<u>AMERICAN</u>	I.G.Farben	Mainkur	Sulphur black Sulphur coloured Alizarin & Vat	1,200 1,980 1,080	
	I.G.Farben	Hoechst	Azo dyestuffs Triphenylmethane Sulphur black Alizarin & Vat	2,000 1,850 2,000 200	
	I.G.Farben	Offenbach	Naphthols & bases	1,000	11,310
	+) Taken at an average concentration of 50%				32,500

LIST A (BASIC) CHEMICALS

	<u>Name</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>1949 Production (Thousand metric tons)</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>CYANIDE</u>			
<u>AMERICAN</u>	Süddeutsche Kali-Stick- stoff Werk	Trostberg	42	
<u>BRITISH</u>	A.G. für Stickstoff- dünger	Knapsack	20	

CALCIUM CYANIDE (Contd)

	<u>Name</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>1949 Production (Thousand metric tons)</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>FRENCH</u>	Lonza Werk	Waldshut	10	
<u>SOVIET</u>	Bovar A.G.	Piesteritz	<u>46</u>	<u>118</u>

SUPERPHOSPHATE

<u>AMERICAN</u>	Süd Chemie	Heufeld	0.700	
	F.B.Silver- man	Offingen	4.5	
	Ges.für Elektro- metallurgie Dr. Gohm	Nürnberg	1.8	
	Ø Albert Chemie Werk	Biebrich	<u>17.</u>	<u>24</u>
	Ø Extensive repairs are necessary			
<u>BRITISH</u>	H. Stodiek	Kaarst	7.0	
	- do -	lohne	7.9	
	Chem.Werke Rombach	Oberhausen	15.8	≠
	J. Loosen	Leverkusen	4.2	
	Hoyermann	Nienburg	2.6	
	Carl Unbefunde	Melle	2.7	
	Reese Gebrüder	Bodenwerder	0.5	
	Chem.Dünger- fabrik Rendsburg	Rendsburg	6.3	≠

SUPERPHOSPHATE (Contd)

	<u>Name</u>	<u>Portion</u>	<u>1949 Production (Thousand metric tons)</u>	<u>Total</u>
BRITISH	Guano Werke	Krefeld	10.7	
	- do -	Dänischburg	5.3	
	- do -	Vienenburg	4.4	
	Superphosphate Fabrik Nordenham	Nordenham	<u>10.6</u>	<u>78</u>
	* Extensive repairs are necessary			
<u>FRENCH</u>	Giulini	Ludwigshafen	5.5	
	Kali Chemie	Hörnigen	<u>6.5</u>	<u>12</u>
SOVIET	Fertilia Chemi- sche Werke	Salzwedel	17	
	Fehlberg list A.G. Magdeburg		10	
	Fertilia. Chemi- sche Werke	Coswig	10	
	A.G. Weise	Draschwitz	6	
	Two damaged plants		<u>13</u>	<u>56</u>
				Total <u>170</u>

===
U.S. delegation believes
that this figure should be
132 and made a statement
to this effect which was
attached as Appendix I
to DECO/P(46)315

SYNTHETIC AMMONIA (as N-)
(Temporarily Retained)

AMERICAN

NIL

NIL

SYNTHETIC AMMONIA (as N-) (Contd)

	Name	Location	1949 Production (Thousand metric tons)	Total
<u>BRITISH</u>	Gewerkschaft Victor	-o- Castrop Rauxel	35	
	Ruhrchemie A.G.	-o- Oberhausen- Holten	23	
	Hibernia A.G.	-o- Wanne-Eickel	33	
	Ewald A.G.	-o- Erkenschoid	<u>21</u>	<u>112</u>

-o- CONI/P(46)14 stated that "All capital equipment for the production of synthetic ammonia is to be eliminated. Facilities for production will be temporarily retained to meet domestic requirements until the necessary imports are available and can be paid for." These four Plants are included to substantiate the retained capacity figure of 112 TMT only. They appear on the Consolidated List Part III DECO/P (46)273 (2nd Revise) as Plants confirmed for reparations but temporarily retained and bear Rep. Serial Nos. 1464, 1465, 1466 and 1467 respectively.

<u>FRENCH</u>	I.G. Farben	Oppau	250	⊞
<u>SOVIET</u>	Leuna Werke	Merseburg	<u>120</u>	Total <u>482</u>

⊞ These figures refer to the capacity before war damage occurred. Damage has been considerable and it is not certain to what extent repairs will be effective.

NOTE: The production of synthetic ammonia for use as a fertilizer necessitates the use of neutralisation plant of corresponding capacity. No information is yet available on the form in which Nitrogen will ultimately be imported. As soon as this information is available the list A Working Party can assess what neutralisation capacity can be removed when the synthetic ammonia plants are removed. (See Appendix 2 to DECO/P(46)315).

CHLORINE

	<u>Name</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>1949 Production (Thousand metric tons)</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>AMERICAN</u>	I.G. Farben (a portion)	Hoechst	14	
	Dr. A. Wacker	Burghausen	13	
<u>BRITISH</u>	I.G. Farben (a portion)	Leverkusen	9	
	Feldmuehle A.G.	Lülsdorf	10	
	Stickstoffdünger	Knapsack	3	
<u>FRENCH</u>	I.G. Farben (a portion)	Rheinfelden	6	
	I.G. Farben (a portion)	Ludwigshafen	9	
<u>SOVIET</u>	Goldschmidt	Ammendorf	10	
	D.S.W.	Westerregeln	17	
	D.S.W.	Osternienburg	13	<u>104</u>

CAUSTIC SODA(i) Electrolytic Caustic

<u>AMERICAN</u>	I.G. Farben (a portion)	Hoechst	12.2	
	Dr. A. Wacker	Burghausen	11.4	
<u>BRITISH</u>	I.G. Farben (a portion)	Leverkusen	7.8	
	Feldmuehle A.G.	Lülsdorf	8.7	
<u>FRENCH</u>	I.G. Farben (a portion)	Rheinfelden	5.2	
	I.G. Farben (a portion)	Ludwigshafen	7.8	

<u>CAUSTIC SODA (Contd)</u>			1949 Production (Thousand metric tons)	Total
	Name	Location		
<u>SOVIET</u>	Goldschmidt	Ammendorf	8.5	
	D.S.I.	Westerregeln	15	
	D.S.I.	Osternierburg	<u>11.5</u>	
		Total electrolytic caustic		<u>88.1</u>

(ii) Chemical Caustic

<u>BRITISH</u>	D.S.I.	Rheinburg	42	
	Köln Kalk	Köln	12	
	Kali-Chemie	Stolberg	<u>10</u>	
		Total chemical caustic		<u>64</u>
		Total caustic soda		<u>152.1</u>

SODA ASH

<u>AMERICAN</u>	Kali Chemie	Heilbronn	98	
<u>BRITISH</u>	D.S.I.	Rheinburg	133	
	Köln Kalk	Köln	57	
<u>FRENCH</u>	D.S.I.	Wyhlen	32.6	
<u>SOVIET</u>	D.S.I.	Eisenach	25	
	Soda Werke G.m.b.H.	Starfurt	<u>30</u>	
		Total soda ash including chemical caustic soda ash		375.6
		Soda ash to make 64.0 chemical caustic		<u>68.0</u>

Total soda ash required as such 307.6

NITRIUM CARBIDE

<u>AMERICAN</u>	Süddeutsche Kali Stickstoff (a portion)	Hart	169
	Dr. A. Becker (a portion)	Burghausen	31.5
<u>BRITISH</u>	Stickstoffdünger (a portion)	Knapsack	117

CALCIUM CARBIDE

	<u>Name</u>	<u>Location</u>	1941 Production (Thousand metric tons)	<u>Total</u>
<u>FRENCH</u>	Ionza Werke Karbide Fabrik	Waldshut Whylen	63.6 9	
<u>SOVIET</u>	Bovar A.G. Ionza Werke	Piesteritz Spremberg	150 50	590.2

SULPHURIC ACID

<u>AMERICAN</u>			
	I.G. Farben (a portion)	Hoechst	67
	Kali Chemie	Lannheim	19
	Albert Chemie	Wiesbaden	8.7
	Th. Goldschmidt	Mannheim	12
	Sud Chemie	Kelheim	43.8
	Ges. Elektro- metallurgie	Nurnberg v.	3.5

<u>SOVIET</u>	A.G. Chemische Production Pommernsdorf Milch	Uranienburg	11
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	Fahlberg List A.G.	Magdeburg	34
	Fortilia Chem. Werke	Coswig	30.5
	Bergwerk Gesellschaft	Magdeburg	53
	Georg von Gisesch Erben		

- 11 Sulphuric acid plant associated with zinc production plant. The final handing over of this plant for reparations is dependent on the fate of the metallurgical plant.

<u>BRITISH</u>			
	Henkel & Cie	Duesseldorf	3
	I.G. Farben Chem. Fabrik	Dormagen Duisburg-Man-	32 70
	Curtius A.G.	heimerort	
	Chem. Werke Rombach	Oberhausen	16
	Kali-Chemie A.G.	Bochum	40
	Guano Werke	Krefeld-Linn	8
	Dynamit A.G.	Schlebusch	14
	Kali-Chemie A.G.	Nienburg-Woser	20
	I.G. Farben A.G.	Leverkusen	180
	Chem. Fabrik	Wesseling	14

SULPHURIC ACID (Contd.)

	<u>Name</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>1947 Production</u> (Thousand metric tons)	<u>Total</u>
<u>BRITISH</u>	Norddeutsche Raffinerie	Hamburg	50	
	I.G. Farben A.G.	Uerdingen	32	
	H. Stodiek & Co.	Loehne	5	
	Guan• Werke A.G.	Danischburg	8	
	Ges.für Chem.Ind.	Grevenbruch	19	
	Chem.Düngerfabrik	Rendsburg	6	
	Chem.Fabrik	Wocklum	8	
-	Wilhelm Grillo	Duisburg	10	
-	A.G.des Altenbergs	Essen	44	
-	Stolberger Zinkhütte	Nievenheim, Münsterbusch & Binsfeldhammer	53	
-	Unterharzer Berg u. Huttenwerke	Oker Harlingerode & Clausthal	69	721

- Sulphuric acid plants associated with non-ferrous metallurgical plants. Operation of those retained is dependent on the non-ferrous metal production programme.

<u>FRENCH</u>	I.G. Guilini	Ludwigshafen	105.5	
	Hoeningen	"	13.6	
		"	7.3	116.4

<u>SOVIET</u> (Contd)	Agfa Seide	Meritz	22.2	
	I.G. Farben	Polfen	26	
	Kali-Chemie	Berlin	11	
	Mansfelder Kuper-schifer Bergbau A.G.	Eisloben	35.2	
	Hutten u. Blaufarbenwerke	Freiburg, Saxony	6	
	F. Winter Fabrik	Forbruck, Saxony	3.3	
	Zschimmer u.Schwarz	Heinrichshall	11	257.2

Total 1,248.6

Plants for Sulphuric Acid for Neutralising Synthetic Ammonia

The following plants are included in the above list in order to provide 150 TMT of SO₃ to neutralise ammonia from the synthetic ammonia plants

<u>American</u>	I.G. Farben, Hoechst	9	
	(s portion)		

Plants for Sulphuric Acid for Neutralising Synthetic Ammonia
(Contd)

<u>British</u>	I.G. Farben, Leverkusen (a portion)	100
<u>French</u>	I.G. Farben, Ludwigshafen (a portion)	42

The British and American delegates think they should be retained as long as the synthetic ammonia plants are retained and then removed along with the latter.

The French and Soviet delegates, on the other hand, think they should be removed immediately. The French views were set out in Appendix 2 to DECO/P(46)315. The above 3 Plants also appear in Annex 'A', 'B' and 'C' under Repts. Nos. 200/6, 1531 and 2065 respectively.

COORDINATING COMMITTEELIST NO. 1 OF POWER STATIONS PROPOSED FOR REPARATIONS FROM THE
THREE WESTERN ZONES OF GERMANY.

(Note by Allied Secretariat)

1. The ECONOMIC Directorate has approved list No.1 of Stations declared available on account of Reparations from the three Western Zones of Germany.

2. This list (attached) comprises:

Appendix "A" : 28 Power Stations in the U.S. Zone (4 Public Utilities Stations and 24 Industrial)

Appendix "B" : 63 Power Stations in the British Zone (23 Public Utilities Stations and 40 Industrial)

Appendix "C" : 19 Power Stations in the French Zone (8 Public Utilities Stations and 11 Industrial)

These Appendices are issued on a limited distribution.

3. In regard to the plants shown in the present list, the Economic Directorate draws the Coordinating Committee's attention to the following statement:

(a) The Reparation Serial numbers of Industrial Power Stations for Reparations are the same as those for the plants to which they are attached and these Industrial Power Stations are subject to the same conditions of temporary retentions as the parent plants.

The attention of the Coordinating Committee is directed also to the continued application of the following reservations:

(b) The necessity for the retention of certain of the plants for the use of the Occupation Forces or for other essential requirements such as mining supplies,

transport maintenance and repairs. The ultimate date for these plants will be shown on the individual plant description forms prepared for such plants.

- (c) That the plants do not belong wholly or partly to the nationals of the United Nations, in which event the right to substitute equivalent capacity is reserved.
- (d) That the plants or parts thereof are not subject to restitution.
- (e) The retention in all four Zones of the level of capacity to be approved by the Economic Directorate.

4. This list has been checked by the Permanent Secretariat for Reparations. A further list will shortly be submitted, comprising a list of plants to be declared available for reparations and another list to be retained in Germany.

5. This paper is submitted for consideration and approval by the Coordinating Committee at its 87th Meeting on 4 November 1946. *

J.I. BUDIAR, Consul General

A.A. RUDRILAVTSEV, Major

H.A. GERHARDT, Colonel

K.G. EAHAM, Brigadier.

Allied Secretariat
CORC/P(46)355

*) see page 131

5 November 1946

CORC/L(46)58

COORDINATING COMMITTEEMINUTES

(Meeting of 4 November 1946)

637. LIST NO. 1 of POWER STATIONS PROPOSED FOR REPARATIONS
FROM THE THREE WESTERN ZONES OF GERMANY

The Meeting considered CORC/P(46)355.

THE MEETING:

- (637) (a) approved the list of electric power plants in CORC/P(46)355 for valuation; *)
- (b) agreed to instruct the Economic Directorate;
- (i) to delete plant No.1503 from this list and to consider this question further;
- (ii) to submit a list of power plants to be retained in Germany as soon as possible;
- (iii) to submit recommendations concerning the exchange of electric power among the Zones.

*) Underscoring by Publisher

Public Utilities Stations

Repairs- Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part plant, indi- vidual item of equip.	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern and Western Powers)
		Power Plant with capacity (Mw) of:					
4	Grosskraftwerk AG	32.8	Mannheim				
10	Anorgana Chem. Werk	60.0	Hannndorf Bavaria				
11	Hastedt	35.0	Bremen				
12	Toeing	51.0	Mueeldorf Bavaria				

PUMP PLANTS DECLARED AVAILABLE FOR REPARATIONS FROM AMERICAN ZONE

Reparations Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Industrial Stations				Recommended Allocation (between Eastern and Western Powers).
			Zone Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part-vidual item of emplo.	Bids with indication of priority	
		Power Plant with capacity (MW) of:					
3	Deutsche Schiffsmaschinenbau A.G.	6.0	Bremen				
5	AlBekker Humboldt Deutz	1.1	Oberursel Gr.H				
14	BMW Station No.2	15.8	Munich, Bavaria				
15	Fabrik Hess Lichtenau	9.5	Hirtenhagen Gr.H				
18	Norddeutsche Hütte	6.8	Bremen				
20	Fabrik Kaufburen	3.1	Kaufburen Bavaria				
21	Fabrik Aschau	8.1	Mthldorf Bavaria				
24	Wehrmacht Ordnance Plant	5.3	Geretsreid Bavaria				
28	I.G. Farben	2.0	Greisheim Gr.H				
31	I.G. Farben	3.1	Offenbach Gr.H				
32	Fabrik Allendorf	10.2	Allendorf Gr.H				
33	Fabrik Wolftratshausen Bavaria	6.5	Wolftratshausen Bavaria				

DECLARED AVAILABLE FOR REPAIRATIONS FROM AMERICAN TO

Reparations Serial	Name	Capacity (MW) of:	Industrial Stations		Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part, individual item of emitt	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (Between Eastern and Western Powers)
			Zone Location	Evaluation if available			
35	Fabrik Kafering	7.8	Landsberg Bavaria				
36	Fabrik Eschenstrut	0.2	Eschenstrut Gr.H.				
37	Fabrik Beidingen (I.G. Farben)	6.5	Babington Bavaria				
38	Fabrik Kraiburg	7.9	Kraiburg, Bavaria				
44	Dynamit A.G.	0.8	Stadeln Bavaria				
45	Paravol Werke Welden	2.4	Welden Bavaria				
50	Heeresmunitionsaer-stalt St. Goergen	1.2	Trostberg Bavaria				
104	Werke Lippoldsjeers		Lippolds-berg Gr.H.				
125	Wintershall A.F.	7.5	Heringsen, Gr.H.				
126	Vereinigte Aluminiumwerke	5.6	Schwandorf Gr.H.				
176	Buderus Eisenwaerke	16.2	Wetzlar Gr.H.				
182	Portland Zement-Fabrik	1.1	Harburg Bavaria				

Power Plant with capacity (MW) of:

POWER PLANTS DECLARED AVAILABLE FOR REPAIRATIONS FPO BRITISH ZONE
 Public Utilities Stations

Reparations Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation Allocation if available plant, part of whole plant, indi- vidual item of equi-	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allo- cation (between Eastern and Western Powers)
		Power Plant with capacity (MW) of: -				
1503	Rheinische Braun- kohlen A.G.	64.0	Fortuna Cologne			
1504	Stadwerke Köln	16.0	Cologne			
1505	Stadwerke Düsseldorf	120.4	Düssel- dorf			
1506	Rheinisch-West- fälisches Elek- trizitätswerk AG	30.0	Essen			
1507	Bergische Elek- trizitätsversor- GmbH	19.65	Murper- Elberfeld			
1508	Stadtwerk Duis- burg	34.0	Duisburg			
1509	Rheinisch-West- fälische Elektri- zitätswerk A.G.	18.0	Vesel			
1510	Niederschische Kraftwerk A.G.	70.0	Ibbenbüren			
1511	Kommunales Elek- trizitätswerk	87.5	"Günower" Herdecke			

POWER PLANTS DECLARED AVAILABLE FOR REPARATIONS FROM BRITISH ZONE

Appendix 'B' to
COTC/E(46)355

Repara- tions Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Public Utilities Station		Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern & Western Powers)
			Zone Location	Evaluation if available			Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part visual item of equip.
1512	A.G. für Versorgungs- unternehmen des Ernene- Ruhr-Kreises	Power Plants with capacity (MW) of:	Gevelsberg			
1513	Munizipalwerke Biele- feld	46.0	Bielefeld			
1514	Vereinigte Elektrizi- tätswerke Westfalen AG	36.0	Dortmund (Kruckell)			
1515	Elektrizitätswerk Vinden Minden-Ravensberg G.m.b.H.	47.0	Herford			
1516	Hamburgische Elektrizi- tätswerke	68.7	Kirchlangern Alt-Gaue			
1517	Städtische Betriebswerke Hannover	90.3	Hannover- Herren- hausen			
1518	Elektrizitätswerk Wesertal G.m.b.H.	14.0	Hamelu Affelder			
1519	Rheinisch-Westfälisches Elektrizitätswerk A.G.	9.9	Ruhle near Meppen			
1520	Hannover-Braunschweig- sche Stromversorgung A.G.	3.0	Lüneburg			

Appendix I
 CPO/I(46)355

POWER PLANTS DECLARED AVAILABLE FOR REPARATIONS FROM BRITISH ZONE

Public Utilities Stations

Reparations Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part plant, individual item or equip.	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern and Western Powers)
1521	Hamburgische Elektrizitätswerke A.G.	Power Plants with capacity (MW) of: 80.0	Wedel (Station Schulau)				
1522	Stadtwerk Neumünster	16.5	Neumünster				
1523	Stadtwerk Lübeck	1.0	Lübeck				
1524	Stadtwerk Münster	6.5	Münster				
1525	Nordwestdeutsche Kraftwerke A.G.	28.87	Lübeck (Herrenpark)				

POWER PLANTS DECLARED AVAILABLE FOR REPARATIONS FROM BRITISH ZONE Appendix 'B' to
CORC/F(46)755

Name	Description	Industrial Stations		Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part vidual item of equip.	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern and Western Powers)
		Zone Location	Evaluation if available			
1004	Blohm & Voss	Hamburg (Stat. 11 and 111)	7.5	Plant with capacity (100) of:-		
1005	Friedrich Krupp	Essen-Borbeck	32.0			
1009	Friedrich Krupp	Essen	51.2			
1013	Kriegsmarinerverft Wilhelmshaven	Wilhelmshaven	21.5			
1018	Firma Wolf & Co.	Bomlitz near Walterode	4.85			
1019	Eibia G.m.b.H.	Benefeld near Bomlitz	20.0			
1020	Ammunition-Depot	Liebanau near Nienburg	19.4			
1021	Dynamit A.G.	Düneberg near Geesthacht	15.2			
1022	Dynamit A.G.	Krummel near Geesthacht	19.4			
1023	Warenkommission A.G.	Drogahn near Dannenberg	2.0			
1026	Maschinen für Massenverpackung	Schlutup	4.8			
1206	Friedrich Krupp Germaniawerke	Kiel-Garden	8.1			
1216	Martinswerke G.m.b.H.	Bergheim	5.0			
1225/ 1464	Klöckner Werk (x)	Castrop-Pauzel	40.0			

Stations marked (x) will be temporarily retained, and will be dismantled with the associated works.

POWER PLANTS DECLARED AVAILABLE FOR REPAIRATIONS FROM BRITISH ZONE
Industrial Stations

Appendix 'B' to
CCRC/F(46)355

Repara- tions Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part vidual item of equip.	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allo- cation (between Eastern & Western Powers)
		Power Plant with capacity (MW) of:--					
1227/ 1465	Buhrchemie A.G. (X)	87.0	Sterkrade Holten				
1228/ 1466	Bergwerk A.G. (X)	108.0	Scholven				
1230	Union Rhein Braun- kohlen Kraftstoff AG(X)	60.0	Cologne- Wesseling				
1231	Gelsenberg Behn- zin A.G. (X)	145.5	Gelsenkir- chen-Horst Marl-				
1232	Chemische Werke Höls G.m.b.H. (X)	180.0	Westfalen				
1235	Deutsche Werke Kiel A.G.	18.45	Kiel- Garden				
1238	Hovaldtswerke A.G.	12.0	Kiel-Dietrichsdorf				
1248	Flensberg Schiff- maschinenbau	1.0	Flensberg				
1319	Friedrich-Alfred-Hütte	71.0	Rheinhausen				
1320	Vereinigte Stahlwerke Bochumer Verein	42.0	Bochum				
1320	Vereinigte Stahlwerke Bochumer Verein	11.7	Bochum-Weitmar				
1322 1323	Hoesch A.G. Reichswerke A.G.	40.05 290.0	Dortmund Hallendorf				
		Only 145.0 available for reparations.					

NOTE: Stations marked (X) will be temporarily retained, and will be dismantled with the associated works.

POWER PLANTS DECLARED AVAILABLE FOR REPAIRATIONS FROM BRITISH ZONE
Industrial Stations

Appendix 'B' to
CORC/F (46) 355

Repara- tions Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part plant, indi- vidual item of equip.	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern and Western Zones)
		Power Plant with capacity (MW) of: -					
1324	August Thyssen Hütte	15.0	Duisburg- Harborn				
1330	Mannesmann-Röhrenwerk	3.5	Duisburg- Grossenbaum				
1331	Gute Hoffnungs Hütte Oberhausen A.G.	2.5	Düsseldorf				
1337	Dortmund-Eorder Hütten- verein (Dortmund Union)	40.5	Dortmund				
1338	Albückerwerk A.G.	2.8	Essenbrück				
1339	Mannesmann-Röhrenwerk	21.15	Duisburg Huckingen				
1340	August Thyssen Hütte AG	13.7	Duisburg Meiderich				
1341	Ruhrstahl A.G. Heinrichshütte	18.0	Hattingen				
1344	August Thyssen Hütte	5.2	Duisburg- Hochfeld				
1410	Otto Schickert & Co.	19.4	Rhunspringe				
1411	Otto Schickert & Co.	8.6	Lauterberg				
1412	Norddeutsche Raffinerie	8.6	Hamburg- Weddel				
1532	Volkswagenwerke (V)	66.6	Wolfsburg				

NOTE: Stations marked (V) will be temporarily retained, and will be dismantled with the associated works.

POWER PLANTS DECLARED AVAILABLE FOR REPAIRATIONS FOR FRENCH ZONE
Public Utilities Stations

Appendix 'C' to
CORC/F(46)355

Repara- tions Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part vidual item of equip.	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern and Western Powers)
		Power Plant with capacity (MW) of:-					
2066	Kraftübertragungswerke Rheinfelden	8.0	Wyhlen-Baden				
2067	Elektrowerke Mittel- Baden A.G.	3.9	Lehr-Baden				
2068	Überlandwerke Achern	4.8	Achern, Baden				
2069	Elektrizitätswerk Rheinessen A.G.	3.2	Worms, Palatinate				
2070	Stadtwerke Mainz (X)	31.0 Only 17.0 avail- able for repara- tions					
2071	Stadtwerke Firmasens (X)	10.9	Firmasens, Palatinate				
2072	Stadt Elektrizitätswerk Kaiserslautern (X)	5.6	Kaiserslautern Palatinate				
2073	Elfalzwerte A.G. (X)	5.0	Ludwigshafen Palatinate				

NOTE: Stations marked thus (X) are proposed provisionally pending a decision on the question of the Saar Region

POWER PLANTS DECLARED AVAILABLE FOR REPAIRS FROM FRENCH ZONE
Industrial Stations

Appendix 'C' to
COEC/F(46)355

Reparations Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part vidual item of equip.	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern and Western Powers)
2025	Guilme-Bruder	Power Plant with capacity(MW) of:- 23.5 Only 12.5 avail- able for repara- tions	Ludwigshafen				
2043	Eisen-Hüttenwerke AG (X)	15.0	Merxried-Rasselstein				
2046	Meunkirchen Eisen- werke (X)	70.0	Meunkirchen				
2074	Portland-Zementwerke	5.2	Schelklingen				
2005	Mausserwerke A.G.	6.9	Oberndorf				
2075	I.G. Farben	8.0	Rottweil				
2047	Röchling-Eisen & Stahl Werke (X)	Only 1.5 avail- able for repara- tions 11.0	Voelklingen				

REMARKS: Stations marked thus (X) are proposed provisionally pending a decision on the question of the Saar Region.

Plant No. 2075 will be retained temporarily and will be dismantled with the associated factory.

POWER PLANTS DECLARED AVAILABLE FOR REPARATIONS FROM FRENCH ZONE
Industrial Stations

Appendix 'C' to
CORC/F(46)355

Reparations Serial Nos.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of Allocation i.e. whole plant, part plant, indi- vidual item of equip.	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended Allocation (between Eastern and Western Powers)
2062	I.G. Farben	Power Plant with capacity(MW)of:- 2.0	Rheinfelden				
2042	I.G. Farben	80.1 Only 43.5 avail- able for repara- tions	Ludwigshafen, 2				
2076	I.G. Farben	108.3	Oppau				
2045	Rheinmetall- Borsig A.G.	11.0	Tegel				

NOTE: In accordance with COM/P(46)14, Plants 2042 and 2076 are not available for reparations until the production of synthetic rubber and nitrogen fertilisers is discontinued.

COORDINATING COMMITTEElist of Miscellaneous Plants Available for Reparations
(Part I)

(Note by Allied Secretariat)

1. The Economic Directorate has prepared a list of miscellaneous plants available for reparations.

2. This list comprises:

Appendix "A" (limited distribution):

1 electric-arc furnace in U.S. Zone

Appendix "B" (limited distribution):

4 plants for the production of synthetic ammonia (Nos. 1464, 1465, 1466, 1467)

4 subsidiaries to the FISHER THOROUGH plants (Nos. 1468, 1469, 1470, 1471)

The above 8 plants according to COM/P(46)14, are not immediately available.

13 armament plants (Nos. 1472 to 1484) in the British Zone

8 electric-arc furnaces which are above the capacity authorized for retention, and situated in retained steel-works. (Nos. 1485 - 1492)

3. The Economic Directorate invites the attention of the Coordinating Committee to the fact that the following reservations continue to apply:

(a) The necessity for the temporary retention of certain of the plants for the use of the Occupation Forces or for other essential requirements such as mining supplies, transport maintenance and repairs. The ultimate date for these plants will be shown on the individual plant description forms prepared for such plants.

(b) That the plants do not belong wholly or partly to the nationals of the United Nations, in which event the right to substitute equivalent capacity is reserved.

(c) That the plants or parts thereof are not subject to restitution.

(d) The retention in all four Zones of the level of capacity to be approved by the Economic Directorate.

4. All these plants have been verified by the Permanent Reparations Secretariat.

5. The present paper is submitted for the consideration of the Coordinating Committee for valuation, publication and allocation, at its 87th Meeting on 4 November 1946. *)

J. I. BAUDLER, Consul-General

A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major

H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel

K. G. ENNIS, Brigadier

Allied Secretariat

CORC/P(46)356

*) see page 146

6 November 1946

CORC/1(46)58

COORDINATING COMMITTEEMINUTES

(Meeting of 4 November 1946)

638. LIST OF MISCELLANEOUS PLANTS AVAILABLE FOR REPARATIONS
(Part I)

The Meeting considered CORC/P(46)356.

THE MEETING:

- (638) (a) approved the list of electric arc furnaces in Appendices "A", and "B" of CORC/P(46)356 for valuation and subsequent notification to interested nations;
- (b) approved the list of 13 war plants (Nos. 1472 through 1484 in Appendix "B") for immediate allocation, in accordance with Conclusion (604)(c) of CORC/1(46)56;
- (c) agreed not to proceed with valuation of the eight synthetic ammonia plants for the present.

*) Underscoring by Publisher

DEC/F (46) 392
Annex "A"

List of Electric Arc Furnaces available for Reparations which are
over the Size Agreed for Retention and are situated in Steel Plants
which are being retained.

Reparations Serial No.	Name Description	Zone Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of allocation i.e. whole plant, indiv item of equip.	Bids with indication of priority between Eastern Western owners	Recommended allocation
192	Avimilian Gnette	Electric arc furnace only				

Chemical Plants - British Zone

Reg. Serial No.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation	Unit of allocation	Bids with recommended indication allocation
				if possible	the whole plant,	part plant, individual of priority between Eastern & Western Powers).

PLANTS FOR PRODUCTION OF SYNTHETIC AMMONIA (IA (PO) BILHO (UNWISZEW))

(Under provisions of COL/F (46) 14 these plants are not immediately available).

1464	Gemeinschaft Victoria	That part of the plant for production of synthetic Ammonia			Castron Barrel	
1465	Buhrchemie AG.				Oberhausen-Holten	
1466	Liberalia AG.	Whole plant for production of Synthetic Ammonia			Wanne-Tickel	
1467	Ewald AG.				Trkenschiedeg	
1468	Ovo Gesellschaft GmbH.	Under provisions of COL/F (46) 14 these plants are not immediately available.			PLANTS FOR SUBSIDIARY PRODUCTION OF SYNTHETIC AMMONIA	
1469	Steinkohlenbergwerk Rheinpreussische Chemische Werke Anlage IV	Whole plant for synthetic higher alcohols			Oberhausen-Holten	
1470	Deutsche Fettwarenerke GmbH.	Whole plant for synthetic alkyd naphthalines			Lomben	
1471	Irhansen & Co. Speisefettfabrik	Whole plant for esterification of fatty acids			Wiederrhein	
		Whole plant for esterification of fatty acids in fat.			Witten-Ruhr	
					Witten-Ruhr	

ARMAMENT "B" TO
TECO/F(46)797

Unit of
Allocation
Rids with
Recommended
allocation.
indication
of
(between
Eastern and
Western
Zones)

Armament Plants - British Zone

Ref. Serial No.	Name	Description	Zone Location	Evaluation	if possible	plant, part of plant, individual item of equip.	Priority
1472	Stahlwerke Pommnick GmbH.	Manuf. of bombs, shells & gun barrels	Matenstadt Hannover				
1473	Hans Heiss	Manuf. of shell, grenades & tank spades	Hannover				
1474	Ed. Soehne	Manuf. of shell cases & grenades	Hannover				
1475	C. Bittinghaus & Soehne	Manuf. of press tools, rigs etc. rocket cases & grenades parts	Hannover				
1476	Surenbreck Iau	Shell machining & manuf. of bombs fins	Hannover				
1477	Volltrupp Werke	Manuf. of rocket firing guns & rocket parts	Hannover				
1478	Wilhelm-Schwidning	Manuf. of aircraft patrol tanks, Sea-mines for use with one man submarine	Hannover				
1479	F. Keller & Co.	Manuf. of slidings & flexible bearings for aircraft control	Hannover				
1480	Max Beutsch & Co.	Manuf. of generators & schinen & Zahrad- for aircraft	Hannover				
1481	Torpedo Versuchs-Anstalt	Manuf. of torpedos & research for same	Hannover				
1482	Sprengstoffuell-anlage	Explosives manuf. & filling	Hannover				
1483	Dynamit AG.	Fuse filling	Hannover				
1484	Weeresmunitions-anstalt	Explosives filling plant and magazine	Hannover				

ATTN: MR. TO
DECO/E(46) 398

List of Electric Arc Furnaces available for Reparations which are over the Size Agreed for Retention and are situated in Steel Plants which are being retained.

Rev. Serial No.	Name	Description	Zone	Location	Evaluation if available	Unit of allocation	Bids with indication of priority	Recommended allocation
1485	Malwerke (Boeking)	2 Electric arc furnaces only	K8'n					Eastern and Western Powers
1486	Klockner	-do-		Haspe				
1487	Klockner Georgsmarshuette	1 Electric arc furnace only		Osnabruck				
1488	D. F. H. V. Hoerde	4 Electric arc furnaces only		Dortmund				
1489	Buhrstahl	2 Electric arc furnaces only		Witten				
1490	Buhrstahl	1 Electric arc furnace only		Oberkassel				
1491	Geisweider Eisenwerke	1 Electric arc furnace only		Geiswald				
1492	F.V. Hoff	2 Electric arc furnaces only		Bochum				

CONTROL COUNCILDirective No. 45Limitation of the Technical Characteristics of
German Pleasure, Craft**THE CONTROL COUNCIL DIRECTS AS FOLLOWS:**

1. The following limitations shall be applied to pleasure craft:
 - a. The maximum speed in calm water - 10 knots
 - b. Maximum tonnage - 15 gross registered tons
 - c. Length between perpendiculars - not more than 13 meters,
2. These limitations shall apply to all vessels of the above category which may be constructed or otherwise acquired by Germany, except insofar as the Control Council may authorize.
3. The speed referred to in this Directive shall apply to vessels fully manned, provisioned, stored and fuelled for going out to sea,
4. Installations and reinforcements permitting the craft to be used for other than pleasure purposes, and in particular for military purposes, are forbidden,
5. This Directive shall come into force on the date of publication,

Done at Berlin the 9th day of November 1946,

P. A. Kurochkin

P. A. KUROCHKIN

Colonel General

F. A. Keating

for LUCIUS D. CLAY

Lieutenant General

G. W. E. J. Erskine

for B. H. ROBERTSON

Lieutenant General

R. Noiret

R. NOIRET

General de Division

CORC/P(46)350 Final

COORDINATING COMMITTEEAmendment of Control Council Law No. 25 and the Plan for
Reparations and the Level of Post-War German Economy as
Regards the 'Concentration of Hydrogen Peroxide.

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1. The Production of Hydrogen Peroxide in concentration above 50% is prohibited in Schedules "C" and "D", to Control Council Law No. 25; and in paragraph 4 1 and in Table I, paragraph 1A (8) to the Plan for Reparations and the Level of Post-War German Economy.

2. It has been agreed by the Economic Directorate that, in view of the war potential of concentrated hydrogen peroxide, it is undesirable to permit the production in Germany of hydrogen peroxide of above 37% strength, or to permit plant to remain in Germany capable in normal operation of producing hydrogen peroxide of above 41% strength.

The following amendments to published papers are therefore required., and the Coordinating Committee is requested to approve these amendments:-

"The Plan for Reparations and the Level of Post-War German Economy"
CORC/M(46)18*)

Paragraph 4(1) : Replace 50% by 41%
Table I, Paragraph A8 : Replace 50% by 37%

"Law No. 25, "Control of Scientific Research". (CONL/P(46)29 Final),**)

Schedules C and D : Replace 50% by 3%

3; This paper is submitted for the approval of the Coordinating Committee at its 88th Meeting on 9 November 1946.

A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major
H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel
K. G. EXHAM, Brigadier
J. L. BAUDIER, Consul General
Allied Secretariat

Approved at Berlin 9 November 1946

CORC/P(46)362

*) see pages 35 and 42 of Volume III

***) see page 110 and 111 of Volume III and page 156 of this Volume.

CONTROL COUNCILLaw No. 39Distinguishing Flag to be Worn by German and Ex-German
Ships Operating Under Allied Control Authority

THE CONTROL COUNCIL ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

ARTICLE I

1. In all cases, except as provided in Article III, every German or ex-German vessel operating under the Allied Control Authority shall at all times wear the Allied Control Authority distinguishing flag which shall consist of International Flag "C" with a triangle cut from the fly, as shown in the schedule hereto. (Appendix "A")

2. This flag shall be worn at the masthead, or in cases of vessels that have no masthead, at the place prescribed by usage or custom; it shall be worn continuously day and night and shall be treated as a distinguishing flag.

3. No ceremonial shall be accorded this flag which shall not be dipped in salute to warships or merchant ships of any nationality.

4. No other distinguishing flag shall be worn by any vessel covered by paragraph 1 of this Article.

ARTICLE II

The provisions of this law shall not apply to requisitioned craft which are operated by or under the direct control of one of the Occupying Powers.

ARTICLE III

Craft operating on inland waterways may, as an alternative to wearing the Allied Control Authority flag as prescribed in paragraph 2 of Article I, have the colors of this flag painted on both sides of the craft as a distinguishing mark. Zone Commanders may, however, provide that inland waterway vessels operating exclusively within their respective Zones shall not be required to wear or display any distinguishing flag or mark.

ARTICLE IV

1. The Master or any other person actually in command of any German or ex-German vessel operating under the Allied Control Authority who violates any of the provisions of Article I of this law, shall, without prejudice to any criminal liability which he may have incurred under the provisions of any other law or laws, be liable to prosecution before a Military Government or German Court and be punishable with a fine of not less than RM 300.- and not more than RM 10,000.-.

2. In grave cases, the Court may impose imprisonment (Gefängnis) for a term not exceeding five years, with or without the fine provided by paragraph 1 of this Article.

ARTICLE V

This law shall come into force two months after the date of publication.

DONE AT BERLIN THE 12th DAY OF NOVEMBER 1946.

V. Sokolovsky

V. SOKOLOVSKY

Marshal of the Soviet Union

Joseph T. McFarney

JOSEPH T. MCFARNEY

General

Sholto Douglas

SHOLTO DOUGLAS

Marshal of the Royal Air Force

R. J. Noiret

R. J. NOIRET

General de Division

"The date of publication is 17 November 1946 at 1800 hours".

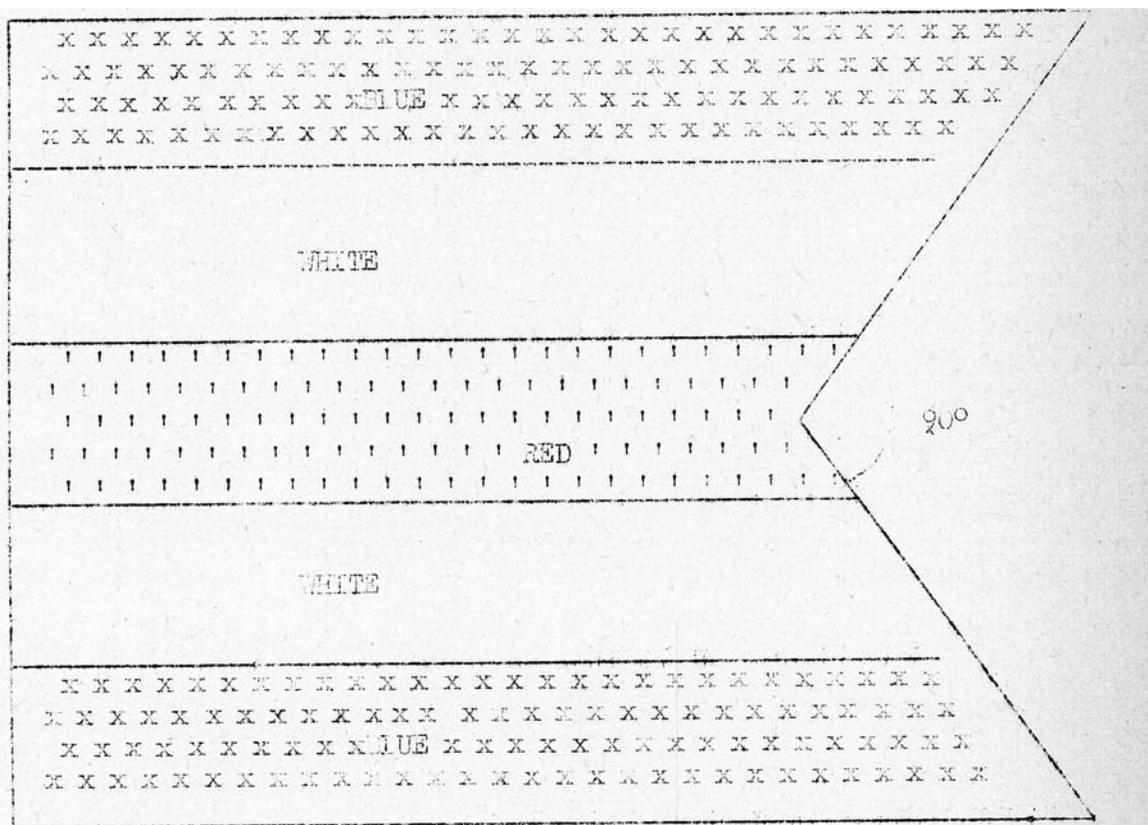
3011/P(46)74(Final)

Appendix "A"

ALLIED CONTROL AUTHORITY

CONTROL COUNCIL

Allied Control Authority Distinguishing Flag
to be Worn by German and Ex-German Vessels



CONTROL COUNCILAMENDMENT TO LAW NO. 25Control of Scientific Research

THE CONTROL COUNCIL ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

In schedule "C" appended to Law No. 25; under "Rocket Fuels" replace 50% by 37%.

In schedule "D" appended to Law No. 25: under "Hydrogen peroxide" replace 50% by 37%.

The above amendments shall come into force on the date of publication.

Done at Berlin on 12 November 1946.

V. Sokolovsky
V. SOKOLOVSKY
Marshal of the Soviet Union

Joseph T. McNarney
JOSEPH T. MACNARNEY
General

Sholto Douglas
Marshal of the Royal Air Force

R. J. Noiret
R. J. NOIRET
General de Division

"The date of publication is 20 November 1946 at 1800 hours."

CONL/P(46)75 Final

CONTROL COUNCILAMENDMENT TO DIRECTIVE NO. 24Removal from Office and from Positions of Responsibility of
Nazis and of Persons Hostile to Allied Purposes

THE CONTROL COUNCIL DIRECTS AS FOLLOWS:

The following texts shall be substituted for subparagraphs II(b) and 5 in paragraph 10 of the Directive:

Paragraph 10, subparagraph II(b): "All members of the National Socialist Party, who joined or were accepted into the Party prior to 1 May 1937, or such earlier date in 1937 as the Zone Commanders or in Berlin the Allied Kommandatura may decide, or who were more than nominal members of the National Socialist Party."

Paragraph 10, sub-paragraph 5: "Officers of the S.A. Fuehrerkorps and 'N.C.O.'s' (SA Unterfuehrer) down to and including Scharfuehrer, at any time, and all, members who joined the SA prior to 1 April 1933."

Done at Berlin on 16 November 1946

P. A. Kurochkin

P. A. KUROCHKIN

Colonel General

for F. A. Keating, Major General
LUCIUS D. CLAY
Lieutenant General

for G. W. E. J. Erskine, Major General
B. H. ROBERTSON
Lieutenant General

for C. Bapst, General de Brigade
R. J. NOIRET
General de Division

CORC/P(46)360 Final

COORDINATING COMMITTEEIntroduction of International Transit Telecommunication Circuits
through Germany

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1, At its Forty-Sixth Meeting on 25 October 1946 the Directorate of Internal Affairs and Communications considered a paper on the opening of international, transit circuits through Germany.

2. In the course of the discussion the U.S. Delegation, while wholly approving the principle of an immediate introduction of transit circuits through Germany, pointed out that there existed a number of difficulties connected with the rates to be applied as well as with the organization of services for settling international accounts. The U.S. delegation recommends the following measures as a help in the fixing of rates:

(a) Application of rates in effect on 1 September 1939, except in Czechoslovakia and Austria, where the rates in effect on 1 March 1938 would be retained. The foreign administrations will retain their accounts pending a decision establishing a German service charged with settling international accounts.

(b) In addition, the U.S. delegation recommends that the following order of priority should be maintained in the introduction of these circuits:

- (1) circuits between two Allied Occupying Powers;
- (2) circuits between one Allied Occupying Power and any other country;
- (3) circuits between countries not covered by (2) above.

3. The British Delegate, while regretting that the opinion of the Directorate of Finance had not been received, stated that he was ready to accept the U.S. proposal with an amendment specifying the provisional nature of the rates.

4. The Directorate of Internal Affairs and Communications agreed to submit the matter to the Coordinating Committee requesting it:

- (a) to authorize the immediate opening of transit circuits through Germany;

- (b) to instruct the Internal Affairs and Communications Directorate to draw **up**, in the light of the **discussion** referred to above, regulations relating to technical and financial measures to be **taken**.

5. This paper is submitted to the Coordinating Committee for consideration at its Eighty-Ninth Meeting on 16 November 1946.

A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major

H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel

K. G. EXHAM, Brigadier

J. L. BAUDIER, Consul General

Allied Secretariat

Approved at Berlin 16 November 1946

CORC/P(46)369

COORDINATING COMMITTEEInclusion of Non-Transactional Commercial Correspondence in the
International Postal Service

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1. The Economic Directorate requested the Internal Affairs and Communications Directorate to authorize the inclusion of German non-transactional commercial correspondence in the international postal service.

2. The Directorate of Internal Affairs and Communications, having consulted the Finance Directorate, received the following recommendation:

"The Finance Directorate agrees to the resumption of commercial correspondence of a non-transactional character, but is opposed to all correspondence by Germans relative to their external assets, even if only of a purely informative character".

3. At its Forty-Sixth Meeting on 25 October 1946 the Directorate of Internal Affairs and Communications approved the inclusion of German non-transactional commercial correspondence in the international postal service.

The Directorate of Internal Affairs and Communications requests the Coordinating Committee to approve the above decision and to authorize it to amend the existing regulations accordingly.

4. This paper is submitted to the Coordinating Committee for consideration at its Eighty-Ninth Meeting on 16 November 1946.

A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major

H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel

K. G. EXHAM, Brigadier

J. L. BAUDIER, Consul General

Allied Secretariat

Approved at Berlin 22 November 1946

CORC/P(46)368

COORDINATING COMMITTEEProgress Report on the Valuations of Plants

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1. At its Eighty-Fifth Meeting (CORC/M(46)56 Conclusion 606) the Coordinating Committee requested the Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution Directorate to submit to the Coordinating Committee by 10 November a progress report on the above matter with an indication of the work completion date. *)

2. At its Forty-Ninth Meeting on 6 November 1946 the Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution Directorate prepared a report on valuation results and on final datas fixed for the completion of work (Appendix "A"); including statements made by, the U.S., British, French and Soviet Delegates, and the reply of the British Delegate. (Appendix "B"),

3. This paper is submitted to the Coordinating Committee for consideration at its Eighty-Ninth Meeting on 22 November 1946.**)

A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, MajorH. A. GERHARDT, ColonelK. G. EXHAM, BrigadierJ. L. BAUDIER, Consul General

Allied Secretariat

CORC/P(46)372

*) see page 80
**) see page 162

23 November 1946CORC/M(46)61COORDINATING COMMITTEEMINUTES

(Meeting of 22 November 1946)

676. PROGRESS REPORT ON THE VALUATION OF PLANTS

The Meeting considered CORC/P(46)372.

THE MEETING:

- (676) Agreed (a) to urge all Zone Commanders to take the necessary measures to accelerate valuation of plants declared available for reparations, because the existing rate of valuation should be expedited;
- (b) to instruct the Directorate of Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution to submit a report on the progress of valuation by 1 January 1947;
- (c) to instruct the Economic Directorate to complete by 1 January 1947 lists of all plants declared available for reparations.

DIRECTORATE, REPARATIONS, DELIVERIES & RESTITUTIONREPORT ON PROGRESS OF VALUATIONS, MEASURES FOR ACCELERATING
VALUATIONS AND COMPLETION DATES

	<u>Number of Plants in the Zones</u>			
	<u>U.S.</u>	<u>U.K.</u>	<u>France</u>	<u>Total</u>
1. Number of Plants for valuation Lists 1, 2, and 3.	137	436	55	628
2. Number of Plants approved by Committee (CPV) up to 1st November 1946	119	119	15	253
3. Number of Plants which have been valued but not yet submitted to Committee (CPV)	16	10	8	34
4. Number of Plants which are awaiting approval by Quadripartite Teams	-	39	19	58
5. Number of Plants which remain to be valued	2	268	13	283
6. Number of Plants approved by Directorate up to 6 November 1946 inclusive	119	105	15	239
7. Date of termination of the valuation of plants in the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd lists.	30 Nov. /		15 Jan. //	

/ The British Delegate does not feel it possible to give a definite termination date. The British Delegate hopes to finish the valuation of 45 plants by the end of Nov. and thereafter to complete 60 valuations per month.

// Additional plants in the French Zone will be ready for quadripartite checking, provided that the list is approved by the Coordinating Committee by 15 November 1946.

COORDINATING COMMITTEEMeasures for the Speeding up of Valuation Work1. Statement by the U.S. Delegate

Progress on plant valuation in the U. S. Zone has progressed in a satisfactory manner. Work can be accelerated by limiting quadripartite participation.

2. Statement by the British Delegate

The British delegate stated that valuation work in the British Zone had already been considerably reorganized and accelerated. This organization appeared to be the best likely to be achieved. However, three ways of speeding up the work had been considered:

- (a) A simplification of the rules for valuation, which are fairly complicated. This would reduce the time taken by the German staff to produce the initial valuation.
- (b) A reduction of the time spent on quadripartite valuations. (Under the present system quadripartite valuations can take anything from 7 days to 7 months). This could be achieved by an extension of the "spot check" system, which is being tried out on an experimental basis as from 7 November.
- (c) Increase of British staff. There was a limit to this as the cost fell on the British taxpayer. Nevertheless steps were being taken to obtain additional British staff, but there were difficulties.

3. Statement by the French Delegate

Valuation work in the French Zone was commenced late. For several weeks, however, an appreciable number of French experts have been appointed in charge of German teams, and the French Delegation considers that it should be possible to submit valuations of all plants declared available for reparations for quadripartite confirmation within two months from the time when all declarations of availability have been notified to the Directorate.

The French Delegation has, at present, about fifteen experts available for quadripartite valuations for the British and American Zones. This figure will shortly be doubled. It considers that, with this number of experts, if the number and duration of quadripartite valuations are limited and resident teams of experts maintained in the Zones concerned, the work of checking could be

accomplished in a few days and would in no way delay the work of valuations as a whole, for which the time limit in turn is dependent on the time required by the Zone Commanders for the preparation of inventories and valuations.

4. Statement by Soviet Delegate

The Soviet Delegation considers it necessary to draw the attention of the Coordinating Committee to the circumstance that the question of the acceleration of valuations has been under continuous discussion for the last four months, and that this question has been constantly on the Agenda of the RDR Directorate for the period mentioned above.

During this time, many statements of a general character have been made which confirmed the necessity to speed up valuations; a number of decisions which make the RDR Directorate responsible for the acceleration of valuations have been taken, but, up to now, there have been no tangible practical results.

Valuation work is at present the bottleneck on the Reparations Program of the Western Zones of Occupation as it has been laid down in the decisions of the Potsdam Conference.

In the British Zone of Occupation, this work has practically broken down for reasons which could be explained and eliminated by the British Zone Commander only.

The Soviet Delegation considers it necessary to draw the attention of the Coordinating Committee to the circumstance that the decisions of the Coordinating Committee, which were directed towards the speeding-up of valuations have been systematically left without implementation.

By its decisions of 4.9.46 the Coordinating Committee requested the Zone Commanders to ensure the establishment of priority for the valuation of shipyards. This decision of the Coordinating Committee was not fulfilled.

It must be noted that almost all shipyards made available for reparations are in the British Zone of Occupation.

By its decision of 27.7.46 the Coordinating Committee proposed to start immediately the valuation of non-ferrous metal plants. This decision of the Coordinating Committee has not been carried out.

By its decision of 18.10.46 the Coordinating Committee placed

the obligation on the RDR Directorate to start immediately the valuation of 800 machine-building and optical plants. This decision of the Coordinating Committee was not carried out either,

Finally, by its decision of 25.10.46, the Coordinating Committee proposed that the RDR Directorate should take all practical measures required for the acceleration of valuation work and state final dates of completion of valuation work. This decision of the Coordinating Committee was not carried out either.

The results of the discussion of this latter decision of the Coordinating Committee prove that the RDR Directorate is incapable of proceeding from words to deeds, and of ensuring an actual acceleration of the rate at which valuations are carried out. In particular, the British side, which is fundamentally responsible for the delay in valuation work, has not put forward a single concrete proposal directed towards the speeding-up of valuations.

It is essential that the Coordinating Committee should set dates for the completion of valuation work in the different Western Zones of Occupation, and should direct the Zone Commanders to submit for its approval such valuation programs as would ensure, within the framework of the approved quadripartite procedure, the completion of this work by the dates indicated.

5. Reply by British Delegate to Statement of Soviet Delegate

The Soviet paper misrepresents the position and is not a correct statement of the facts. The Soviet representative on the RDR Directorate should be fully aware of the increased output of valuations in the British Zone as shown by the number approved in October by the RDR Directorate.

COORDINATING COMMITTEEPhotographing of Certain Items of Plants in Order to
Obviate the Necessity of Producing Re-erection
Drawings

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1. At its 49th meeting on 6 November 1946 the Directorate of Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution agreed to inform the Coordinating Committee that, under the provisions of CORC/P(46)24, paragraph 6, nations receiving reparations are entitled to demand with the plant all drawings necessary for re-erecting the plant. When such drawings are not available it is for the Zone Commander to have them prepared,

2. Experience in the British Zone has shown that in many cases the original drawings cannot be produced or are in such a condition as to need re-drawing. The preparation of fresh ones will not only present considerable difficulties in view of the shortage of German draughtsmen and the lack of material but will involve delay in dismantling and packing while they are being prepared.

3. The Directorate of Reparations, Deliveries and Restitution agreed that, in cases where drawings are not available, photographs of complete assemblies, sub-assemblies, etc. should be taken during the course of dismantling so as to enable recipient countries to re-assemble the plant after removal, and that these photographs shall be delivered in lieu of drawings, whenever the recipient nation agrees to this,

4. This paper is submitted to the Coordinating Committee for information at its NINETIETH Meeting on 22 November 1946.

A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major

H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel

K. G. EXHAM, Brigadier

J. L. BAUDIER, Consul General

Approved at Berlin 22 November 1946

Allied Secretariat

CORC/P(46)373

COORDINATING COMMITTEELetter to the Coordinating Committee on the Inclusion
of Penalty Clauses in Control Council Directives

The Legal Directorate drafted the recent Directive No. 45 in the form of a directive, since the paper approved by the Coordinating Committee, CORC/P(46)350, was described as a "Draft Directive". The Legal Directorate points out that it would have been advisable to add a proper penalty clause, so as to make the breach of the provisions of this paper subject to criminal prosecution. The Legal Directorate did not do so because, in accordance with the practice developed under Directive No. 10, on Control Council methods of legislative action, penalty clauses are included only in laws and orders but not in directives. It is noted that Directive No. 40, "Policy to be Followed by German Politicians and the German Press", which was not referred to the Legal Directorate, does contain a penalty clause, though in unsatisfactory form. However, the Legal Directorate wishes to draw the attention of the Coordinating Committee to the fact that Directive No. 40 is an exception in this respect to other directives and cannot be considered as a precedent.

Further, the Legal Directorate wishes to point out that Control Council Directive No. 33, "Limitation of Characteristics of Ships Left at the Disposal of Germany", and No. 37, "Limitation of Characteristics of Ships Other Than Fishing and Pleasure Craft Left to the Peace Economy of Germany", following the usual practice of other directives, contain no penalty clauses although the breach of their provisions would call for such clauses. These directives were not referred to the Legal Directorate.

If the Legal Directorate is correct in its supposition that a penalty clause should only be included in a law or order, it would appear that these directives should have been issued as laws or orders. As they now stand, these directives require implementing action by each Zone Commander.

Approved at Berlin 26 November 1946

Appendix "A" to
CORC/P(46)376

CONTROL COUNCILLAW NO. 40

Repeal of the Law of 20 January 1934 on
"The Organization of National Labor"

THE CONTROL COUNCIL ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

ARTICLE I

The Law of 20 January 1934 on "The Organization of National Labor" (Gesetz zur Ordnung der Nationalen Arbeit, RGBl. I p.45) together with all other enactments and carrying-out ordinances concerning the application of this law and all other amendments and additions to this law is hereby repealed.

ARTICLE: II

This law shall come into effect January 1, 1947.

Done at Berlin 30 November 1946.

V. Sokolovsky
Marshal of the Soviet Union

Joseph T. McNarney
General

Sholto Douglas
Marshal of the Royal Air Force

P. Koenig
General de Carps d'Armee

"The date of publication is 5 December 1946 at 1800 hours".

CONL/P(46)78 Final

CONTROL COUNCILLAW NO. 41Amending Law No. 26 (Tax on Tobacco)

THE CONTROL COUNCIL ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

ARTICLE I

Articles II and IV of Law No, 26 of the Control Council are repealed and replaced by the following provisions:

Article II:

The rates of taxation on the following articles are **fixed** as follows:

1. Cigarettes
 - a. 75% of the retail price, when that does not exceed 20 pfennigs each.
 - b. 80% of the retail price, when that exceeds 20 pfennigs each.
2. Cigars
 - a, 70% of the retail price, when that does not exceed 65 pfennigs each.
 - b. 80% of the retail price, when that exceeds 65 pfennigs each.
3. Pipe Tobacco'
 - a Rough cut, 70% of tha retail price.
 - b. Fine cut, 75% of the retail price.
4. Leaf Tobacco: Used in the manufacture of cigarettes - 550 RM per 100 kgs.
5. Cigarette Paper: 10 RM par 1000 loaves.
6. Tobacco Substitute: 200 RM per 100 kgs.
7. Snuff and Chewing Tobacco: 60% of the retail price.

8. Tobacco growers **owning** a cultivated area of not more than 50 **sq.** meters,, and not paying a tax based on the weight of tobacco grown, and having more than fifteen bushes planted shall pay taxes in accordance with the following scale:

from 16 to 50 bushes	12 RM per annum
from 51 to 100 bushes	24 RM per annum
from 101 to 150 bushes	36 RM per annum
from 151 to 200 bushes	48 RM per annum

Article IV:

1. In the event of a deficiency of tobacco due to unsatisfactory causes, Compensation Duty ("Tabaksausgleich") shall be levied, mounting to 2,500 RM for every 100 kgs of home-grown tobacco and 5,000 RM for every 100 kgs of imported tobacco,

2. In conformity with the provisions of paragraph 1 of this Article, Article 63 of the Tobacco Tax Law of 4 April 1939 is amended as follows:

In Subsection 1, amend 825 RM to 5,000 RM, and
275 RM to 2,500 RM.

ARTICLE II

These amendments to Control Council Law No. 26 shall come into force on the date of the publication of the present law,

Done at Berlin the 30th day of November 1946

V. SOKOLOVSKY, Marshal of the Soviet Union

JOSEPH T. McNARNEY, General

SHOLTO DOUGLAS, Marshal of the Royal
Air Force

P. KOENIG, General de Corps d'Armee

"The date of publication is 5 December 1946 at 1800 hours"

CONL/P(46)79 Final

30 November 1946

CONTROL COUNCILLAW NO. 42Amendment to Control Council Law No. 12, "Amendment of Income Tax, Corporation Tax and Excess Profits Tax Law"

THE CONTROL COUNCIL ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

ARTICLE I

Paragraph 1 of Article IV of Control Council Law No. 12, "Amendment of Income Tax, Corporation Tax and Excess Profits Tax Law" is hereby repealed and the following text is substituted therefor:

"1. The rates of corporation tax of the Corporation Tax Law (Koerperschaftsteuergesetz) Section 19(1) shall be as follow9:

- a. On incomes up to 50,000 Marks 35%
- b. On income from 50,000 to 100,000 Marks . . . 45%
- c. On incomes from 100,000 to 500,000 Marks . , 60%
- d. On incomes above 500,000 Marks . , 65%

The above-mentioned rates shall be reduced by 50% in the cases of corporations enumerated in Section 19(2), paragraphs 1 and 2 of the Corporation Tax Law."

ARTICLE II

The reduced rates of corporation tax mentioned in Article I above shall apply, if they have not already been applied, as from 1 January 1947.

Done at Berlin 30 November 1946

V. Sokolovsky, Marshal of the Soviet Union

Joseph T. Mc Narney, General

Sholto Douglas, Marshal of the Royal Air Force

P. Kocnig, General de Corps d'Armee

"The date of publication is 5 December 1946 at 1800 hours".

CONFIDENTIAL P(16)80 Final

COORDINATING COMMITTEETransfer of Populations to Germany

1. Before a final report can be submitted for the approval of the Coordinating Committee, a great amount of information and statistical data will have to be obtained from the Political Directorate, the Internal Affairs and Communications Directorate, the manpower Directorate and the Economic Directorate. Requests for such information have already been forwarded to these Directorates.

2. In the meantime, the Directorate submits to the Coordinating Committee the following recommendations:

(a) That the prisoners of war and Displaced Persons Directorate shall continue to meet its obligations in accordance with CONL/P(45)57 for the transfer of populations from Czechoslovakia, Austria, Hungary and Poland.

(a) All Germans formerly residing in one of the four Zones of Occupation of Germany who fled Germany because of the war, all released prisoners of war who are former members of the Wehrmacht, German civilian internees and obnoxious Germans will be accepted in Germany at such time and at such rates as will be decided by the Zone Commander of the particular zone to which those persons must return.

(c) as for non-German persons the Directorate considers that entry into Germany must be prohibited to all non-German persons except personnel of the Occupation Forces, or of regularly accredited missions or such persons as are admitted by agreement of the respective Zone Commanders.*)

2(a) and 2(b) approved at Berlin, 3 December 1946 CONC/P(46)382

*) The meeting returned paragraph 2 (c) of CONC/P(46)382 to the PW & DP Directorate for clarification of the term "non-German" in consultation with the Legal Directorate.

COORDINATING COMMITTEE

Interim Offices for German Affairs Abroad and their
Finance

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1. The Coordinating Committee at its THIRTY-NINTH Meeting on 16 February 1946 confirmed CORC/P(46)65 on Interim Offices for German Affairs Abroad and instructed the Political Directorate to work out the details for implementing the principles laid down in the paper.

2. The Political Directorate approved a draft paper on the establishment of such offices and forwarded it to the Finance Directorate for approval of Article IV relating to the financial aspect of the question.

3. The Finance Directorate approved the paper, including Article IV, but presented certain recommendations for the consideration of the Political Directorate. The Finance Directorate suggested that, instead of a tax being collected from all Germans permanently residing abroad to cover the current expenses of Interim Offices, these expenses should be covered by means of voluntary contributions from these Germans. It also suggested that Interim Offices abroad should cover their expenses by means of fees and contributions, since the Directorate considered it unlikely that there would be other resources available for this purpose.

4. The Political Directorate considered the points raised by the Finance Directorate and agreed that the paper under consideration covered them sufficiently as the Finance Directorate was not aware that the tax proposed was actually only a consular fee to be collected by the Interim Offices from all German subjects.

The Political Directorate requests the Coordinating Committee to approve the attached paper (Appendix "A") and to return it to the Directorate for implementation.

5. This paper, together with Appendix "A", is submitted to the Coordinating Committee for consideration at its NINETY-SECOND Meeting on 3 December 1946,

A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major
H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel
K. G. EKHAM, Brigadier
J. L. BAUDIER, Consul General
Allied Secretariat

Approved at Berlin 3 December 1946

CORC/P(46)384

28 November 1946

APPENDIX "A" to
CORC/P(46)384

COORDINATING COMMITTEE

Interim Offices for German Affairs Abroad and their
Financing

1. The activities of Germans living abroad were formerly controlled and supervised by the German diplomatic and consular missions in foreign countries. With the collapse of Germany this system came to an end and at present there is no properly co-ordinated system of control over Germans living abroad. In order to fill this gap the Allied Control Council considers that Interim Offices for German Affairs, or other effective means of controlling the activities of Germans abroad, should be established in neutral, United Nations and certain ex-enemy countries. These Offices would be organized on the following lines.

2. Interim offices set up in neutral countries will be directed by the local diplomatic representatives of the Control Powers, who will employ such local and subordinate German staff as they may consider necessary. United Nations Governments who agree to the creation of Interim Offices will be responsible for organizing them, with the assistance of the local diplomatic representatives of the Control Powers, while the Others should make appropriate arrangements in agreement with the local diplomatic representatives of the Control Powers, to ensure that adequate supervision is exercised over the activities of Germans in their territories. The Four Control Powers will continue to take the necessary steps to control Germans in their territories,

3. The functions of these Interim Offices will include:
- (a) registration, issue of certificates of identity and control of Germans and their property;
 - (b) registration and recording of births, marriages and deaths;
 - (c) recording and filing of wills, and other notarial services;
 - (d) receipt of passports or documents;

- (e) arrangements for repatriation to Germany, including provision of the necessary travel documents, when specifically authorized by the Allied Control Authority.

The above list may subsequently be expanded to include other functions should experience show this to be necessary.

4. The procedure followed in these offices will be basic German consular practice except where it may be decided by the Allied Control Authority that this should be simplified or altered,

5. A Coordinating bureau in Berlin, acting under the orders of the Allied Control Authority, will, be required to coordinate the work of the offices abroad and to reply to requests for instructions and also to carry out any similar work assigned to it by any other agency charged with German affairs in the countries of the four Control Powers. The work of this bureau will be supervised by a committee composed of a diplomatic or consular officer from each of the four Control Powers which will meet at regular intervals. The Secretary of this Committee will be an official of one of the Control Powers (with assistants, if necessary,) who will also act as Executive Officer of the bureau. He will be assisted by such Allied staff as may be found necessary and will control the minimum number of reliable German ex-officials and clerical staff required to carry out the work of the coordinating bureau.

6. The costs of operating the coordinating bureau in Berlin will be defrayed by the four Control Powers from German sources, and of operating the Interim Offices abroad until other sources are available by the Government of the country concerned, either out of fees collected from the Germans for whom these various services are performed or possibly by a Consular tax on all, German residents in that country.

COORDINATING COMMITTEECable Ships

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

The Internal Affairs and Communications Directorate, at its FORTY-EIGHTH Meeting on 15 November 1946, considered the above subject, and agreed to transfer the Cable Ship "Jopp" from the British Zone of Occupation to the Soviet Zone and to submit this matter to the Coordinating Committee for approval.

This paper is submitted to the Coordinating Committee for consideration at its NINETY-SECOND Meeting on 3 December 1946.

A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major

H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel

K. G. EXHAM, Brigadier

J. L. BAUDIER, Consul General

Allied Secretariat

CORC/P(46)385

Approved at Berlin 3 December 1946

COORDINATING COMMITTEEManufacture of Replacement Material for Radio
Transmitting Equipment

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1. At its SEVENTY-FIRST Meeting the Economic Directorate agreed to recommend to the Coordinating Committee that Table I, A 9 of the Plan for Reparations and The Level of The Postwar German Economy be interpreted as follows:

Repair and minimum manufacture of parts and equipment required for the operation of radio transmitting installations (studio cable and line equipment, radio transmitters, wire transmittal junctions, etc.) operated by an element of the occupational authorities or for the operation of authorized German transmitting installations will be permitted until 31 December 1948, under strict control and under the requirement that quarterly reports to the Allied Control Authority of such manufacture be submitted by each Zone Commander.

2. This paper is submitted to the Coordinating Committee for consideration at its NINETY-SECOND meeting on 3 December 1946.

A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major

H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel

K. G. EXHAM, Brigadier

J. L. BAUDIER, Consul General

Allied Secretariat

CORC/P(46)389

Approved at Berlin 3 December 1946

10 December 1946

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CONL/M(46)34

CONTROL COUNCIL

MINUTES

(Meeting of 10 December 1946)

159. PRESENTATION TO THE CONTROL COUNCIL OF THE CHIEF OF THE SOUTH AFRICAN MILITARY MISSION AND OF THE NEW CHIEF OF THE NORWEGIAN MILITARY MISSION.

Major General E. F. Armstrong, Chief of the newly established South African Military Mission, and Major General A. Tobiesen, replacing Major General Steffens as Chief of the Norwegian Military Mission, were presented to the Control Council by Colonel Jennings-Bramly, Chief of the Allied Liaison and Protocol Section.

14 December 1946CORC/M(46)65COORDINATING COMMITTEEMINUTES

(Meeting of 13 December 1946)

725. MEMORANDUM ON ECONOMIC UNIFICATION OF THE BRITISH AND U.S. ZONES

General CLAY stated that some time ago the British and U.S. Delegations had promised to inform the Coordinating Committee of any bilateral agreements on the economic fusion of their zones. The Allied Secretariat had therefore been instructed to distribute copies of the recent memorandum of agreement between the United Kingdom and the United States providing full economic integration of their zones of occupation (attached at Appendix 'A').*) He was sure that his British colleague joined him in the hope that such an agreement would soon be entered into by the other zones.

General BROWNJOHN stated that the British Delegation wholeheartedly concurred.

*) see pages 181-185

Appendix 'A' to
CORC/M(46)65

TEXT OF THE AGREEMENT REACHED BETWEEN U.S. SECRETARY
OF STATE JAMES F. BYRNES AND ERNEST BEVIN, BRITISH
FOREIGN SECRETARY, READS AS FOLLOWS:

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT

Representatives of the two governments have met at Washington to discuss the questions arising out of the economic fusion of their zones of occupation in Germany. They have taken as the basis of their discussion the fact that the aim of the two governments is to achieve the economic unity of Germany as a whole, in accordance with the agreement reached at Potsdam on 2nd August, 1945. The arrangements set out hereunder, for the United States and United Kingdom zones, should be regarded as the first step towards the achievement of the economic unity of Germany as a whole in accordance with that agreement. The two governments are ready at any time to enter into discussions with either of the other occupying powers with a view to the extension of these arrangements to their zones of occupation.

On this basis, agreement has been reached on the following paragraphs :

1. Date of inception. This agreement for the economic fusion of the two zones shall take effect on 1st January, 1947.
2. Pooling of resources. The two zones shall be treated as a single area for all economic purposes. The indigenous resources of the area and all imports into the area, including food, shall be pooled in order to produce a common standard of living.
3. German administrative agencies. The United States and United Kingdom Commanders-in-Chief are responsible for setting up under their joint control the German administrative agencies necessary to the economic unification of the two zones.
4. Agency for foreign trade. Responsibility for foreign trade will rest initially with the joint export-import agency (United States - United Kingdom) or such other agency as may be established by the two Commanders-in-Chief. This responsibility shall be transferred to the German administrative agency for foreign trade under joint supervision to the maximum extent permitted by the restrictions existing in foreign countries at any given period. (All references in this agreement to the joint export-import agency shall apply to this agency or to any agency established by the two Commanders-in-Chief to succeed it.)
5. Basis of economic planning. The aim of the two governments is the achievement before end of 1949 of a self sustaining economy for the area.

6. Sharing of financial responsibility. Subject to the provision of the necessary appropriations, the governments of the United States and the United Kingdom will become responsible on an equal basis for costs of approved imports brought into account after 31st December, 1946 (including stocks on hand financed by the respective governments), insofar as these cannot be paid for from other sources, in accordance with the following provisions:

(A) For this purpose the imports of the area shall be divided into two categories: Those imports required to prevent disease and unrest (Category A), which are financed in decreasing amounts by appropriate funds; and those further imports (including raw materials), however financed, which will be required if the economic state of the area is to recover to an extent sufficient to achieve the aim laid down in paragraph 5 of this agreement (Category B).

(E) It is the intention of the two governments that the full cost of category A imports shall be defrayed as soon as possible, subject to sub-paragraph (C) below, from the proceeds of exports. Any portion of the cost of category A imports which is not met by export proceeds will be defrayed by the two governments in equal shares from appropriated funds.

(C) The proceeds of exports from the area shall be collected by the joint export-import agency and shall be used primarily for the provision of category B imports until there is a surplus of export proceeds over the cost of these imports.

(D) In order to provide funds to procure category B imports:

(I) The Government of the United Kingdom will make available to the joint export-import agency the sum of \$29,300,000 in settlement of the understanding reached in September, 1945, for the pooling of the proceeds of exports from the two zones in proportion to import expenditures, which shall be credited to United States contribution.

(II) In addition to this sum the accumulated proceeds of exports from the United States zone will be made available to the joint export-import agency for the purchase of category B imports.

(III) The government of the United Kingdom will provide category B goods at the request of the joint export-import agency to a value equal to that of the United States contribution under sub-paragraphs (I) and (II) above.

(IV) The governments of the United States and the United Kingdom will make available to the joint export-import agency in

like amounts their respective shares of the sum to be used for financing purchases of essential commodities for the German economy under the provisions, and upon ratification by the Government of Sweden, of the accord dated 18th July, 1946, between the governments of the United States, the United Kingdom and France on the one hand and of Sweden on the other,

(V) Any further sums which are agreed by the joint export-import agency to be required for the purchase of category B imports shall be provided by the two governments on an equal basis in such manner as they may agree. To the extent that either government advances sums for the purchase of raw materials for processing and re-export on special terms as regards security and repayment, the other government may advance equal sums on similar terms.

(E) The reimbursement of costs incurred by the two governments for their two zones before 1st January 1947, and for the area thereafter, shall be recovered from future German exports in the shortest practicable time consistent with the rebuilding of the German economy on healthy non-aggressive lines,

7. Relaxation of barriers to trade. With a view to facilitating the expansion of German exports, barriers in the way of trade with Germany should be removed as rapidly as world conditions permit. To the same end the establishment of an exchange value for the mark should be undertaken as soon as this is practicable; financial reform should be effected in Germany at an early date; and the exchange of full technical and business communications between Germany and other countries should be facilitated as soon as possible. Potential buyers of German goods should be provided access to both zones to the full extent that facilities permit, and normal business channels should be restored as soon as possible.

8. Procurement. The determination of import requirements shall be the responsibility of the joint export-import agency. The procurement of these requirements shall be dealt with as follows:

(I) Procurement of category A imports to the extent that they are financed from appropriated funds of either government shall be the responsibility of that government.

(II) Procurement of category B imports and of category A imports to the extent that they are not financed by appropriated funds shall be the responsibility of the joint export-import agency, with such assistance from the two governments as may be desired. Unless otherwise agreed, subject to the provisions of this paragraph, procurement shall be from the most economical source of supply. However, the sources shall be selected to the fullest extent

practicable, so as to minimize the drain on the dollar resources of the United Kingdom.

The two governments will establish a joint committee in Washington with the following responsibilities:

(A) In the case of commodities in short supply, to support the requirements of the joint export-import agency before the appropriate authorities.

(B) To determine, where necessary, sources of supply and to designate procurement agencies, having regard to the financial responsibilities and exchange resource; of the two governments. With respect to sub-paragraph (A) above, the two governments agree to assist the committee in obtaining the requirements of the joint export-import agency having regard to all other legitimate claims of available world supply. With respect to sub-paragraph (B) above, where the financial responsibility rests with one government and the designated source of supply is the territory under the authority of the other government, the latter, if so requested will accept responsibility for procuring those supplies as agent for the former.

9. Currency and Banking Arrangements. The Bipartite Finance Committee (United States-United Kingdom) shall be authorized to open accounts with approved banks of the countries in which the joint Export-Import Agency is operating, provided that agreements are negotiated with those countries for credit balances to be transferred on demand into dollars or sterling. The Bipartite Finance Committee will be authorized to accept payment of balances in either dollars or sterling, whichever, in the judgment of the Joint Export-Import Agency, may be better utilized in financing essential imports.

10. Food. The two governments will support, to the full extent that appropriated and other funds will permit, an increase in the present ration standard to 1800 calories for the normal consumer as soon as the world food supply permits. This standard is accepted as the minimum which will support a reasonable economic recovery in Germany. However, in view of the current world food supply, a ration standard of 1550 calories for the normal consumer must be accepted at present.

11. Imports for Displaced Persons. Subject to any international arrangements which may subsequently be made for the maintenance of displaced persons, the maintenance of displaced persons within both zones from the German economy shall not exceed the maintenance of German citizens from this economy. Supplementary rations and other benefits which may be provided for displaced persons in excess of those available to German citizens must be brought into Germany without cost to the German economy.

12. Duration. It is the intention of the two governments that this agreement shall govern their mutual arrangements for the economic administration of the area pending agreement for the treatment of Germany as an economic unit or until amended by mutual agreement. It shall be reviewed at yearly intervals.

(Signed) James F. Byrnes

(Signed) Ernest Bevin

COORDINATING COMMITTEEUse of All languages in Outgoing German International Mail

1. The Internal Affairs and Communications Directorate, at its 50th Meeting on 10 December 1946, resumed discussion of the above subject in light of conclusion (702) of CORC/M (46)63, which returned CORC/P(46)386, subject as above, to the Directorate for a decision as to those additional languages which it might be desirable to use with instructions to submit its recommendation by 15 December 1946.

2. Discussion revealed that all members retained their points of view as set forth in CORC/P(46)386. The British Member, however, in order to obtain an agreed report in compliance with the above instructions of the Coordinating Committee, submitted the four following proposals to which his French and U.S. colleagues agreed:

- a. Admission of all languages (which had been previously agreed to by the French, U.S. and British)
- b. Admission of languages of those countries with missions accredited to the Allied Control Authority, plus the Yiddish language.
- c. Admission of all languages in the British, U.S. and French Zones; specific languages in the Soviet Zone.
- d. Admission of languages subject to the decisions of the Zone Commanders.

3. The Soviet Member, failing receipt of instructions, was unable to give a final decision of these proposals. He desired that the Censorship Subcommittee of the Intelligence Committee should be consulted.

4. The IACB Directorate agreed to forward the views of the four members to the Coordinating Committee, informing it that the Soviet recommendations would be announced by the Soviet Member of the Coordinating Committee.

5. This paper is submitted for the consideration of the Coordinating Committee at its 95th Meeting on 19 December 1946. *)

H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel

A. G. EKHA, Brigadier

J. I. BAUDLER, Consul General

A. A. KUDRYAVTSEV, Major

Allied Secretariat

CORC/P(46)306

(Revise,

*) see page 168

20 December 1946

JCR/P(46)66

COORDINATING COMMITTEEMINUTES

(Meeting of 19 December 1946)

729. USE OF ALL LANGUAGES IN OUTGOING GERMAN INTERNATIONAL MAIL

The Meeting considered JCR/P(46)386 Revise.

THE MEETING:

- (729) (a) approved the proposal set forth in paragraph 2 (a) of JCR/P(46)386 Revise;
- (b) instructed the Directorate of International Affairs and Communications to implement the provisions of the above-mentioned paragraph.

COORDINATING COMMITTEEDraft Regulations on Gift Parcel Post ServiceInto Germany1. EXTENT OF SERVICE

Gift parcels will be accepted into Germany starting 15 Jan. 1947 from all countries belonging to the Universal Postal Union with the exception of Spain and Japan. The sending of parcels out of Germany is prohibited.

2. CONDITIONS(a) Frequency

Only one gift parcel per week may be sent by or on behalf of the same sender to or for the same addressee.

(b) Contents

Contents of gift parcels are limited to such essential relief items as: non-perishable foods, clothing, underclothing, soap, shoes, pharmaceutical products, and other similar mailable items.

Writing or printed matter of any kind may be prohibited to be either attached or enclosed in the parcel, or appear on the detachable part of the dispatch note.

All violations of these regulations will bring about the confiscation of the gift parcel.

(c) Weight and Size

Gift parcels will be accepted to at least 5 kilos in weight and 180 cm in length and girth combined, or 90 cm in greatest length.

(d) Other Limitations

Only ordinary gift parcels will be accepted. No cash on delivery shipments, insurance, registration, special delivery (express), urgent parcels, duty prepaid parcels

(e) Censorship and Customs

All gift parcels are liable to censorship and customs examination in the zone of their destination. Each gift parcel must be accompanied by a customs declaration with the contents, weight and value itemized thereon.

(f) Addressing

Parcels should bear the following information whenever possible:

- (1) Name of Addressee
- (2) City of Locality
- (3) Street and Number
- *(4) Province
- (5) Number of Postal District
- *(6) Zone of Occupation
- (7) Germany

Gift parcels must have the words "Gift Parcel" included in the addressing. In order to avoid delays in the delivery of gift parcels, it is recommended that foreign postal authorities inform senders of the necessity to include in the addressing the number of the postal district and the zone of occupation. Parcels addressed "Poste Restante" will not be accepted.

Parcels addressed to private boxes must show the name of the box holder.

(g) Undelivered Gift Parcels

3.

Dispatches of gift parcels should be made up as follows:

* Except in the case of Berlin

- U.S. Zone - To Frankfurt a.M. (Gift Parcels for:
Postleitgebiet 16)
To Munich (Gift Parcels for:
Postleitgebiete 13 a
and 13 b)
To Stuttgart (Gift Parcels for:
Postleitgebiete 14 a
and 17 a)
- British Zone - To Hamburg. (Gift Parcels for:
Postleitgebiete 24 a
and b)
To Bremen (Gift Parcels for:
Postleitgebiet 23)
To Cologne (Gift Parcels for:
Postleitgebiete 21 b,
22 a and c)
To Hannover (Gift Parcels for:
Postleitgebiete 20,
20 b and 21 a)
- French Zone - To Saarbrücken or Offenburg, whichever is
most convenient to sending country.
(Gift Parcels for:
Postleitgebiete 17 b,
18 and 22 b)
- Soviet Zone - To Berlin Postamt 3 (Gift Parcels for:
Postleitgebiete 1, 2,
3, 10 a, 10 b, 15, 19 a
and b and Berlin)

Note - When the number of gift parcels destined to the British and American Zones is considered insufficient to justify dispatches to the different exchange offices, all the gift parcels may be routed to the most convenient exchange office of the Zone concerned, according to the geographic location of the exchange office.

(b) Bulk Advice

Parcels may be recorded on the relative advice form under the bulk advice system.

4. CLAIMS

Any claims made against Germany, in respect to loss or damage due to the Deutsche Post will be handled by the zonal Postal administrations. They should follow their normal course up to the stage at which compensation is due, and if financial arrangements at that time do not allow compensation, actual payment must be held in abeyance.

5. ACCOUNTING

(a) Terminal Charges

Terminal charges due to the Deutsche Post will be in accordance with the terms of the Universal Postal Union Convention or other agreements previously operating, but they will in no case be less than the following:

Up to 1 kilo - 60 gold centimes
1 to 3 kilos- 80 gold centimes
3 to 5 kilos- 1 gold franc

6. STATEMENTS OF ACCOUNTING

Each exchange office will make statements of accounts on CP 14 and CP 15 as foreseen by Art 150 of the Universal Postal Union Convention arrangements concerning parcel post.

7. INFORMATION TO BE FURNISHED TO FOREIGN POSTAL ADMINISTRATIONS AND THE UNIVERSAL POSTAL UNION

The Allied Communications and Posts Committee will furnish information concerning questions of policy, subsequent extensions and general organization of the service.

The German Postal Administration in each zone will communicate with the Universal Postal Union and foreign postal administrations on matters involving exclusively the operation of the service.

APPENDIX TO REGULATIONS WITH REGARD TO AN
INTERNATIONAL GIFT PARCEL SERVICE

(Documents Concerning Only German Services)

1. Supplementary Charges

- (a) For notification of arrival, the cost shall be that of a single letter in the internal service of Germany.
- (b) For actual delivery, the charge should be that of a similar parcel in the German internal parcel service.
- (c) For customs clearance, the charges will be established in proportion to those paid before the war.

2. Further Routing of Gift Parcels which Have Arrived in the Wrong Zone of Occupation.

In order to insure the further delivery of gift parcels which for various reasons arrived in the wrong zone of delivery, the exchange offices concerned will re-route them in sealed bags, sealed compartments or sealed boxcars (depending on the volume which has to be delivered) to the exchange offices of the correct zone of delivery.

Approved at BERLIN 19 December 1946

GORC/P(46)398

DIAC/ACPC/PSC/P(46)79(Final)

CONTROL COUNCILLAW NO. 43Prohibition of the Manufacture, Import, Export, Transport
and Storage of War Materials

In order to prevent the rearming of Germany, the Control Council enacts as follows:

ARTICLE I

1. The manufacture, import, export, transport and storage of the war materials specified in Schedule A annexed hereto are prohibited. All existing stocks of such materials shall be destroyed, removed or converted to essential peacetime uses as soon as possible, according to the instructions of the appropriate Zone Commander (in Berlin, the appropriate Sector Commander).

2. Museum specimens and specimens of historic value are excluded from the provisions of Paragraph 1 of this Article.

3. The expression "war materials" specified in Schedule A includes components, accessories and spare parts of such materials, which are specially designed for military use.

ARTICLE II

The manufacture, import, transport and storage of the war materials specified in Schedule B annexed hereto shall be permitted only with the authority and under the control of the appropriate Zone Commander. The manufacture of the materials in this Schedule shall provide only for essential peacetime requirements; existing stocks of the materials in excess of such requirements shall be destroyed or removed according to the instructions of the appropriate Zone Commander. The export of materials specified in Schedule B may be permitted by authorization of the appropriate body of the Allied Control Authority.

ARTICLE III

The following materials shall be deemed to be within Schedule A, insofar as manufacture is concerned, and within Schedule B, insofar as import, transport, and storage are concerned:

(e) Arms and ammunition destined for authorized internal security services, and for other authorized purposes;

(b) Cryptographic machines and devices for cipher work for use in civil and authorized internal security services.

ARTICLE IV

1. Any person, organization, or group of persons, owning or controlling any existing stocks of the materials specified in Schedule A or Schedule B, shall file a written declaration of such materials with the appropriate Zone Commander within 90 days after the effective date of this law.

2. Any person being aware of the existence of such stocks which have not been declared to the appropriate Zone Commander shall himself declare them.

ARTICLE V

At the request of the interested Occupation Powers, the prohibited material listed in Schedule A may, as an exception, be listed in Schedule B by the Allied Control Authority, or by a body acting on their behalf, in cases where it will appear that such materials are destined for peacetime requirements and not designed specially for war purposes and are not dangerous in themselves.

ARTICLE VI

1. Any person violating, or attempting to violate any of the provisions of this law or of any regulations hereunder shall be liable to prosecution before a Military Government Court and upon conviction shall be subject to the following punishment with or without confiscation of his property in whole or in part:

- (a) Imprisonment (Gefängnis) for a term not exceeding five years;
- (b) Hard labor (Zuchthaus) for a term of not less than one year and not more than fifteen years;
- (c) In serious cases, hard labor for life, or death.

2. Any organization violating, or attempting to violate any of the provisions of this law or of any regulations hereunder shall be liable to prosecution before a Military Government Court and upon conviction shall be dissolved and its property confiscated by order of the Court.

ARTICLE VII

This Law shall come into force on the date of its publication.

Done at Berlin 20 December 1946.

JOSEPH T. MCNAMNEY
General

SHCITO DOUGLAS
Marshal of the Royal Air Force

P. KOEHLER
General de Corps d'Armee

F. A. SUROCHKIN
Colonel General
for V. LOKOLEVSKY
Marshal of the Soviet Union

The date of publication is 30 December 1946 at 1500 hours.
COM1/P(46)82(Final)
20 December 1946

SCHEDULE AGROUP I

- (a) All weapons including atomic means of warfare or apparatus of all calibres and natures capable of projecting lethal or destructive projectiles, liquids, gases or toxic substances, their carriages and mountings.
- (b) All projectiles for the above and their means of projection or propulsion. Examples of means of propulsion are cartridges, charges, etc.
- (c) All military means of destruction such as grenades, bombs, torpedoes, mines, depth mines, depth and demolition charges and self-propelled charges.
- (d) All military cutting or piercing weapons, (in French: white arms), (in Russian: cold arms), such as bayonets, swords, daggers and lances.

GROUP II

- (a) All vehicles specially equipped or designed for military purposes such as tanks, armored cars, tank-carrying trailers, armored railway rolling stock, etc;
- (b) Armor of all types for military purposes;
- (c) Harness specially designed for military purposes.

GROUP III

- (a) (i) Range-finding apparatus of all kinds for military purposes;
- (ii) Aiming, guiding, and computing devices for fire control;
- (iii) Locating devices of all kinds (particularly all devices for radio direction finding and all devices for radio detection);
- (iv) Instruments for assisting observation of fire or for the remote control of all moving objects.
- (b) All signalling and inter-communication equipment and installations specially designed for war purposes; all apparatus for radio interference.

- (c) Searchlights with mirror diameter of more than 45 cms.
- (d) Optical instruments of all kinds specially designed or intended for war purposes.
- (e) Survey and cartographic equipment and instruments of all kinds specially designed for war purposes. Military maps and equipment for using them.
- (f) Military Engineering tools, machinery and equipment such as special bridging material.
- (g) Personal military equipment and uniforms, and military insignia and decorations.
- (h) Cryptographic machines and devices used for cipher purposes.
- (i) All camouflage and dazzle devices,

Any of the materials listed in Group III, except for electronic devices such as radar, radiogoniometric and similar equipment, that have a normal peacetime use and are not specially designed for military use, are excluded from the provisions of paragraph 1, Article I of the Law.

GROUP IV

- (a) Warships of all classes. All ships and floating equipment specially designed for servicing warships. All ships with characteristics exceeding those required for normal peacetime uses; or designed or constructed for conversion into warships or for military use.
- (b) Special machinery, equipment and installations which in time of peace are normally used solely in warships.
- (c) Submersible craft of all kinds; submersible devices of all kinds, designed for military purposes. Special equipment pertaining to these craft and devices.
- (d) All military landing devices.
- (e) Material, equipment and installations for the military defense of coasts, harbors, etc.

GROUP V

- (a) Aircraft of all types, heavier or lighter than air; with or without means of propulsion, including kites, captive balloons, gliders, and model aircraft, and all auxiliary equipment, including aircraft engines and component parts, accessories, and spare parts specifically designed for aircraft use.
- (b) Ground equipment for servicing, testing, or aiding the operation of aircraft, such as catapults, winches and beacons; material for the rapid preparation of airfields, such as landing mats; special equipment used in conjunction with air photography; excluding, however, from the provisions of paragraph 1, Article I, of this law any such equipment and materials for landing fields and air beacons that have a normal peacetime use and are not specifically designed for military use as listed in Schedule B.

GROUP VI

All drawings, specifications, designs, models and reproductions directly relating to the development, manufacture, testing, or inspection of the war material, or to experiments or research in connection with war material.

GROUP VII

Machinery and other manufacturing equipment and tooling used for the development, manufacture, testing or inspection of the war material defined in this Schedule, and not capable of conversion to peacetime production.

GROUP VIII

- (a) The following War Chemicals:

High explosives, with the exception of those listed in Schedule B, Group VIIIc.

(NOTE: By "high explosives" is meant organic explosives used as fillings for shells, bombs, etc.)

THE ARMY LIBRARY
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Double base propellants (i.e. Nitrocellulose propellants containing nitroglycerine, diethylene-glycol dinitrate or analogous substances).

Single base propellants for any weapons except sporting weapons.

Nitroguanidine

Poison war gases (including liquids and solids customarily included in this term) with the exception of those listed in GROUP VIII b of Schedule B.

Rocket Fuels:

Hydrogen peroxide of above 37%
concentration
Hydrazine hydrate
Methyl nitrate

Highly toxic products from bacteriological or plant sources (with the exception of those bacteriological and plant products which are used for therapeutic purposes).

- (b) All special means for individual and collective defense used in peace exclusively by the armed forces, such as protective masks against toxic or lethal devices used for war, detection apparatus, etc.

GROUP IX

All apparatus, devices, and material specially designed for training and instructing personnel in the use, handling, manufacture or maintenance of war material.

SCHEDULE BGROUP I

- (a) Demolition charges used for public works, mines, quarries, etc., and their auxiliaries including explosives used for industrial purposes.
- (b) Explosive appliances for industrial and agricultural use, such as railway fog signals, life-saving rockets and equipment, devices specially designed for the humane killing of livestock, etc., and their accessories and means of operation.
- (c) Sporting weapons and ammunition for sporting weapons.

GROUP II

Non-cemented armor necessary for industrial purposes.

GROUP IV

Speed-boats.

GROUP V

- (a) Equipment and materials for landing fields and air beacons which have a normal peacetime use and are not specially designed for military use.

GROUP VIII

War Chemicals which are nevertheless required for peace economy.

- (a) High explosives:

- Trinitrotoluene
- Tetryl
- Pentaerythritol tetranitrate
- Picric acid
- Dinitrotoluene
- Nitroglycerine
- Initiating explosives
- Nitrocellulose
- Single-base propellants for sporting weapons

(b) Potential Poison War Gases:

Chlorine
Phosgene
Hydrocyanic acid
Chlorinated ketones
Halogenated carboxylic acids and their esters
Cyanogen halides
Iachrymatory halogen derivatives of hydrocarbons

(c) Other Chemicals:

Hydrogen peroxide having a concentration of 37% or
less
Liquid oxygen
Activated carbons
White Phosphorus
Incendiary compositions, e.g. Thermites
Smoke-producing substances, e.g.: titanium
tetrachloride and silicon tetrachloride.

CONTROL COUNCILReport to the Council of Foreign Ministers

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1. The Coordinating Committee at its 95th meeting on 19 December 1946 approved the proposal set forth below and agreed to submit it to the Control Council for approval.

a. The U.S. Delegation has been advised by the U.S. Secretary of State that the Council of Foreign Ministers has called upon the Allied Control Council for Germany to report by 25 February 1947 on the following subjects;

- (1) Work of the Control Council since its creation on the following points: Demilitarization, de-Nazification, democratization, economic problems, reparations;
- (2) The establishment of central administrations, and other problems connected with the political, economic and financial situation of Germany under quadripartite government;
- (3) liquidation of Prussia.

b. The U.S. Delegation proposes that the Control Council be informed that the Coordinating Committee is proceeding with the preparation of the report in anticipation of Control Council approval, and that the Control Council be requested to note and approve this action at its next meeting.

2. This paper is submitted for the approval of the Control Council at its 50th meeting on 20 December 1946. *)

H. A. GEMMELDT, Colonel

L. G. LINA, Brigadier

J. I. BAUDIER, Consul General

A. A. KUDRYAVTSEV, Major

Allied Secretariat
CCM/P(46)63

*) see page 204

21 December 1946

CON/1(46)35

CONTROL COUNCILMINUTES

(Meeting of 20 December 1946)

162. REPORT TO THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS

The Meeting considered CON./P(46)83.

THE MEETING:

- (162) (a) approved CON/P(46)83, with the understanding that the French Delegation's position would be clarified by its Government:
- (b) instructed the Coordinating Committee to keep the Control Council informed of progress in the preparation of this report, and on 10 January 1947 to submit its plan for preparation of the report and its progress to date.

COORDINATING COMMITTEE

Allocation of Responsibilities for Report to Council
of Foreign Ministers

(Note by the Allied Secretariat)

1. The Council of Foreign Ministers has called upon the Allied Control Council for Germany to report by 25 February 1947 on the matters contained in COM/P(46)83, approved by the Control Council at its 50th Meeting on 20 December 1946.

2. The Coordinating Committee at its 96th Meeting on 21 December 1946 approved the following allocation of responsibilities to agencies of the Allied Control Authority. The Directorate assigned primary responsibility is instructed to consult the Directorates listed in parentheses but is also free to consult any other Directorate or agency of the Allied Control Authority which it considers advisable.

- a. Demilitarization (including Control of Research and of War Production) CSD-DEMI before 1 January 1947 (DEAV, DAIR, DIAC, DECO)
 - (1) Controlling Research and War Production DEMI (DECO)
- b. Denazification DIAC (DPOI, DIEG)
- c. Democratization (apart from Denazification) DIAC (DPOI, DEAN, DIEG)
- d. Economic Problems (apart from reparations) DECO (DEPT, DEAN, DIAC, DRDR, DEIN)
 - (1) level of Industry and Industrial Production - DECO
 - (2) liquidation of Economic War and Industrial Potential DECO (DEMI)
 - (3) Food and Rationing DECO
 - (4) Agriculture DECO
 - (5) Transportation DEPT
 - (6) Currency, Banking, Financial Reform, Prices, Wages DEIN (DEAN, DECO)
 - (7) Decartelization DECO
 - (8) Export and Import DECO
 - (9) Internal Trade DECO
- *) (10) Economic Unity DECO
 - (a) Aviation in Germany by Other than German Nationals CSD

- e. Reparations
 - (1) Policies DECO
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 - (3) Advance Deliveries DECO (DRDR)
 - (4) Reciprocal Deliveries DECO
 - (5) Drafting of Final Plan for Reparations DECO
- f. Central Administrations (History of Question) DPOI
- g. Other Problems
 - (1) Population Transfers DPOI
 - (2) Territorial Reorganization DIAC
- h. Liquidation of Prussia DIAC (DPOI)

3. The Members of the Coordinating Committee have agreed that each Zone Commander shall submit complete information for his Zone on the above questions concerning the implementation of Control Council laws, directives, orders and proclamations, and other necessary data on the status in the Zones and on progress achieved. This information is to be submitted as of 1 January 1947.

4. It was agreed that the above report is to be submitted to the Allied Secretariat by Wednesday, 5 February 1947 at the latest for approval at the next Coordinating Committee meeting following that date and for approval by the Control Council at its 20 February 1947 meeting.

5. This paper is circulated for information.

H. A. GERMARDT, Colonel

R. G. EKHAM, Brigadier

J. I. BAUDIER, Consul General

A. A. KUDRIAVTSEV, Major

Allied Secretariat

Approved at DEWH
23 December 1946

JORC/P(46)410 Revise

Note: 1.

2. The U.S., French, and British Members of the Allied Secretariat agreed to retain as a sub-topic under paragraph 2 d (10) the following:

- (a) Aviation in Germany by other than German Nationals OSD" and to add to paragraph 2 d (10),
- "(b) Interzonal Boundaries DECO (DIAC)".

3. The Soviet Member of the Allied Secretariat, basing his position on the discussion which took place in the Coordinating Committee, considered that paragraph 2 d (10) of CORC/P(46)410 Revise "Economic Unity" should not include any sub-topics, in as much as such subdivision of the subject would not be comprehensive and could only be determined by the Economic Directorate when drafting the detailed plan.

H. A. GERHARDT, Colonel

K. G. ECHAN, Brigadier

Corrigendum to
CORC/P(46)410 Revise
23 December 1946

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