“This Association [ABA] . . . has been interested in the [Judge Advocate General’s] School since its inception. It has made a notable contribution to the high quality of personnel in the Army Judge Advocate General’s Corps.”

LEWIS F. POWELL, JR.
President
American Bar Association

“... I hope you will be able to bring to the attention of the legal profession more generally the very fine job which the [Judge Advocate General’s] School is doing in training and scholarship in the broad and complex field of military law. It would seem to me that our country very badly needs much more of the kind of work which you have so effectively begun.”

MYRES S. McDougal
Sterling Professor of Law
Yale University Law School

“I take this opportunity of thanking you and your staff for making the stay of Major Bostan Khan and Major Hasan most enjoyable and fruitful . . . . Both of them speak very high[ly] of all that they saw in your School and I am sure that others who follow would equally benefit from their visit . . . .

“... I will most certainly make an attempt to visit your famous School and acquaint myself with the activities there. Needless to say that we are very happy over this link between this office and your School.”

A. A. Kazi
Brigadier
Judge Advocate General
Pakistani Army
FOREWORD

This Annual Report for the Fiscal Year 1965 is my first as Commandant. As in the case of the past three issues, this report summarizes the operations of the School; provides a printed record of the School and its personnel; and describes the courses of instruction.

However, equally important, the Annual Report, by its preparation, requires the staff and faculty to review the past year; to evaluate and revise the courses and projects presented; to consider the implementation of new instruction and services which would aid the judge advocate. By distribution of this report, it is hoped that it will stimulate interest in the School and will stimulate those already interested to suggest changes so that the School will better serve the Corps.

The scope of the instruction and projects undertaken by the School have continuously broadened. The level of instruction and the planning and presentation of projects have been increasingly strengthened. However, we at the School realize there is, and always will be, a place for criticism and improvement. We ask for your assistance.

JOHN W. BURTCHAELL
Colonel, JAGC
Commandant
Commandant's Annual Report
FISCAL YEAR 1965

Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Section I</td>
<td>History of The Judge Advocate General's School</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section II</td>
<td>Organization of The Judge Advocate General's School</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The Academic Department</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The Nonresident Training Department</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The Plans and Publications Department</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The Office of the School Secretary</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Board of Visitors</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section III</td>
<td>Academic Activities</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>General</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Judge Advocate Officer Career Course</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Judge Advocate General (Special) Course</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Procurement Law Course</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Military Justice Course</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>International Law Course</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Civil Law Course</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Civil Affairs Law Course</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Military Affairs Course</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Law Officer Seminar</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Judge Advocate Officer Refresher (Reserve Component) Course</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Guest Speaker Program</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Text Preparation Program</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Thesis Lending Library</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Foreign Student Orientation Program</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
MAJOR GENERAL
Harry J. Engel
The Assistant Judge Advocate General, U. S. Army

MAJOR GENERAL
Robert H. McCaw
The Judge Advocate General, U. S. Army

COLONEL
John W. Burtchaell
Commandant,
The Judge Advocate General's School
HISTORY OF THE JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S SCHOOL

Although judge advocates have served the United States Army since 1775, no effort was made to provide them with formal training in military law until the opening days of World War II. In preceding years, newly appointed judge advocates were trained empirically, but the Army's swift expansion soon emphasized the need for instructing attorneys entering the Corps in the manifold aspects of their new specialty.

In February 1942, as the uniformed lawyer's burden increased in complexity, specialized and refresher training courses for active duty personnel were commenced at the National University Law School, Washington, D. C. In August 1942, operations were transferred to The Judge Advocate General's School, physically located at the University of Michigan Law School, Ann Arbor, Michigan, and commanded by Colonel Edward H. Young, JAGC. In the following months, hundreds of officers were trained at Ann Arbor. Indeed, by June 1944 over two-thirds of the active duty strength of the Judge Advocate General's Corps were graduates of the School. The end of the war, however, substantially reduced the need for trained military lawyers, and in 1946 the School, which had been initiated only on a temporary basis, was discontinued.

Nevertheless, plans were soon being devised in the Office of the Judge Advocate General to implement the recommendation of a committee, appointed in 1946 to study the administration of military justice, that provision be made for the training of Army lawyers in military law. The passage of the Uniform Code of Military Justice and the coming of the Korean conflict accentuated the need for judge advocate training facilities. As a consequence, another temporary training facility was established at Fort Myer, Virginia, again under the guidance of Colonel Young. Approximately 200 officers attended several five-week courses in basic military law taught by five officer-instructors.

By this time, the decision had been made to establish a permanent branch service school. Although the advisability of locating the School within 200 miles of Washington was recognized, sites as far away as Fort Crockett, Texas, and Fort Rodman, Massachusetts, were considered. In the spring of 1951, a survey was made of the facilities offered by the University of Virginia, and on 2 August 1951 the present Judge Advocate General's School was established. At present, The Judge Advocate General's School is a class II activity of the Office of the Judge Advocate General. The Assistant Judge Advocate General has been given supervision of the School by the Chief of Staff.
Colonel Charles L. Decker was appointed as first Commandant. He served until 15 June 1955 when he was succeeded by Colonel Nathaniel B. Rieger. Colonel Rieger was in turn succeeded by Colonel John G. O'Brien who served from 1 March 1957 to 13 May 1961. Colonel John F. T. Murray was Commandant from 1 July 1961 to 31 December 1964. Colonel John W. Burtchaell, the present Commandant, began his tour of duty on 1 January 1965.
ORGANIZATION OF THE JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S SCHOOL

The Judge Advocate General's School, U. S. Army, is located on the Grounds of the University of Virginia in Charlottesville, Virginia. Its function is to orient the Army lawyer in the fundamentals of military law, to provide current training material, and to inform him of the latest developments in the law. Formal instruction and legal publications, including texts, periodicals, and extension courses, are used to fulfill this purpose.

The Judge Advocate General's School operates on a year-round basis. Over 8,300 students have graduated from courses offered at the School in its 14 years of operation at Charlottesville. During Fiscal Year 1965, 792 students were graduated from courses offered at the School.

The Judge Advocate General's School is composed of three departments, the Office of the School Secretary, and a Board of Visitors.

The Academic Department. This department conducts resident instruction for all active Army and reserve judge advocates, as well as some Naval and Air Force officers. It also prepares texts. Resident courses include the Judge Advocate General (Special) Course and the Judge Advocate Officer Career Course, which covers the entire field of military law. The department also conducts several specialized courses, generally two weeks in length, including courses in military justice, procurement law, international law, civil law, military affairs, civil affairs law, a combination resident and non-resident reserve course, and refresher courses for reserve component officers. The department is comprised of the International and Comparative Law, Military Affairs, Military Justice, Military Training, and Procurement Law Divisions.

The Nonresident Training Department. This department is responsible for developing nonresident training programs to insure the continued high level of professional legal competence required of military lawyers. In this connection, the department administers the judge advocate portion of the Army extension course program and prepares and distributes the judge advocate nonresident training material used in extension courses, USAR schools, and staff training materials used by the Judge Advocate General Service Organization (JAGSO) Detachments, the Judge Advocate Sections of USAR, and National Guard units. The department also provides liaison through periodic staff visits with the USAR School Judge Advocate Branch Departments, the JAGSO Detachments, and National Guard units. The department is composed of the Individual Training and Extension Course Division and the Nonresident Materials Preparation Division.
The Plans and Publications Department. This department is responsible for the conduct and coordination of research in the military legal field; prompt dissemination of the results of the research to members of the Judge Advocate General’s Corps; formulation of policies and procedures to aid in maintaining a superior level of staff work by judge advocates; special project activities such as the Judge Advocate General’s Conference and the conference for common course legal instructors; the preparation of permanent and periodical military legal publications, including the Military Law Review and the Judge Advocate Legal Service; the development and preparation of common course and quasi-legal instructional material including training films; and the planning and execution of an annual logistical exercise. The department consists of the Plans and Publications Divisions.

The Office of the School Secretary. This office formulates policies and, upon approval, executes policies concerning personnel, administration, security, management, and logistics. These responsibilities include the proper allocation and use of personnel, effective and efficient use of physical facilities, budget preparation and review, and analysis and control of fiscal matters.

Board of Visitors. The Board of Visitors, composed of five senior
reserve officers who are leading practitioners and legal educators, made its annual inspection. It examined the varied operations of the School and presented its findings, and recommendations, in a report submitted to the Commandant.

Enlisted Personnel, Staff and Faculty, TJAG School, left to right: SFC Wiegand, SFC Parsons, SFC Vandegriff, Sgt. Major Polster, MSGt Elkins, Sp 5 Edwards, Sgt. Aaron, Sp 4 Stanley.

Civilian employees of TJAG School. Front row, left to right: Mrs. Parkinson, Mrs. Hodges, Mrs. Chambers, Mrs. Castiel, Mrs. Gryczt, Miss Gross. Second row, left to right: Miss Marshall, Mrs. Towsey, Mrs. Marrs, Mrs. Folk, Mrs. Moore, Mrs. Head. Third row, left to right: Mrs. Huffman, Miss Brown, Miss Newman, Mrs. Heavener, Mrs. Nelms. Back row, left to right: Mr. Saunders, Mrs. Garrison, Mrs. Norton, Mrs. Hobbs, Mrs. Cross, Miss Anerk, Mrs. Hess, Mr. Merritt.
ACADEMIC ACTIVITIES

General. During Fiscal Year 1965, 13 resident courses were conducted with 792 students in attendance. (See Appendix V for the FY 1965 schedule of courses.) Attending these courses were 579 Army commissioned officers, 15 Navy and Marine Corps officers, 91 Air Force officers, 97 civilians, and 10 allied officers from Republic of China, Pakistan, Philippines, Vietnam, Korea, and Iran. (See Appendix VI for a breakdown of students in residence at the School during FY 1965.) Civilian personnel from government agencies outside of the Department of Defense represented at the School during Fiscal Year 1965 included the Department of Justice, the Post Office Department, Federal Aviation Agency, the Small Business Administration, the National Aeronautics and Space Agency, the General Accounting Office, the Department of Commerce, the Atomic Energy Commission, and the National Science Foundation. Of the 579 Army officers attending courses, 259 were active duty personnel while the remaining 320 were Reserve component officers.

Courses conducted during Fiscal Year 1965 included the nine-month Judge Advocate Officer Career Course (5F-18-C22); two cycles of the ten-week Judge Advocate General (Special) Course (5F-8101); the two-week Judge Advocate Officer Refresher (Reserve Component) Course (5F-8101); three cycles of the three-week Procurement Law Course (5F-F6); the two-week Military Justice Course (5F-F1); the two-week International Law Course (5F-F3); the two-week Civil Affairs Law Course (Phase II) (18-G-F10); the two-week Civil Law Course (5F-F5); the two-week Military Affairs Course (5F-F2); and a two-week Law Officer Seminar. Courses scheduled to be conducted during Fiscal Year 1966 are set forth in a chart in Appendix VII.

The official source of information concerning courses of instruction offered at all Army service schools, including The Judge Advocate General’s School, is the U. S. Army Formal Schools Catalog (Department of the Army Pamphlet 350-10). That catalog provides detailed information for staff officers, commanders, and personnel officers who are concerned with the selection of individuals for school attendance; for commissioned officers, both Active and Reserve,
Judge Advocate Officer Career Course. In this course, selected judge advocates are educated for leadership in the broad fields of military law. This course offers a year of graduate legal study in all areas of law relevant to military legal practice. It is fully accredited by the American Bar Association as meeting the highest standards required for a graduate legal study program. It is open to highly qualified and carefully selected career judge advocates or legal specialists of the Armed Forces of the United States and allied nations. The course is intended to deepen and broaden a philosophical appreciation of the role of law in its application to all phases of military life through recognition of the continual impact of legal principles and standards at all levels of command, and thus to prepare the officer student to render legal services to higher com-

LT. COLONEL
JAMES L. CUMMING
Chief, Procurement Law
Division

LT. COLONEL
AUSTIN J. GERBER
Chief, Military Justice Division
manders under varying conditions of present and future military operations and organizations.

The curriculum of this thirty-four-week course (September-May) includes the study of military criminal law and practice, the philosophy of penology, public contract law, statutory and regulatory controls and directives for procurement, taxation, military administrative law concerning military and civilian personnel, investigative powers, administrative board procedures, administration of military reservations, nonappropriated fund activities, property, claims, litigation, individual legal assistance, civil affairs, domestic emergencies, international law, the legal aspects of counterinsurgency, comparative law, and jurisprudence.

In addition, successful completion of the course requires the submission of a thesis of graduate level quality that makes a substantial contribution to military legal scholarship. This requirement is regarded as the heart of the Career Course. Topics and scope notes for theses written by members of the Thirteenth Career Course may be found in Appendix VIII. Several will be published in forthcoming issues of the Military Law Review.

The Thirteenth Career Class began on 8 September 1964 and graduated on 21 May 1965. There were 29 students in attendance: 24 U. S. Army male judge advocates, 1 U. S. Army female judge advocate, 2 U. S. Navy law specialists, and 2 U. S. Marine Corps law specialists. The design of the course fell into a two semester
format—that part of the curriculum coming prior to Christmas recess and that part following the recess. These two semesters will be described in the following paragraphs:

a. First Semester (8 September - 18 December 1964).

1. Military Justice Instruction. During the first semester, 82 hours of classroom instruction were presented on military justice subjects. This included instruction on evidence, procedure, criminal law, jurisdiction, and initial and appellate review. In addition, guest speakers provided presentations on ethics, penology, psychiatry, and crime laboratory techniques. This classroom instruction was supplemented by twenty hours of seminars dealing with the right to counsel and with wire-tapping and electronic eavesdropping. The entire military justice instruction was concluded by a four hour essay-type examination.

2. Procurement Law Instruction. The Career Class received 46 hours of classroom instruction dealing with all aspects of procurement law. Twenty additional hours were devoted to seminars on such subjects as the role of the Comptroller General and the effect of sociological and economic policies on competition. A four-hour final examination was given.

3. Jurisprudence. A thirty-hour course on jurisprudence, followed by a four-hour examination, was conducted by Professor Edwin W. Patterson, Scholar in Residence at the University of Virginia Law School, and Cardozo Professor Emeritus of Juris-

Major
James M. Van Hook
Chief, Military Training Division

Captain
Peter M. Anderson
Assistant to the Director

Professor
Edwin W. Patterson
Scholar in Residence, University of Virginia Law School.
Members of the Thirteenth Career Class. First row, left to right: CAPT. ADAMKEWICZ, CAPT. BRIGHT, LT. COL. DICKSON, MAJ. SMITH, JR., CDR. BROWN, (USN), LT. COL. PECCHOTTI, MAJ. BUCHMAN (USMC), MAJ. DONAHUE. Second row, left to right: CAPT. RADISH, CAPT. LASSITER, CAPT. TRAIL, CAPT. SCHIESSER, MAJ. HADEN (USMC), MAJ. Jones, CAPT. STEVENSON. Third row, left to right: CAPT. Alley, CAPT. KENNY, MAJ. THORNTON, CAPT. OVERHOLT, CAPT. PLATT, MAJ. BELTMAN, MAJ. SPENCER. Back row, left to right: LT. TOMS (USN), CAPT. AYRES, CAPT. HOUGEN, CAPT. EBNER, CAPT. WELBORN, CAPT. LOANE, CAPT. KUCERA.

prudence, Columbia University. The instruction included both analytic jurisprudence and the philosophy of law.

(4) Military Training Instruction. Twenty-nine hours of military training instruction, dealing primarily with command and staff procedures, were presented to the class during the first semester.

(5) Thesis Program. At the beginning of the semester, the students were issued a list of approximately one hundred suggested thesis topics covering a wide spectrum of military law. Students could choose one of the suggested topics or could submit one of their own creation for approval by the teaching division most directly related to the subject. Every student was required to select a topic by 12 October 1964. Upon the approval of his selection, a thesis adviser was assigned to him. During the semester, one week was scheduled solely for thesis research.
The Judge Advocate General's Conference. Career Class students attended all sessions of The Judge Advocate General's Conference, which was held at the School during the period 14-17 September 1964.

b. Second Semester (4 January - 21 May 1965)

(1) Military Affairs Instruction. The Military Affairs Division presented ninety hours of classroom instruction on such subjects as personnel law, legal assistance, military reservations, and claims. The students also participated in twenty hours of seminars and took a four-hour essay-type examination.

(2) International and Comparative Law Instruction. Sixty-four hours of classroom instruction were allocated to the International and Comparative Law Division. In addition, guest speakers were invited to lecture in the international law field and to conduct seminars which were held immediately after the lecture. Among the participants in this program were Leonard Meeker, Legal Advisor, Department of State, Professor Oliver J. Lissitzyn, Columbia University School of Law, and Professor William V. O'Brien, Georgetown University.

(3) Military Training. During the second semester, the Military Training Division presented 69 hours of instruction which dealt primarily with division operations and common subjects. In addition to formal instruction, the class attended Exercise Blue Chip V at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, during the period 28-29 April 1965. The exercise consisted of demonstrations of weapons, tactics, and equipment.

(4) Thesis Program. One week in January, February, and March was scheduled for uninterrupted thesis research. The first draft of the thesis was due 15 February 1965. Between 15 February and 19 March 1965, thesis orals were conducted. Each student was

A member of the Career Class orally defending his thesis before members of the faculty.
allotted two hours in which to discuss the main points of his thesis and submit to questioning by a faculty committee composed of the Director, Academic Department, the division chief concerned, and the student's thesis adviser. Other class members were permitted but not required to attend, as were other members of the faculty and staff.

The completed thesis was due on 5 April 1965. It was evaluated in turn by the thesis adviser, division chief, and Department Director, and a final grade was determined. The thesis was allotted a weight of 30% in determining each student's final overall grade in the Career Course.

(5) LOGEX. The Career Class students participated in LOGEX at Fort Lee, Virginia, from 30 April - 8 May 1965. Judge advocate participation in this logistical exercise was supervised by the School's Plans and Publications Department.

(6) Graduation. The Thirteenth Career Course graduated on 21 May 1965. Awards to members of this year's Thirteenth Career Course are contained in Appendix IX.

Judge Advocate General (Special) Course. In this 10-week course, conducted twice a year primarily for officers newly commissioned in the Judge Advocate General's Corps, training is provided in the fundamentals of military law. The content of the course stresses those areas of military practice with which newly appointed judge advocates are most likely to be concerned in their first duty assignments. Accordingly, the course is devoted primarily to the fundamentals of military criminal law and practice in order to equip the graduate with a working knowledge of the duties of trial and defense counsel before general courts-martial. Instruction is also given on the provisions of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act, problems of domicile as affected by military status, domestic relations, immigration, adoption, wills, insurance, personal taxation, family financial problems, debt counseling, suits for and against
A member of the Thirteenth Career Class conducts a seminar.

servicemen, and the mechanics of the Army's legal assistance program. The course also includes those laws and regulations concerning many aspects of the military personnel process, including appointment, enlistment, promotion, reduction, retirement, discharge, pay, death and disability benefits, and matters of practice and procedure before administrative boards concerned with such matters. Special attention is also given to the problems of the administration of military reservations, including the powers and duties of a post commander to regulate traffic, make arrests, regulate ingress and egress, deal with property both public and private, and manage and control the operation of such nonappropriated fund activities as post exchanges, commissaries, clubs, and other associations. A substantial block of instruction is also given on those laws and regulations covering claims for and against the Government. However, the course includes only an introductory coverage of the law of public contracts, civil affairs, and international law. A graduate of the Special Course is expected to return to the School at a later time for instruction on these subjects by attendance at an appropriate short course, as described below, should his duties so require.

Since most of the students who attended the Special Course had no prior military experience, attendance at a nine-week Officer Basic Course at either The Infantry School or The Armor School was required during FY 1965 as a prerequisite to attendance at the Judge Advocate Special Course. The primary purpose of this requirement was to increase the newly commissioned officer's appreciation of the problems of military command, provide him with working knowledge of the basic command and staff concepts, and acquaint him with military customs, courtesies and traditions. Beginning in FY 1966, however, the military orientation will consist of a
special two-week course at Fort Lee, and attendance at an officer basic course will not be required.

JAGEX, a command post exercise begun in 1960, was conducted again this year for the Forty-First and Forty-Second Special Classes. Play of that exercise requires one and one-half days. Students are divided into small groups and organize themselves into typical post judge advocate offices. An instructor assigned to each group acts both as the staff judge advocate and as the group controller to supervise and pace the play, introduce problems, furnish advice, and review and critique player solutions for accuracy, completeness, and practicability. Problems likely to be encountered in the day-to-day operations of a post judge advocate office were prepared by the four law-teaching divisions of the department. Realism was further heightened by the introduction of several “live” problems using additional staff and faculty personnel as actors.

A continuing feature of the instructions given Special Course students is the moot court program. This program is designed to give newly commissioned judge advocate officers practical experience in military trial practice and procedure. Moot courts are simulated general courts-martial based on factual situations prepared by faculty members. The positions of trial and defense counsel, members of the court, and witnesses are filled by members of the Special Course. Each student has at least one opportunity to act as trial or defense counsel. The law officer’s part is normally played by a member of the staff and faculty. This year, members of the Thirteenth Career Class also participated as law officers.

The speaker at the graduation exercises for the Forty-First Special Class was Colonel William G. Easton, Command Staff Judge Advocate, U. S. Continental Army Command, and for the Forty-Second Special Class was Colonel William H. Blackmarr, Army Staff Judge Advocate, Second U. S. Army. Awards made to the members of the Forty-First and Forty-Second Special Classes are contained in Appendix IX.

Procurement Law Course. The three-week course was given three times in Fiscal Year 1965. This course concentrates on the legal aspects of government procurement. These include a study of the general principles of government contract law, legal principles pertaining to appropriated funds, procurement policies, types of contracts, procurement by formal advertising and by competitive negotiation, mistakes in bids, modification of contracts, cost principles, subcontracts, price revision, disputes, claims, remedies, termination for default or convenience, taxation, labor law, and the utilization and disposition of government property.

This course enjoys an outstanding reputation throughout the
Government. Although some of the other short resident courses also utilize guest lectures, one of the distinctive features of this course is its extensive use of guest speakers who are in key positions in government procurement and can thus speak with added authority as specialists in their fields. Almost one-half of the students attending these courses in FY 1965 were civilian attorneys employed by the various departments of the Department of Defense and other agencies of the Government. Approximately 27% were Army Reserve judge advocates on active duty training. The remainder were Active Army, Navy, or Air Force officers.

This course is open to lawyers who are civilian employees of the Government engaged in or about to be assigned to procurement duties and to commissioned officers of the Active Armed Forces or a Reserve component who are lawyers. Although they are encouraged to attend the entire three weeks, Army Reserve judge advocates enrolled in the Judge Advocate Officer Career (Reserve Component) Course are permitted to attend the first two weeks of this course in satisfaction of the requirement of that course for the study of procurement law.

**Military Justice Course.** This two-week course is designed to prepare lawyers to perform duties involving the application and interpretation of military criminal law. The curriculum includes the study of the law of evidence, substantive crimes, defenses and instructions, procedure, the jurisdiction of courts-martial, punishments, and appellate review of court-martial records.

This course is open to lawyers who are civilian employees of the Government engaged in or about to be assigned to duties requiring a knowledge of military criminal law and practice, and to com-
missioned officers of the Active Armed Forces or a Reserve component who are lawyers. Army Reserve judge advocates enrolled in the Judge Advocate Officer Career (Reserve Component) Course may attend this course in satisfaction of the requirements of that course for the study of military justice. In FY 1965, the student body attending this course was predominantly composed of Army Reserve judge advocates on active duty training.

*International Law Course.* This two-week course is concerned with the interpretation and application of international law. Coverage is more or less equally divided between the study of those fundamental principles of international law that govern the peaceful relations between nations and those concerning the international law of war.

This course is open both to lawyers and non-lawyers who are civilian employees of the Government or commissioned officers of the Active Armed Forces or a Reserve component whose actual or anticipated assignment is to duties requiring a knowledge of international law. Army Reserve judge advocates enrolled in the Judge Advocate Officer Career (Reserve Component) Course may attend this course in satisfaction of the requirements of that course for the study of international law. In FY 1965, the student body attending this course was predominantly composed of Army Reserve judge advocates on active duty training.

**Colonel Toxey H. Sewell, Director of the Academic Department, presents a diploma to a member of the Forty-second Special Class during graduation ceremonies.**
**Civil Law Course.** This two-week resident course is concerned with claims, litigation, domestic emergencies, legal assistance, and the administration of military reservations.

This course is open to lawyers who are civilian employees of the Government engaged in or about to be assigned to duties requiring such knowledge and to commissioned officers in the Active Armed Forces or a Reserve component who are lawyers. Army Reserve judge advocates enrolled in the Judge Advocate Officer Career (Reserve Component) Course may attend this course in satisfaction of the requirements of that course for the study of these subjects. In FY 1965, the student body attending this course was predominantly composed of Army Reserve judge advocates on active duty training.

**Civil Affairs Law Course.** This four-week resident course provided instruction in the legal aspects of civil affairs activities and in comparative law. The course was divided into two phases of two weeks each, which were given in alternate years. Beginning in FY 1966, however, each phase will be designated a separate course. Phase II will become the Foreign Law Course, while Phase I will retain the title, Civil Affairs Law Course. Both courses will be offered in FY 1966.

The courses are open to Active or Reserve officers of the Armed Forces and to civilian employees of the Government whose duties require a knowledge of these subject areas. It is not necessary that one be a lawyer to attend. In FY 1965, the student body attending Phase II of this course was predominantly composed of Army Reserve judge advocates on active duty for training.

**Military Affairs Course.** This two-week course provides instruction in military administrative law. The curriculum includes a study of the organization of the United States for national security, delegation of authority, administrative due process, and the laws and regulations governing the many aspects of the personnel process, including appointment, enlistment, promotion, reduction, discharge, pay, death and disability benefits, and matters of practice and procedure before administrative boards concerned with such matters.

This course is open to lawyers who are civilian employees of the Government engaged in or about to be assigned to duties requiring knowledge of military administrative law, and to commissioned officers of the Active Armed Forces or a Reserve component who are lawyers. Army Reserve judge advocates enrolled in the Judge Advocate Officer Career (Reserve Component) Course may attend this course in satisfaction of requirements of that course for such subjects. In FY 1965, the student body attending this course was predominantly composed of Army Reserve judge advocates on active duty for training.
Law Officer Seminar. This two-week seminar is concerned with the study of recent developments in the military justice field. Emphasis is placed on the role of the law officer in the administration of trials, pretrial procedure, evidence, motions, defenses, guilty pleas, instructions, and punishments. Round table seminar discussions are a prominent portion of the program.

Participation in this seminar is limited to judge advocates or legal specialists of the Active Armed Forces assigned or about to be assigned to law officer duties and to Army Reserve judge advocates who are mobilization designees to the Army Field Judiciary. Attendance is controlled by The Judge Advocate General of the Army. This seminar is not one of the courses listed in the U. S. Army Formal Schools Catalog.

Judge Advocate Officer (Reserve Component) Course. This two-week-survey course provides refresher training in all areas of law pertinent to military legal practice. Emphasis is placed on current trends and developments. It is part of the program of continuing legal education for Reserve component officers and is attended only by these officers. In FY 1965 Air Force reserve component officers comprised 80% of the student body; the remainder were Army reserve component officers.

This course is not a credit course for branch qualification of Reserve officers. No attempt is made to cover subjects in depth, and the content of the curriculum is subject to continuous revision.

Clark Hall, The Law School of the University of Virginia, where TJAGSA classes are held.
Guest Speaker Program. During the course of each academic year, a large number of eminent guest speakers present lectures of interest to the faculty and student body. The subjects of their addresses cover such widely diverse topics as judicial philosophy and practice, electronic warfare, psychiatry and the law, law in limited international conflict, procurement by barter and the gold flow restriction, and Soviet interpretation of International Law.

Each speaker is selected for his experience, his recognized status as an authority in his field, and the importance of his subject as it bears upon the practice of military law. Among those who addressed various courses at The Judge Advocate General’s School during FY 1965 were: Professor Edwin W. Patterson, Scholar in Residence, University of Virginia Law School; the Honorable Alexander Holtzoff, United States District Judge, District Court for the District of Columbia; Mr. Leonard C. Meeker, Legal Advisor, Department of State; Professor Myres McDougal, Sterling Professor of Law, Yale University; Professor Oliver J. Lissitzyn, Columbia University School of Law; and Mr. Merritt H. Steger, General Counsel, Department of the Navy.

A complete list of the 69 guest speakers who addressed various courses conducted at the School during FY 1965 is contained in Appendix X.

Text Preparation Program. Long range plans were formulated and work begun in FY 1961 upon an ambitious program to prepare a series of textbooks dealing with military law for publication as Department of the Army pamphlets. The volumes would form the foundation of both the resident and nonresident instruction. It was recognized at the outset that the task would be a formidable one requiring a number of years to complete and that it would absorb a very substantial part of the total intellectual energies of every member of the resident faculty. The task of revision and expansion of these texts would never be complete at any one time. However, the program was necessary in that written materials were not available from other sources.

During FY 1965, two new pamphlets were added to the ten already published. These were Volume I on International Law (DA Pam 27-161-1) and Military Justice—Procedure (DA Pam 27-173). The six pamphlets yet to be published are still in various stages of preparation.

Thesis Lending Library. During this fiscal year, the thesis lending library was transferred to the University of Virginia Law Library from the Military Training Division. Copies of theses written by members of Judge Advocate Officer Career Courses are available on
Foreign Student Orientation Program. The Military Training Division provides a detailed information program for the orientation of foreign students who attend the School. The program's objective is to give the foreign military students, in addition to their military training, a balanced understanding of United States society, institutions, and ideals. To accomplish this objective, the students visited historical and industrial points of interest, observed civilian trials and met the lawyers and judges engaged in the trials, observed an Army general court-martial, toured a TV station and newspaper plant, watched films depicting highlights of the history and geography of the United States, and visited Washington, D. C. and New York City.
NONRESIDENT TRAINING

General. One of the responsibilities of The Judge Advocate General's School is the development of plans and policies and the preparation of materials for the training of Reserve Component Judge Advocate officers with a view toward preparing them to fill assignments upon mobilization. The carrying out of this responsibility is the prime duty of the Nonresident Training Department of The Judge Advocate General's School. The Nonresident Training Department accomplishes its mission through several programs and functions.

Administration of Extension Courses. The following correspondence courses are offered:

a. The Judge Advocate Officer (Reserve Component) Course, (18-A-C24), and the Judge Advocate Officer Career Course (18-A-E24). Both of these courses are identical in content and closely parallel the resident Judge Advocate Career Course, but, of course, not including the requirement of writing a thesis. The C24 course is divided into seven phases, at least three of which must be completed by attendance at resident courses. The entire course must be completed in four years. The E24 course can be completed by correspondence or partially by attendance at resident courses at The Judge Advocate General's School. A minimum of 70 credit hours, at least 30 by correspondence, must be completed each year. Completion will, under current regulations, qualify a Reserve Component Judge Advocate officer for promotion and branch assignment through the grade of colonel, JAGC.

b. The Judge Advocate Basic Indoctrination Extension Course is designed to give newly commissioned Reserve Component Judge Advocate officers who are not concurrently called to active duty, a basic understanding of the military system and to prepare them for higher level work. Successful completion of this course will educationally qualify the Reserve Component Judge Advocate officer for promotion through the grade of captain, JAGC.

c. Special Extension Courses. These correspondence courses are designed to provide a specialized type of skill. The courses are

LT. COLONEL
JOHN C. KINNEY
Director, Nonresident Training Department
Military Law for Commanding Officers, Legal Administrative Technician, and Legal Clerk.

d. The Specialization Extension Courses offer a means of providing continuing legal education for senior Reserve Component Judge Advocate officers. These high level courses are offered in the fields of International Law, Military Justice, Military Affairs, and Procurement Law.

e. Miscellaneous enrollments offer a means whereby applicants who do not meet the eligibility requirements for enrollment in one of the other Judge Advocate correspondence courses may enroll in specific subcourses, provided his duties or prospective duties require the special training that may be accomplished by means of such subcourses.

Retirement points are awarded to Reserve Component officers for extension course work.

As of 30 April 1965 the breakdown of students enrolled by course and component was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Active Army</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>328</td>
<td>339</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USAR</td>
<td>281</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>233</td>
<td>599</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Guard</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USAF</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USN &amp; USMC</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>111</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

LT. COLONEL
HAROLD D. CUNNINGHAM, JR.
Chief, Nonresident Materials Preparation Division

MAJOR
ROBERT W. MORRISON
Chief, Individual Training and Extension Course Division
Support of Reserve Component Organization and Functions.

a. USAR Schools. During the report period the Nonresident Training Department prepared, with the assistance of the Academic Department, the student and instructor material for the three Judge Advocate courses taught in the USAR schools: the Judge Advocate Officer Career Course, the Staff Judge Advocate Operations Course, and the Judge Advocate Reserve New Developments Course. The examinations are graded by the Nonresident Training Department, and The School Commandant issues the certificates of completion for these courses. During the report period there were approximately 700 students enrolled in the Judge Advocate Officer Career Course in 70 USAR schools.

Those officers who complete the USAR School Judge Advocate Officer Career Course are given a certificate of completion for the equivalent of the resident Judge Advocate Officer Career Course. The Staff Judge Advocate Operations and Judge Advocate Reserve New Developments Courses are designed to provide continuing legal education for senior Reserve Component Judge Advocate officers.

Under the provisions of paragraph 19c(3), AR 140-305, and paragraph 5c, Annex AL to the USCONARC Training Directive, staff and faculty members of The Judge Advocate General's School make staff liaison visits to the various USAR schools during the Reserve Duty Training Phase of the academic year and to their ANACDUTRA training sites. The purposes of these visits are manifold and include verifying the qualifications of instructors and students, the adequacy of training facilities, and the proper utilization of materials. (See Appendix XIII for a listing of the visits made during the report period.)

b. Troop Program Unit Training. The Nonresident Training Department provides Judge Advocate officers assigned to troop program units, including the Judge Advocate General Service Organization Detachments, with materials under the staff training program envisioned under Appendix VIII to Annex AA of the USCONARC Training Directive. At present the staff training material consists
of some 250 practical legal problems of the type which unit commanders may expect to encounter during various phases of the unit's operations upon receiving mobilization orders. Training materials also include a Command Post Exercise designed for four days duration which will be used for the first time during ANACDUTRA in the summer of 1965 by the JAGSO Detachments.

Staff liaison visits of the type mentioned above were also made to various troop program units during both the reserve duty training and ANACDUTRA phases of the training year. (See Appendix XIII for a listing of the visits made during the report period.)

Planning and Career Guidance. The Nonresident Training Department maintains a staff to answer inquiries from Reserve Component Judge Advocates regarding career problems such as education, promotion, and retirement points. In order to provide better service in this area, a number of steps were taken during Fiscal Year 1965.

a. On 15, 16, and 17 February 1965, the fourth annual Judge Advocate General's Reserve Component Training Conference was held in Charlottesville. Both Active and Reserve Component Judge Advocate officers participated. Problems of mutual interest in the Reserve Component field were discussed. Conferees included Regular Army personnel from the Office of The Judge Advocate General, CONARC, and the Offices of the Staff Judge Advocates of the six continental armies. Reserve Component personnel represented the National Guard Bureau, USAR schools, and ARNG and USAR Troop Program Units.

b. This year's issue of the Judge Advocate Legal Service devoted exclusively to Reserve Component affairs was published in October 1964. In addition to information regarding the operation of the Reserve Component Judge Advocate program, it contained an extensive explanation of Reserve Component promotion procedures.

c. Records of Reservists. All available pertinent records of Judge Advocate Reserve Component officers have been surveyed to determine the extent to which officers of the various grades were progressing to meet the minimum educational qualifications for promotion and branch assignment. During this period more than 1,100 letters have been set out to those Reserve Component officers who were found not to be making satisfactory progress. To date more than 425 answers have been received.

Miscellaneous. The Nonresident Training Department has devoted considerable time during the report period to planning for the pending Reserve Component reorganization and the new Common Subjects Career Course program in the USAR schools, and has
experimented with such innovations as a programmed format course and audio visual aids.

There are two additional programs which are provided for Reserve Component Judge Advocate officers to aid in their continuing legal education.

a. The Judge Advocate General's Corps Military Legal Thesis Program is established to promote the publication in civilian and military law reviews and journals of scholarly treatises prepared by Reserve Component Judge Advocate officers on problems in military jurisprudence. Retirement points are awarded for satisfactory products. In recent years, several legal publications have published the articles. At present eight officers are participating in the program and several others have shown interest.

b. The Legal Area Specialist Program. This program consists of training projects whereby the Reserve Component Judge Advocate officer with a language facility translates certain materials to be used by The Judge Advocate General's School or the Office of The Judge Advocate General. At present five officers are participating in the program and several others have shown interest.
PLANS AND PUBLICATIONS

General. The Plans and Publications Department has the overall responsibility of handling the School's mission in the conduct and coordination of legal research and its dissemination to Army judge advocates. The fulfillment of this function has resulted in The Judge Advocate General's School becoming a center for the development of scholarship in the field of military law.

To distribute the results of this legal research, the department utilizes various means. It prepares and publishes diverse permanent and periodic military legal publications. It also uses training films as an additional method of acquainting Army personnel with the military legal system and with the services provided by the Judge Advocate General's Corps.

The department prepares an integrated course of instruction in military legal subjects for use in Army service schools, supervises the instruction in military law given ROTC students, plans and conducts the annual Judge Advocate General's Conference as well as other smaller specialized conferences for senior judge advocates, and coordinates the judge advocate phase of LOGEX, the annual logistical exercise for service school and Reserve component personnel.

Publications.

(1) Judge Advocate Legal Service. This Department of the Army pamphlet series is designed to rapidly disseminate new developments in the field of military law to active and Reserve Component Army Judge Advocates. The Legal Service is printed locally in Charlottesville in order to facilitate its needed immediate distribution, thus giving the School closer supervision of printing and distribution. In this regard, the distribution files have been reorganized, obsolete address plates discarded, and zip codes added to all plates.

All cases decided by the United States Court of Military Appeals are reported in the Legal Service, reaching judge advocates in the
field much earlier than the printed advance sheets. In addition, important decisions of the boards of review, significant civilian decisions, administrative opinions of The Judge Advocate General and the Comptroller General, and administrative matters of importance to the Judge Advocate General’s Corps are included in the Legal Service.

Between 1 July 1964 and 30 June 1965, 32 issues of the Judge Advocate Legal Service were published and distributed. A change to the Staff Judge Advocate Special Set of Regulations was printed to up-date the minimum list of Army Regulations needed in each judge advocate office. The Legal Service was renumbered on a calendar year basis. Thus the issues for 1965 are numbered 65-(individual issue number) JALS (page number) (DA Pam 27-65-(issue number)). A non-cumulative semi-annual index has been approved which will include a “Table of Cases” as well as the “Topical Index.” The first semi-annual index is expected to be printed in July 1965. A section on “Grants and Certifications of Review” was added to keep judge advocates informed of the problems being considered by the U. S. Court of Military Appeals. An attempt has been made to continue to give broad coverage to decisions of civilian courts, military affairs, and Comptroller General decisions.

(2) Procurement Legal Service. This publication provides prompt information on current developments in government contract law to legal personnel of the armed forces engaged in procurement activities. It includes digests of opinions of The Judge Advocate General of the Army, decisions of the Comptroller General of the United States, decisions of the Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals, and decisions of the federal courts. During the period
1 July 1964-30 June 1965, eight issues of the *Procurement Legal Service* were prepared and forwarded to Department of the Army for printing.

(3) *Military Law Review*. The Review is a Department of the Army pamphlet. Initial distribution of the Review is made to all active Army judge advocates and to judge advocate members of the Reserve components in a ready status. Issues of the Review are also sold to interested civilian agencies and individuals by the Superintendent of Documents.

While the *Military Law Review* is published as a Department of the Army pamphlet, its format is identical to that of a civilian law review. Contributions for the Review continue to be received from the judge advocates in all three armed services, foreign military and civilian lawyers, members of the staff and faculty, law school professors, reserve component judge advocates and civilian attorneys.

Since the stock level of the first ten volumes of the Review is being depleted, and there is a continuing demand for many of the articles in these volumes, a reprint is being planned. The reprint will include selected articles from Volumes 1-10 which are of continuing value and interest to judge advocates.

The *Military Law Review* has undertaken agreements to exchange the Review for other law journals. Publications from all over the world are being exchanged. The publications received are placed in the JAG School Library for general use. They also provide the

**CAPTAIN**

**BERNARD J. A. MOROSCO**

*Editor, Military Law Review*

**CAPTAIN**

**LAWRENCE A. MONACO, JR.**

*Editor, Judge Advocate Legal Service*
BRIGADIER GENERAL LAWRENCE FULLER, The Assistant Judge Advocate General for Civil Law, is briefed on plans for LOGEX 1965.
Editor of the Review with a means of keeping abreast of the latest writings in the military law field.


(5) Legal Clerk's Handbook. A text outlining the duties of legal clerk is being written for use in the field for nonresident instruction. The text may also be used in the future if a resident course for legal clerks is established.

(6) Review of Publications. The Staff Judge Advocate Handbook (DA Pam 27-5), Military Law and Board of Officers (ROTCM 145-85), and the Military Justice Handbook, The Trial Counsel and the Defense Counsel (DA Pam 27-10), are being reviewed. Additions and corrections to improve these publications will be printed as needed.

Special Activities.

(1) The Judge Advocate General's Conference. The 1964 Judge Advocate General's Conference was held during the period 14-17 September 1964 at The Judge Advocate General's School. The conference enabled senior judge advocates from throughout the world to meet and discuss important new developments in military law. General Hugh Harris, Commanding General, United States Continental Army Command, was the keynote speaker. Major General George W. Hickman (Ret.), The Judge Advocate General during the period 1957-1960, was the principal speaker at the conference banquet. In addition, selected speakers from the Office of the Judge Advocate General and from major continental and overseas commands addressed the conferees on legal problems of current interest.

(2) Army Field Judiciary Conference. The fourth annual conference for officers of the Army Judiciary was held immediately after The Judge Advocate General's Conference. This conference brought
GENERAL HUGH P. HARRIS, Commanding General, USCONARC, arrives at the Charlottesville Airport prior to addressing The Judge Advocate General's Conference.

Conferees enjoy the annual picnic given at The JAG Conference.
together the Army's law officers for the purpose of discussing problems having special applicability to the Army Judiciary. Members of Army boards of review also participated.

(3) LOGEX. The School was charged with the responsibility of planning and supervising the judge advocate play of LOGEX 1965. The judge advocate sections in this Army-wide logistical exercise were manned by the members of the Career Class, by the 3d and 7th Judge Advocate Detachments, by the judge advocate sections of the 310th, 311th, and 324th Logistical Commands and selected individual reservists. In addition, the School provided extensive pre-LOGEX instruction for all JAG participants. This year judge advocate play was highlighted by a successful moot court-martial, which aroused considerable interest among LOGEX participants of all branches. Again, this year’s play featured the integration of active duty and reserve judge advocate personnel. The play by the judge advocate officers also demonstrated the value of the Judge Advocate General’s Corps to the other branches of the Army.

(4) The Judge Advocate General’s Corps Exhibit. During the last year, the Judge Advocate General’s Corps exhibit, which consists of illustrated panels depicting various activities and functions of the Corps, was displayed at the American Bar Association Meeting in New York and at LOGEX 1965. The exhibit attracted considerable attention at these events and aided materially in informing the civilian bar and the general military community of the functions of the Corps.

(5) Enlisted Evaluation Program for MOS Codes 711D and E. The department, together with the Enlisted Evaluation Center, has the responsibility of conducting the enlisted evaluation program for legal clerks and court reporters, MOS Codes 711D and E. The purpose of the program is to determine the qualification of an individual for his particular grade and his eligibility for proficiency pay and promotion. The grades achieved by the individual are the composite result of a commander’s evaluation report, a paper and pencil test, and, in the case of court reporters, a performance test in reporting and transcribing.

During the past year, with the aid of statistical data, there was a critical examination of the paper and pencil tests, and further refinements were made. In addition, a new 30-minute tape recording utilizing an extract from an actual record of trial was made at the School for the court reporter’s performance test. The examinees were required to record the examination of witnesses and final arguments and to transcribe them in the proper format. The finished transcripts are graded at the School. Work is now being done on the preparation of a new test tape for 1966.
(6) **Enlisted Legal Clerk Training.** During the year, an exhaustive study was made of the current state of training and actual employment of legal clerks in staff judge advocate offices.

(7) **Law Day USA.** The School has the responsibility for coordinating the Law Day activities of the Department of the Army. This year Law Day chairmen were appointed at each installation, command, and activity, and these chairmen were placed on the mailing list for the American Bar Association's Law Day materials. In addition, the School mailed to the chairmen display materials illustrating the activities of the Judge Advocate General's Corps.

(8) **Court Reporter Classes.** The School continued to monitor the instruction of Army court reporters conducted by the United States Naval Justice School, Newport, Rhode Island.

(9) **Automatic Data Processing Systems.** The School has continued to monitor developments in the important and rapidly evolving field of automatic data processing. To this end, the Chief of the Plans Division attended the "ADPS for Staff Officers" course at the U. S. Army Signal School, Fort Monmouth, New Jersey.

(10) **Court Reporting Equipment.** Extensive efforts have been made to determine and to obtain the type of equipment which would best fulfill the Army's court reporting needs. Procurement of improved court reporting equipment has been undertaken.

(11) **Planning.** The School conducts, coordinates and supervises research in the field of military law and prepares miscellaneous studies for internal use as well as for the entire Judge Advocate General's Corps. Additionally, the School assists in the development of broad, long range continuity plans and procedures for the Corps.

(12) **Service School Instructors' Conference on Legal Common Subjects.** Instructors in legal subjects from 16 service schools and the United States Military Academy met at The Judge Advocate General's School, Charlottesville, on 16 and 17 November 1964. Presentations by JAG School faculty members covered the latest developments in military justice, administrative law, martial law and legal aspects of counter-insurgency. In addition, several hours of seminar discussion were devoted to the improvement of legal common course instruction, and extensive data was solicited from the conferees on the current status of legal instruction and instructor assignments in their respective schools.

(13) **Public Information Officer.** The department has assumed the functions of public information for the School. Several Army programs have been placed on local radio stations, and press releases have been issued describing class graduations, visitors to the School, and awards received by the staff and faculty.
ADMINISTRATION

General. The Office of the School Secretary, under the direction and guidance of the Commandant, is responsible for all matters pertaining to administration, personnel, finance, billeting, transportation, logistics, and security.

This office administers the following programs: records administration, reports control, voting, and command management.

It handled the official correspondence of the School, controls classified material, maintains personnel records and record files, prepares training aids, and reproduces materials published by the School.

Finally, the office is responsible for coordinating supply activities, preparing all budget and fiscal matters, operating the School reading rooms, and coordinating with the University of Virginia administration in arranging suitable classroom facilities.

Facilities of the School.

(1) The Judge Advocate General's School Building. This structure, dedicated on 26 September 1956, is a three-story red brick building of Georgian architecture. It contains 43 offices and 26 furnished rooms which are used as living quarters for personnel on temporary duty at the School. There is also a supply room, a bookstore, and a suite which is made available for visitors to the School. The Judge Advocate General's School Officers' Open Mess consists of a snack bar area, a lounge, and an outdoor patio on the fourth floor of the building. Two rooms on the second floor are set aside for reading and study purposes.

Among the offices located in the School building are the Office of the Commandant, Office of the School Secretary, the Plans and Publications Department, the Nonresident Training Department, several offices of the Academic Department, and the Office of the Combat Developments Command, Judge Advocate Agency.

(2) Clark Hall. Located directly opposite the JAG School Building, Clark Memorial Hall houses the University of Virginia Law
School. The JAG School utilizes two classrooms in this building on a full-time basis. One of these is designed to accommodate 96 students, and the other has a seating capacity of 60.

The larger room is used principally for the Special Classes and the smaller room is occupied nine months of the year by the Career Class. Both rooms are used year-round and are available in the evenings for study purposes.

(3) Cabell Hall. One classroom in Cabell Hall is available for School use. It is located at the end of the lawn opposite the Rotunda of the University of Virginia. This classroom, with a capacity of 45, is used for seminar meetings and is adaptable for use in the conduct of the functional courses held at the School.

(4) Libraries. The School generally furnishes each student with the basic textbooks and other classroom materials which he will need during a course. However, where additional references are required, and for general research purposes, students attending The Judge Advocate General’s School are encouraged to utilize the School Library, the Law Library of the University of Virginia, and the Alderman Library, the general library of the University.

The JAG School Library contains a selected collection of civilian and military law reporters, statutes, books, and periodicals, as well as related materials in the fields of military history, military tactics, leadership and discipline, and international law. A full-time librarian has been added to the civilian staff. The library has been reorganized and the materials recatalogued. There is now a common doorway between the two library rooms, and the number of shelves have been increased.
The Law Library, in Clark Hall, contains over 150,000 volumes. It has an extensive collection of published reports of the American federal and state courts, the reports of the courts of the United Kingdom, treatises, digests, encyclopedias, and indices and citator services. It also contains the statutes of the United States, of the several states, and of Great Britain. The Library receives every current legal periodical of general interest printed in the English language. The program of The Judge Advocate General's School requires frequent recourse to the Library; the use of the Library is subject to regulations, copies of which are available at the circulation desk.

The Alderman Library has about 1,360,000 volumes and a particularly fine collection of official Government publications. It has been designated by the United States Government as a depository for public documents.

Quarters. Bachelor officers' quarters are available in The Judge Advocate General's School Building. Assignment of rooms may be obtained through the School Secretary. Linens, towels, maid service, and other conveniences are provided.

The JAG School has been authorized to lease 40 sets of quarters to be utilized as government quarters in lieu of BAQ. Some of these units are occupied by authorized enlisted personnel stationed at the School, and the remaining units are occupied by student officers of the Career Class and their families. The School Secretary and the University Housing Division maintain lists of available apartments and houses in the Charlottesville area.

Messing. Government messing facilities are not available at The Judge Advocate General's School. However, there is a snack bar in
the Officers' Open Mess serving breakfast and light lunches. There are also available a number of dining halls and snack bars operated by the University of Virginia, as well as many convenient commercial restaurants.

**Officers' Open Mess.** The top floor of The Judge Advocate General's School Building is set aside as the Officers' Open Mess. The rooms are tastefully furnished with large comfortable chairs and sofas of the Jeffersonian style, writing tables, a television set, piano, radio and record player, and other accessories. These rooms are open daily for the use of all members. In the evening hours, refreshments and snacks are available.

During the year, the Mess sponsors a full program of activities and social events for the benefit of its members, including dances, picnics, class receptions, social hours, and bridge nights.

**Bookstore.** A small bookstore is operated in the west end of the JAG School Building on the first floor. Various drug items, uniform equipment, stationery supplies, cigarettes and tobacco, souvenir items, gifts, and books are available for purchase. Uniforms may be ordered through the Bookstore. Various catalogues are also available for ordering particular items at a discount.

**Logistical Support.** Government storage facilities are not available nor is there a transportation officer assigned to the School. However, the Chief of Logistics can provide necessary assistance and advice in arranging for shipment and/or storage of household goods, concurrent travel, and other items of logistical support, subject to available time and facilities.

**Adjutant's Office.** The Adjutant's Office is responsible for the processing of all incoming and outgoing personnel. Billeting arrange-

A typical set of government leased quarters is shown above. In addition to the 30 sets of quarters already allowed the School, another ten sets have been authorized.
ments and assistance are also handled by this office. The School Mail Room is operated by the Adjutant.

The School has no finance officer. However, the Adjutant is available to provide necessary assistance and advice in matters relating to pay and allowances. This office also maintains the School's personnel and health records and prepares travel and per diem vouchers for students.

**Medical and Dental Facilities.** The Judge Advocate General's School is satellited on Fort Lee, Virginia, for medical and dental care, where a complete Army hospital is located. Locally, a contract surgeon located in the Student Health Center of the University of Virginia provides out-patient services for military personnel. Finally, because of the distance from a U. S. Army hospital, dependents of military personnel stationed at the JAG School are entitled to full coverage of all benefits provided under Medicare.

Dental care and eye examinations for military personnel assigned to the School are available from any local dentist and eye doctor on an individual contract basis. However, there are no provisions for such care for dependents.

Drugs are generally available from the stocks maintained at the Student Health Center and by means of a mail service with the Fort Lee Hospital Pharmacy.

**Athletic Facilities.** Assigned and attached military personnel and all students are permitted to use all athletic facilities of the University of Virginia, including the tennis courts, bowling alleys, swimming pools, and all the indoor facilities at the University's Memorial Gymnasium. Both the School and the Intramural Department of the University have a limited amount of athletic equipment for the use of students and the staff and faculty, and lockers in the University Gymnasium may be rented on a limited basis by personnel attached to the JAG School. Additional golf, tennis, bowling and swimming facilities are also available in the Charlottesville area.

In addition to providing athletic equipment and facilities, the School sponsors a bowling league and a golf league which during the last year provided organized recreation for the staff and faculty and the Career Class. Tournaments in handball, squash, and other individual sports are conducted by the School for personnel stationed here.

**The Alumni Association.** The Association of Alumni of The Judge Advocate General's School, U. S. Army, was established by the Commandant on 15 January 1963. To date there are approximately 1,700 members. All students, past and present, and members of the staff and faculty are eligible for membership. The School Secretary is also the Secretary of the Association and all inquiries or requests for membership should be addressed to him.

38
The U. S. Army Combat Developments Command Judge Advocate Agency was activated at Charlottesville, Virginia, on 15 January 1964. Located at The Judge Advocate General’s School, this agency assists the Combat Developments Command in providing answers to three questions vital to the Army, viz, How should the Army fight? How should the Army be equipped? and How should the Army be organized? This agency is one of nine separate field agencies under the USACDC Combat Service Support Group at Fort Lee, Virginia, whose over-all development mission is primarily directed toward logistical and administrative support of the field army.

With the establishment of this new agency, the Judge Advocate General’s Corps is able to participate more fully in combat developments from concept to implementation by furnishing guidance when necessary and initiating actions designed to improve legal services for the Army.

During the year ending 30 June 1965, the Agency was engaged in a variety of projects including the review of, comment on, and contribution to more than two dozen Department of the Army field manuals and nearly as many tables of organization and equipment (TOE). The agency completed a study on the composition, jurisdiction, procedures and policies of civil affairs tribunals for the administration of justice in occupied enemy territory. Also completed was a study on the legal implications of the projected automatic data processing system for use in the personnel and administrative field.

**LT. COLONEL DAVID M. CHASE**

Commander, Combat Developments Command, Judge Advocate Agency
APPENDIX II

ORGANIZATIONAL ROSTER

THE JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S SCHOOL

(As of 30 June 1965)

Commandant ........................................... Colonel John W. Burtchaell

OFFICE OF THE SCHOOL SECRETARY

School Secretary .... Lieutenant Colonel George B. Barrett, Jr.
Adjutant ............................................. First Lieutenant Robert H. Kroney
Assistant Adjutant .......... First Lieutenant Anthony O. Arcuni
First Lieutenant Martin J. Tracey, Jr.
Chief, Logistics ................. First Lieutenant Clark A. Absher

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT

Director ....................................................... Colonel Toxey H. Sewell
Assistant to the Director ............ Captain Peter M. Anderson

Procurement Law Division

Chief ........................................... Lieutenant Colonel James L. Cumming
Instructors .............. Lieutenant Colonel James R. Harrington
Lieutenant Colonel Robert M. Thorniley
Captain William J. McNichols

Military Affairs Division

Chief ........................................... Lieutenant Colonel Edward A. Metcalf, III
Instructors .............. Lieutenant Colonel Kenneth L. Youngblood
Major Darrell L. Peck
Captain Wayne E. Alley
Captain Richard C. Wydick
Captain Graham C. Lilly

Military Justice Division

Chief ........................................... Lieutenant Colonel Austin J. Gerber
Instructors ........................................ Major James A. Hagan
Major Robert L. Wood
Captain Edward S. Adamkewicz, Jr.
Captain William S. Bach
Captain Glenn M. Woodworth
Military Training Division

Chief ........................................ MAJOR JAMES M. VAN HOOK
Instructor .................................. CAPTAIN THOMAS F. DURHAM, III

International and Comparative Law Division

Chief ..................................... LIEUTENANT COLONEL DWAN V. KERIG
Instructors .............................. LIEUTENANT COMMANDER JAMES E. TOMS
                                          CAPTAIN GEORGE A. PELLETIER

NONRESIDENT TRAINING DEPARTMENT

Director ................................ LIEUTENANT COLONEL JOHN C. KINNEY

Individual Training and Extension Course Division

Chief ..................................... MAJOR ROBERT W. MORRISON
Project Officers .......................... CAPTAIN THOMAS C. MARKS, JR.
                                          FIRST LIEUTENANT JACK F. BONANNO
                                          FIRST LIEUTENANT STEPHEN DAVIS
                                          FIRST LIEUTENANT MICHAEL R. SONNENREICH

Nonresident Materials Preparation Division

Chief ................... LIEUTENANT COLONEL HAROLD D. CUNNINGHAM, JR.
Project Officers ........................... MAJOR JAMES E. NOBLE
                                          FIRST LIEUTENANT THOMAS J. WHALEN

PLANS AND PUBLICATIONS DEPARTMENT

Director ..................... LIEUTENANT COLONEL ROBERT D. PECKHAM

Plans Division

Chief ..................................... CAPTAIN JACK M. MARDEN
Project Officers .......................... FIRST LIEUTENANT LEONARD F. BALL
                                          FIRST LIEUTENANT RICHARD E. CROUCH

Publications Division

Chief ..................................... CAPTAIN JOHN R. THORNOCK
Editor, Military Law
Review ................................. CAPTAIN BERNARD J. A. MOROSCO, JR.
Editor, Judge Advocate
Legal Service .......................... CAPTAIN LAWRENCE A. MONACO, JR.
APPENDIX III
CHANGES IN MILITARY PERSONNEL
THE JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S SCHOOL
(As of 30 June 1965)

ARRIVALS

Colonel John W. Burtchaell, Commandant, on 13 November 1964.
Colonel John F. Wolf, Special Assistant to the Commandant, on 30 October 1964.
Lieutenant Colonel George B. Barrett, Jr., School Secretary, on 3 January 1965.
Lieutenant Colonel Dwan V. Kerig, Chief, International and Comparative Law Division, on 3 June 1965.
Major James E. Noble, Nonresident Materials Preparation Division, on 21 December 1964.
Lieutenant Commander James E. Toms, International and Comparative Law Division, on 22 May 1965.
Major James M. Van Hook, Chief, Military Training Division, on 27 July 1964.
Captain Edward S. Adamkewicz, Jr., Military Justice Division, on 22 May 1965.
Captain Wayne E. Alley, Military Affairs Division, on 22 May 1965.
Captain Thomas F. Durham, III, Military Training Division, on 18 June 1965.
First Lieutenant Leonard F. Ball, Plans Division, on 31 March 1965.
First Lieutenant Jack F. Bonanno, Individual Training and Extension Course Division, on 13 February 1965.
First Lieutenant Richard E. Crouch, Plans Division, on 13 February 1965.
First Lieutenant Martin J. Tracey, Jr., Assistant Adjutant, on 17 May 1965.
First Lieutenant Thomas J. Whalen, Nonresident Materials Preparation Division, on 13 February 1965.
Master Sergeant E-7 John W. Elkins, Academic Department, on 11 September 1964.
Specialist 5 Clayton F. Edwards, Adjutant's Office, on 1 February 1965.
DEPARTURES

Colonel Jesse M. Charlton, Jr., Deputy Commandant, retired on 31 August 1964.

Colonel John F. T. Murray, Commandant, retired on 31 December 1964.

Colonel John F. Wolf, Special Assistant to the Commandant, retired on 31 January 1965.

Lieutenant Colonel Charles C. Grimm, Chief, Individual Training and Extension Course Division, departed 1 October 1964, for reassignment to Headquarters, Sixth U. S. Army, Presidio of San Francisco, California.

Lieutenant Colonel Joseph B. Kelly, Chief, International and Comparative Law Division, departed 1 June 1965 for reassignment to Defense Language Institute, West Coast, Presidio of Monterey, California.

Lieutenant Colonel Charles E. Moore, Chief, Military Training Division, departed 2 June 1965 for reassignment to Korea with TDY at the University of Omaha.

Lieutenant Colonel Wilton B. Persons, Jr., Chief, Military Justice Division, departed 30 June 1964, for reassignment to Student Detachment, U. S. Army War College, Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania.

Lieutenant Colonel John TeSelle, Chief, Military Affairs Division, retired on 31 August 1964.

Lieutenant Colonel William C. Vinet, Jr., Chief, Nonresident Materials Preparation Division, departed 31 August 1964, for reassignment to Student Detachment, Armed Forces Institute of Pathology, Washington, D. C.

Lieutenant Commander Thomas E. Donahue, International and Comparative Law Division, departed 1 May 1965 for reassignment to Italy.

Major Elizabeth R. Smith, Jr., Assistant to Director, Academic Department, departed 8 September 1964, for reassignment to Student Detachment, The Judge Advocate General's School, U. S. Army.

Major Peter H. Cook, School Secretary, departed 15 June 1965, for reassignment to Student Detachment, Command and General Staff College, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

Captain Richard F. Ayres, Nonresident Materials Preparation Division, departed 8 September 1964, for reassignment to Student Detachment, The Judge Advocate General's School, U. S. Army.
CAPTAIN HUGH M. DOUGAN, Military Justice Division, was released from active duty on 5 March 1965.

CAPTAIN JOSEPH M. GINDHART, Military Affairs Division, was released from active duty on 7 January 1965.

CAPTAIN DAVID L. JOHNSON, Nonresident Materials Preparation Division, was released from active duty on 14 December 1964.

CAPTAIN DANIEL A. KILE, Adjutant, was released from active duty on 31 January 1965.

CAPTAIN WILLIAM S. SHEPARD, International and Comparative Law Division, was released from active duty on 8 September 1964.

SERGEANT FIRST CLASS MICHAEL A. PLATKO, Academic Department, retired on 31 October 1964.

STAFF SERGEANT LEWIS R. HOLLY, Adjutant’s Office, was released from active duty on 26 March 1965.
APPENDIX IV
OFFICER PERSONNEL
STAFF AND FACULTY
THE JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S SCHOOL
(As of 30 June 1965)


Lieutenant Colonel James L. Cumming, JAGC, Chief, Procurement


Lieutenant Colonel Edward A. Metcalf, III, JAGC, Chief, Military Affairs Division. B.S., 1946, LL.B., 1949, University of Kansas. As-


Lieutenant Colonel Dwan V. Kerig, JAGC, Chief, International


Major James E. Noble, JAGC, Assistant to Chief, Nonresident Materials Preparation Division. B.S., 1953, Trinity University; B.A., 1955, University of Texas; M.A., 1957, University of Missouri; LL.B., 1962, Oklahoma City University. Assistant to Chief, Nonresident Materials Preparation Division, 1964-date. Member of the Bars of Oklahoma and U. S. Court of Military Appeals.


Captain Peter M. Anderson, JAGC, Assistant to the Director, Academic Department. A.B., 1959, Dartmouth College; L.L.B., 1962, Stanford University. Thirty-Eighth Special Class, TJAGSA, 1963. Project Officer, Plans Division, and Assistant to the Director, Academic Department, TJAGSA, 1963-date. Member of the Bars of California and U. S. Court of Military Appeals.


Captain Graham C. Lilly, JAGC, Legal Assistance Officer and Instructor, Military Affairs Division. B.S., 1960, Virginia Polytechnic
Institute; LL.B, 1963, University of Virginia Law School. Fortieth Special Class, TJAGSA, 1964. Project Officer, Plans Division, and Legal Assistance Officer and Instructor, Military Affairs Division, TJAGSA, 1964-date. Member of the Bars of Virginia and U. S. Court of Military Appeals.


date. Member of the Bars of California, Supreme Court of California, and U. S. Court of Military Appeals.


UNITED STATES COMBAT DEVELOPMENTS COMMAND
JUDGE ADVOCATE AGENCY


# APPENDIX V

THE JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S SCHOOL, U.S. ARMY
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA
FISCAL YEAR 1965 SCHEDULE OF COURSES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JUL</th>
<th>AUG</th>
<th>SEP</th>
<th>OCT</th>
<th>NOV</th>
<th>DEC</th>
<th>JAN</th>
<th>FEB</th>
<th>MAR</th>
<th>APR</th>
<th>MAY</th>
<th>JUN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>17</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>17</td>
<td>17</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USAIS Benning</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>23</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41st Special</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JUL</th>
<th>AUG</th>
<th>SEP</th>
<th>OCT</th>
<th>NOV</th>
<th>DEC</th>
<th>JAN</th>
<th>FEB</th>
<th>MAR</th>
<th>APR</th>
<th>MAY</th>
<th>JUN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>13th Career</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>USAIS Knox</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>19</td>
<td>22</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## LEGEND
- **CAREER**
  - JA Officer Career, 18-A-C22
  - I.C. Civil Affairs Law, Phase II, 18-G-F10 CL
  - Civil Law, 18-G-F11
- **SPECIAL**
  - JAG (Special), 18-A-C101
  - International Law, 18-G-F7
- **USAIS**
  - U.S. Army, Infantry School
  - Military Justice, 18-G-F3
- **USAAS**
  - U.S. Army, Armor School
  - Procurement Law, 18-G-F2
- **PL**
  - Law Officer Seminar (for Mobilization)
- **MA**
  - Military Affairs, 18-G-F12
- **Ref**
  - Judge Advocate General's Conference
- **LOGEX**
  - Logistical Exercise at Ft. Lee
- **ABA**
  - American Bar Assn Annual Meeting
### APPENDIX VI

THE JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S SCHOOL, U. S. ARMY
Charlottesville, Virginia

RESIDENT STUDENTS — FY 1965

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COURSE</th>
<th>TITLE</th>
<th>DATES</th>
<th>TOTAL STUDENTS</th>
<th>WEEKS</th>
<th>NAVY</th>
<th>AIR FORCE</th>
<th>FOREIGN</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
<th>Active</th>
<th>TqG</th>
<th>Col</th>
<th>LtCol</th>
<th>Maj</th>
<th>Capt</th>
<th>Lt</th>
<th>VQ</th>
<th>NAVY</th>
<th>AIR FORCE</th>
<th>COLL</th>
<th>OTHER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3rd Civil Affairs Ph. II</td>
<td>6-17 Jul 64</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd Law Officer Seminar (for Army Judiciary)</td>
<td>6-17 Jul 64</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd Procurement Law</td>
<td>20 Jul-7 Aug 64</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7th International Law</td>
<td>20-31 Jul 64</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6th Military Justice</td>
<td>17-28 Aug 64</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th Military Affairs</td>
<td>17-25 Aug 64</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15th JA Career</td>
<td>8 Sep 64</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd Procurement Law</td>
<td>28 Sep-16 Oct 64</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11th JAG (Special)</td>
<td>23 Nov-12 Feb 65</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd Procurement Law</td>
<td>23 Feb-12 Mar 65</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12th JAG (Special)</td>
<td>22 Mar-28 May 65</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th Civil Law</td>
<td>7-18 Jun 65</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14th JA Refresher (RC)</td>
<td>14-26 Jun 65</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTALS</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>792</strong></td>
<td><strong>15</strong></td>
<td><strong>91</strong></td>
<td><strong>10</strong></td>
<td><strong>579</strong></td>
<td><strong>259</strong></td>
<td><strong>320</strong></td>
<td><strong>81</strong></td>
<td><strong>97</strong></td>
<td><strong>145</strong></td>
<td><strong>234</strong></td>
<td><strong>186</strong></td>
<td><strong>2</strong></td>
<td><strong>97</strong></td>
<td><strong>13</strong></td>
<td><strong>5</strong></td>
<td><strong>45</strong></td>
<td><strong>34</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Ten foreign officers attended The Judge Advocate General's School in FY 1965:
   a. Forty-First Special Class: LtCol Shih-mei Yuan, Republic of China; Maj Iqbal Ahmad Khan, Pakistan; Capt. Samuel M. Soriano, Philippines; Lt Ik Wo Lee, Korea; Lt Hashem Niaabi, Iran; Lt Mohammad-Saleh Khamei, Iran.
   b. Forty-Second Special Class: Maj Tran Van Thuc, Vietnam; Lt Vu Ngoc Tuyen, Vietnam; Lt Hormoz Ayrom, Iran; Lt Gholam-Hosein Baharfar, Iran.

2. Thirty-four civilians employed by departments or agencies of the federal government outside the Department of Defense attended the three Procurement Law Courses. They were from: the Departments of Justice, Commerce, and Post Office; General Accounting Office; Federal Aviation Agency; National Aeronautics and Space Administration; National Science Foundation; Small Business Administration; Atomic Energy Commission.
## Fiscal Year 1966 Schedule of Courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MONTH</th>
<th>1966</th>
<th>1967</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JUL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AUG</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEP</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OCT</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOV</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JUN</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAY</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>APR</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAR</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FEB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAN</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Courses

- **11th Career**
- **14th Career**
- **13th Special**
- **14th Annual Meeting**
- **Law Officer Seminar**
- **Military Affairs Course**
- **Military Justice Course**
- **Special Judge Advocate General's Conference**
- **International Law Course**
- **Annual Meeting**
- **Law Officer Course**
- **Special Judge Advocate General's Conference**
- **International Law Course**
- **Law Officer Course**

### Dates

- 6-17
- 9-27
- 12-24

### Notes

-Holiday dates are not specified in the document.
# APPENDIX VIII

## THESIS TOPICS AND SCOPES

### THIRTEENTH CAREER CLASS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AUTHOR</th>
<th>TITLE AND SCOPE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Captain Edward S. Adamkiewicz, Jr.</td>
<td>Appellate Consideration of Matters Outside the Record of Trial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A study of the principles governing the consideration of matters outside the record of trial during review of the findings and sentence of a court-martial by the convening authority, boards of review, and Court of Military Appeals under the Uniform Code of Military Justice and the procedural problems arising in connection therewith.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Captain Wayne E. Alley</td>
<td>The Overseas Commander’s Power to Regulate the Private Life</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>An analysis of the extent to which an overseas commander may lawfully regulate the personal, off-duty activities of service members, civilian employees, and dependents in his command; the necessary relationship between lawful regulations and military interests; particular military interests which may justify regulations; development of legal guidelines to assist overseas commanders in the issuance of regulations closely connected to subordinates’ private activities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Captain Richard F. Ayres, Jr.</td>
<td>Support of Nonappropriated Funds with Appropriated Funds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A study of the problems involved in the present state of the law with respect to the expenditure of appropriated funds to support nonappropriated funds, with particular emphasis accorded to the theories of granting or denying such support.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Author**

Major
Laurence J. Beltman

**Title and Scope**

*Belligerent Occupation*

An inquiry into the contemporary adequacy of current concepts of belligerent occupation, with regard to the protection of persons, as derived from existing multilateral treaties which have codified normative standards of the Law of War on Land into positive International Law: a study of the influence of the Roman Law theory of *occupatio* in this conceptual evolution; and, primarily, with a view towards evaluation of present requisites for the treatment of civilian persons within occupied territory, an examination of the relevancy and current sufficiency of orthodox notions of "occupation," thereby derived, to the changing modes of warfare in the nuclear age and to the resultant, tactical operations envisioned for the battlefield in future armed conflict.

**Commander**

Commander
Walter F. Brown, USN

**Criminal Jurisdiction over Visiting Naval Forces**

A study of the respective rights under international law of visiting and territorial States to exercise their exclusive and concurrent jurisdiction over crimes committed on board visiting warships or committed by a visiting warship's officers or crew while ashore. Particular emphasis is given to determine which State has the primary right to exercise its concurrent jurisdiction over 28 hypothetical criminal cases which may arise while a warship is visiting within the territorial waters of a State with which its flag-State has no status of forces-type agreement.
AUTHOR

CAPTAIN
Fred Bright, Jr.

MAJOR CARL E. Buchmann, USMC

LIEUTENANT COLONEL Ervin W. Dickson, Jr.

MAJOR
Joseph E. Donahue

TITLE AND SCOPE

Nuclear Weapons as a Lawful Means of Warfare

An analysis of the rules of International Law which govern weaponry, an application of these rules to the effects of nuclear weapons, and a formulation of guidance for United States policy in this area.

Space Law: State Responsibility for Space-craft Damages and for the Return of Personnel and Equipment

A critical analysis of the requirements for an international regime of space law concerning itself specifically with two areas of space exploration most urgently requiring agreement: that of liability for damages caused by space vehicles, or parts thereof, landing in countries other than that of the launching state; and appropriate international rules regarding the recovery and return to the launching state of space vehicles and personnel.

The Recovery of Excess Costs from a Defaulted Contractor

A study and analysis of the essential requirements of a repurchase—similarity, timeliness, reasonable price, and mitigation of damages—that must be met in order to assess resulting excess costs against the defaulted contractor. Also considered are remedies for the recovery of common law damages in lieu of excess costs.

Former Testimony

A study of the use of former testimony under the Uniform Code of Military Justice with an emphasis on its historical antecedents, its relationship to usages in civilian criminal jurisdictions and on an analysis of the terminology of paragraph 145b, Manual for Courts-Martial, United States, 1951.
JUSTIFICATION AND EXCUSE IN THE LAW OF HOMICIDE

A critical appraisal of the defenses of justification and excuse as they specifically apply to the law of homicide under the Uniform Code of Military Justice, with an identification and discussion of the conflicts and gaps in the law of these defenses, and a determination of the evidence necessary to raise these issues and the proper manner of their submission to the court members.

LABOR RELATIONS AND THE ARMED FORCES AS AFFECTED BY EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 10988

A brief history of labor relations in the United States. An analysis and interpretation of Executive Order No. 10988 emphasizing those controversial matters which have arisen such as: unit determinations, voting, appeal, recognition of employee organizations and the relation between the National Labor Relations Board decisions and the interpretation of the Order. Consideration being given to arbitration decisions, the N.L.R.A., the N.L.R.B. and Federal decisions. An analysis of what some of the initial contracts between labor and Armed Forces management have entailed and recommended procedures to be followed by members of Armed Forces management with labor when negotiating.

PEACETIME ESPIONAGE

A study of peacetime espionage under international law and municipal law, with emphasis on the responsibility of the spy and his principal and the effect of the new methods of espionage.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AUTHOR</th>
<th>TITLE AND SCOPE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Major</td>
<td>Attempt, Solicitation and Conspiracy—The Model Penal Code and the Uniform Code of Military Justice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robert W. Jones</td>
<td>The thesis deals with the nature and elements of crimes of attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy and the public purposes to be served thereby. It also covers the defenses to such crimes (e.g., withdrawal, renunciation, impossibility, and the line between “mere preparation” and commission) from the same standpoint. Both the Model Penal Code and the Uniform Code of Military Justice are compared and evaluated in this regard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Captain</td>
<td>Disciplinary Powers of Overseas Commanders over United States Nonmilitary Personnel in Peacetime-Federal Republic of Germany</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peter J. Kenny</td>
<td>A critical examination within the framework of domestic laws and regulations and prevailing international agreements, of the disciplinary powers possessed in peacetime by United States Army Commanders over United States citizen dependents and civilian employees who accompany or serve with the armed forces in the Federal Republic of Germany.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Captain</td>
<td>Administration of Justice in Communist Czechoslovakia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James Kucera</td>
<td>A study and interpretation of the statutory provisions concerning the organizational structure of the Czechoslovak Bar and Courts with particular emphasis on the subjugation of the lawyers and judiciary by the Communist Party under the pretense of socialist legality.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
AUTHOR

CAPTAIN
EDWARD A. LASISTER

CAPTAIN
JABEZ W. LOANE, IV

CAPTAIN
HUGH OVERHOLT

TITLE AND SCOPE

Nonappropriated Fund Procurement

A study of nonappropriated fund procurement with particular emphasis on what laws, regulations, contract forms and contract procedures applicable to appropriated fund procurement should be applicable to procurement with nonappropriated funds, and an inquiry as to the propriety of using appropriated fund procurement personnel and facilities to effect nonappropriated fund procurements.

Treason and Aiding the Enemy

A study of the federal and military offenses relative to acts of treason with particular emphasis on the historical development of the substantive law of each, the jurisdictional aspects, the possible defenses, and a comparison of the elements which constitute a violation of either.

Acceleration in the Performance of Government Contracts

A discussion of acceleration as both a change and a constructive change under the "Changes Clause" contained in most government contracts, to include: an analysis of the authority necessary to require a speed-up of contract performance; what action on the part of the contractor is deemed necessary to substantiate an acceleration claim; what action is necessary on the part of the government to substantiate an acceleration claim; and in the event of an acceleration entitlement what the amount of the equitable adjustment will be.
AUTHOR
Lieutenant Colonel
Romulus A. Picciotti

TITLE AND SCOPE
Postliminium

A study of the practice of states during and after World War II upon their return to power after the termination of a belligerent occupation; examination of juridical basis for such practice; conclusions and recommendations.

Captain
Edgar C. Platt

Military Necessity and the Development of the Laws of War

A definition of the term Military Necessity and the impact of its various concepts both directly and indirectly upon the development of the laws of war during the past one hundred years.

Captain
Burnett H. Radosch

Judicial Notice—Problems in Military Practice

A long hard look at the use and misuse of various doctrines labeled "Judicial Notice" at trials by court-martial and court-martial appeals.

Captain
Charles W. Schiesser

Trial by Peers: Enlisted Members on Courts-Martial

A study of the brief history and current law permitting enlisted accused to secure democratic representation on courts-martial by requesting enlisted members to judge their cause, including a comparison of civilian with military selection policies; also a discussion of the convening authority, defense counsel, and law officer vis-a-vis enlisted court members; how enlisted court members have performed; and the direction the military should take with respect to enlisted participation in courts-martial.
MAJOR
ELIZABETH R. SMITH, JR.

The Code of Conduct in Relation to International Law

An analysis of the conduct required by American prisoners of war by the United States domestic law (Code of Conduct, Departments of Defense and the Army implementing regulations, and the Uniform Code of Military Justice) and the Geneva Convention Relative to the Treatment of Prisoners of War, 1949, with the purpose of considering whether the Code is compatible with the Geneva Convention. Brief comments will be made concerning the applicability of the Code in situations when the Geneva Convention is not in effect.

MAJOR
BRYAN S. SPENCER

Consideration of Solutions to the Loss of Jurisdiction over Civilians Accompanying the Armed Forces Overseas in Peace Time

A study of the loss of criminal jurisdiction over civilian employees and dependents accompanying the armed forces overseas in peacetime with a legal and practical analysis of the possible alternatives.

CAPTAIN
BRUCE E. STEVENSON

A Legal Analysis of the Common Law Concept of Larceny as Prosecuted as an Offense in Violation of Article 121, UCMJ

A legal analysis of common law larceny as an offense in violation of Article 121, Uniform Code of Military Justice, including the procedural aspects of alleging a legal cognizable offense. A consideration of the methods of proving value and intent with particular emphasis on the Manual's provisions relating thereto. An examination of the scope of Article 121; the theories of the case contained therein including the requirements for election; and consideration of alleging certain conduct not punishable under Article 121 as a violation of Article 134, UCMJ.
The Legal Effect of the Armed Services Procurement Regulations

An analysis of the Armed Services Procurement Regulations including an evaluation of the treatment of those regulations in different situations by the Comptroller General, the Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals and the Courts with a look at the effect of the regulations upon the defense procurement contract.

Support of Military Dependents

A study of nonsupport problems encountered by the military organizations, their members, and dependents of members, examining existing laws, regulations and practice and proposing new legislation and regulations to alleviate the problems.

Evidence Obtained through Inadmissible Statements—"Fruit of the Poison Tree"?

A study of the admissibility of evidence discovered through confessions which were obtained in violation of Article 31, UCMJ, including analysis of: the historical development of the exclusionary rule and the "fruit of the poison tree" doctrine relating to evidence obtained as a result of illegal searches and seizures and wiretapping; the pertinent provisions of the Manual for Courts-Martial, 1951, and the opinions of the Court of Military Appeals; and a comparative analysis of the opinions of Federal and State courts involving the admissibility of evidence (real evidence and the testimony of witnesses) which were discovered solely through confessions of the accused which were themselves inadmissible because involuntary, obtained in violation of the Federal or State privilege against self-incrimination, causally connected to a prior inadmissible confession or obtained during an unnecessary delay.
CAPTAIN
CARL W. WELBORN

Recovery of Governmental Medical Expenses—Third Party Liability

A study of the historical background and legislative history surrounding the Medical Care Recovery Act together with its provisions and implementations. A discussion of the scope and application of the Act and problems encountered in its enforcement.
APPENDIX IX

ACADEMIC AWARDS

FISCAL YEAR 1965

CAREER AND SPECIAL CLASSES

American Bar Association Certificate for Professional Merit (highest over-all academic standing):

CAPTAIN WAYNE E. ALLEY (13th Career)
FIRST LIEUTENANT FREDERICK E. MOSS (41st Special)
FIRST LIEUTENANT EDWARD J. LEWIS (42nd Special)

Lawyers Cooperative Publishing Company Book Award (highest over-all academic standing):

CAPTAIN WAYNE E. ALLEY (13th Career)
FIRST LIEUTENANT FREDERICK E. MOSS (41st Special)
FIRST LIEUTENANT EDWARD J. LEWIS (42nd Special)

Federal Bar Association Cash Award (highest over-all academic standing):

CAPTAIN WAYNE E. ALLEY (13th Career)
FIRST LIEUTENANT FREDERICK E. MOSS (41st Special)
FIRST LIEUTENANT EDWARD J. LEWIS (42nd Special)

Commandant's Certificate of Achievement and Book Award (second highest over-all academic standing):

CAPTAIN EDWARD S. ADAMKEWICZ (13th Career)
FIRST LIEUTENANT JAMES L. MCHUGH, JR. (41st Special)
FIRST LIEUTENANT PAUL M. LITTLE (42nd Special)

Judge Advocates Association Certificate of Achievement (highest standing in Military Affairs subjects):

CAPTAIN WAYNE E. ALLEY (13th Career)
FIRST LIEUTENANT JOHN R. CANTERBURY (41st Special)
FIRST LIEUTENANT EDWARD J. LEWIS (42nd Special)

The Judge Paul W. Brosman Award, A Certificate of Achievement from the Judges, United States Court of Military Appeals (highest standing in Military Justice subjects):

CAPTAIN WAYNE E. ALLEY (13th Career)
FIRST LIEUTENANT FREDERICK E. MOSS (41st Special)
FIRST LIEUTENANT LEE R. RATLIFF (42nd Special)
Federal Bar Association Certificate of Achievement (highest standing in Procurement Law subjects):

CAPTAIN WAYNE E. ALLEY (13th Career)
FIRST LIEUTENANT JAMES E. BAKER (41st Special)
FIRST LIEUTENANT EDWARD J. LEWIS (42nd Special)

Commandant’s Certificate of Achievement (highest standing in International Law subjects):

CAPTAIN BURNETT H. RADOSH (13th Career)
FIRST LIEUTENANT JAMES L. MCHUGH, JR. (41st Special)
FIRST LIEUTENANT HARVEY L. ANDERSON (42nd Special)
FIRST LIEUTENANT JAMES B. VENTANTONIO (42nd Special)

Commandant's Certificate of Achievement and Book Award (highest standing in Jurisprudence) (Career Class Only):

CAPTAIN WAYNE E. ALLEY (13th Career)

Commandant's Certificate of Achievement (Outstanding Thesis) (Career Class Only):

CAPTAIN JABEZ W. LOANE, IV (13th Career)

The Association of the United States Army Plaque (Outstanding Student in Military Science subjects while attending a Combat Arms Officer Basic Course) (Special Class Only):

FIRST LIEUTENANT DAVID J. LANDBERG (41st Special)
FIRST LIEUTENANT RICHARD B. MCCLAIN (42nd Special)
APPENDIX X

GUEST SPEAKERS—FISCAL YEAR 1965
THE JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S SCHOOL

Colonel Bruce C. Babbitt
Chief, Government Appellate Division
OTJAG, DA

Ambassador Charles F. Baldwin
Diplomat in Residence
University of Virginia

Lt. Colonel James J. Benshoff
Professor of Air Science, Air Force ROTC
University of Virginia

Colonel William H. Blackmarr
Staff Judge Advocate
Second U. S. Army
Fort Meade, Maryland

Mr. Frank Brenner
Counsellor at Law
New York, New York

Colonel Earl Brown
Chief, Trial Judiciary
Army Judiciary

Mr. John E. Cavanagh
Company Counsel
Lockheed Missiles and Space Company

Colonel Joseph L. Chalk
Chief, Defense Appellate Division
OTJAG, DA

Dr. Lawrence E. Chermak
Counsel for Navy Comptroller
Department of the Navy

Captain David O. Cooke, USN
Office of Organization and Management Planning Studies, Office of the General Counsel
Department of Defense

Government Appellate Division
Nationalization of the Emerging States and Its Effect on the World Society of Nations
Orientation on Aerospace Power
Graduation Exercise — 42 Special Class
Ethics of the Defense Lawyer
The Role of the Trial Lawyer in General Courts-Martial
Termination for Convenience — Termination Inventory
Defense Appellate Division
Obligation and Expenditure of Appropriated Funds
Recent Developments in the Organization for National Security
Captain David M. Corderman  
Automatic Data Processing  
Department of Command Communications  
The Signal School  
Fort Gordon, Georgia

Mr. Gilbert A. Cuneo  
Remedies—Disputes and Appeals  
Sellers, Conner & Cuneo  
Attorneys & Counsellors  
Washington, D. C.

Mr. Samuel Dash  
Ethics of the Defense Lawyer  
Attorney at Law  
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Mr. N. Harvey Deal  
Legal Bibliography, Introduction to Alderman Library  
Reference Librarian, Alderman Library  
University of Virginia

Dean Hardy C. Dillard  
Opening Exercises, 13th Career Course  
University of Virginia Law School

Colonel William G. Easton  
Graduation Exercises, 41st Special Class  
Command Staff Judge Advocate, U. S. Continental Army Command  
Fort Monroe, Virginia

Major Milton A. Elgin  
Electronic Warfare Orientation  
Captain Darrell R. Large  
Army Security Agency Center  
Fort Devens, Massachusetts

Miss Frances Farmer  
Legal Bibliography, Introduction to the University of Virginia Law Library  
Law School Librarian  
University of Virginia Law School

Lt. Colonel Gilbert A. Frisbie  
Procurement by Barter and the Gold Flow Restriction  
Special Consultant to the Department of Agriculture

Colonel Joseph A. Guimond  
Procedure before Boards of Review  
Chief, Appellate Judiciary  
OTJAG, DA

Lt. Colonel Rhett G. Harris  
Chemical, Biological, and Radiological Warfare Orientation  
Munitions Command, USA  
Edgewood Arsenal, Maryland

Colonel Edward J. Haughney  
Problems in Department of the Army  
Chief, International Affairs Division  
OTJAG, DA
Honorable Alexander Holtzoff  
Judge, U. S. District Court for the  
District of Columbia

Professor Oliver J. Lissitzyn  
Columbia University School of Law

Lt. Colonel Theodore F. Locke  
Army Management School  
Fort Belvoir, Virginia

Brig. General Walter E. Lotz, Jr.  
Director of Army Research, DA

Professor William T. Mallison, Jr.  
School of Law  
George Washington University

Mr. Irvin F. Marlar  
Chief, Personnel Management Ass­
istance Branch, Staff Civilian  
Personnel Division  
Office of the Chief of Staff, DA

Professor Myres McDougal  
Sterling Professor of Law  
Yale University

Mr. Leonard C. Meeker  
Legal Advisor  
Department of State

Colonel William M. Myers  
Chief, Litigation Division  
OTJAG, DA

Mr. Frederick Neuman  
Chief, Procurement Audit Division  
U. S. Army Audit Agency, DA

Mr. J. J. Newman  
Astro-Electronics Division  
Radio Corporation of America

Major Jack Norton  
International Affairs Division  
OTJAG, DA

Professor William V. O'Brien  
Professor Jean Leguey-Feilleux  
Georgetown University

Judicial Philosophy and  
Practice

Soviet Interpretation of Interna­tional Law

An Introduction to Army Management

Research and Development

International Military Com­mands Other than the United Nations

Adverse Actions; Grievances and Appeals; Employee-Management Relations

International Law v. Peaceful Coexistence

The Use of Force by the U. S. in Relation to the Limita­tions Imposed by the United Nations Charter

Activities of the Litigation Division

Cost Principles in Government Contracts

Procurement Legal Problems from A Contractor's View­point

Criminal Law in Civil Law Jurisdictions

Law in Limited International Conflict

73
Mr. Joseph F. Ondrick  
Office of the General Counsel  
Army Materiel Command

Captain Travis W. Parker  
CWO Douglas A. Caywood  
U. S. Army Criminal Investigation Lab  
Fort Gordon, Georgia

Mr. John J. Phelan, Jr.  
Deputy General Counsel  
Department of the Navy

Mr. Conrad D. Philos  
Chief, Civilian Personnel Law Division  
OTJAG, DA

Mr. S. J. Pomrenze  
Records Administration Branch  
TAG, DA

Mr. A. Tyler Port  
Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Army (I&L) Logistics, DA

Mr. William O. Quesenberry  
Deputy Patent Counsel  
Department of the Navy

Colonel Charles L. Ricks  
Staff Judge Advocate  
U. S. Army Training Center (Inf)  
Fort Dix, New Jersey

Major Ruben W. Shay  
U. S. Army Special Warfare School  
Fort Bragg, North Carolina

Professor Richard E. Speidel  
University of Virginia Law School

Lt. Colonel James C. Starr  
Military Justice Division  
OTJAG, DA

Mr. Meritt H. Steger  
General Counsel  
Department of the Navy

Termination Inventory

The U. S. Army Criminal Investigation Laboratory

Competitive Negotiation

Some Aspects of Civilian Personnel Law

Records Administration

Extraordinary Contractual Actions

Patents and Data

The Staff Judge Advocate's Relations with the Law Officer

Unconventional Warfare and Special Forces Operations

Taxation

The Army Legislative Program

Formation of Contracts—Competitive Negotiation
Lt. Colonel James E. Stodgel  
Contract Adjustment Board  
Office of Assistant Secretary of the Army (I&L) Logistics, DA

Colonel George M. Thorpe  
Trial Judiciary  
Fort Bragg, North Carolina

Lt. Colonel William J. Tiffany, Jr.  
Chief Psychiatry and Neurology Consultant  
Office of the Surgeon General, DA

Lt. Colonel Walter C. Turnier, USAF  
Lt. Colonel Louis A. Chateau, USA  
Major John H. Corbin, USAF  
USAF Air Ground Operations School  
Eglin AFB, Florida

Lt. Commander Victor J. Vine  
Lt. Eugene L. Rasor  
Lt. (jg) William S. Emmerich  
Naval ROTC Unit  
University of Virginia

Mr. Leroy Wade  
U. S. Army Civil Affairs School  
Fort Gordon, Georgia

Professor Walter J. Wadlington  
School of Law  
University of Virginia

Lt. Colonel O. E. Wedbush  
Office of the Provost Marshal General, DA

Major Curtis R. Welborn, Jr.  
U. S. Army Intelligence School  
Fort Holabird, Maryland

Mr. Gerritt W. Wesselink  
General Counsel  
Department of the Air Force

Captain Jerry Williams  
Legal Assistance Division  
OTJAG, DA
Lt. Colonel Lawrence H. Williams  
Acting Chief, Military Affairs Division  
OTJAG, DA

Mr. Raymond J. Williams  
Executive Secretary  
Army Board for Correction of Military Records, DA

Colonel John S. Wilson  
Labor Advisor, Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army, DA

Colonel Carl E. Winkler  
Chief, Legal Assistance Division  
OTJAG, DA

Military Affairs Operations

The Army Board for Correction of Military Records

Procurement Policies—Labor

The Army Legal Assistance Program
APPENDIX XI

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS—FISCAL YEAR 1965

Major General Harry J. Engel, The Assistant Judge Advocate General, 8 July 1964.

Lieutenant General Morteza Khosravani, Chief, Judge Advocate Department, Imperial Iranian Armed Forces; Colonel Mohamed Momeni-Farahani, Assistant to the Chief, Judge Advocate Department, Imperial Iranian Armed Forces, 9-10 November 1964.


Brigadier General Alfredo Abarca, Judge Advocate General, Argentine Army; Lieutenant Colonel Enrique Kexel, Military Attache, Argentine Embassy, 1 June 1965.
### APPENDIX XII

**STATUS OF DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY PAMPHLETS**  
(As of 30 June 1965)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Planned. Not Yet Published</th>
<th>Date and Edition of Published Pamphlets</th>
<th>Expected Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>27-150</td>
<td>Procurement Law</td>
<td></td>
<td>1st Ed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-151</td>
<td>Cases and Materials on Government Contracts</td>
<td></td>
<td>1st Ed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-153</td>
<td>Procurement Law</td>
<td></td>
<td>1st Ed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-160-1</td>
<td>Foreign Legal Systems (Private Law)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>1st Ed</td>
<td>FY 66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-160-2</td>
<td>Foreign Legal Systems (Criminal Law)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>FY 66</td>
<td>FY 66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-161-1</td>
<td>International Law (General Principles)</td>
<td></td>
<td>1st Ed</td>
<td>FY 66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-161-2</td>
<td>International Law (War)</td>
<td></td>
<td>1st Ed</td>
<td>FY 66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-161-3</td>
<td>International Law (War)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>FY 66</td>
<td>FY 66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-162</td>
<td>Claims</td>
<td></td>
<td>1st Ed</td>
<td>FY 66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-163</td>
<td>Legal Aspects of Civil Affairs</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>FY 66</td>
<td>FY 66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-164</td>
<td>Military Reservations and Navigable Waters</td>
<td></td>
<td>1st Ed</td>
<td>FY 66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-166</td>
<td>Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act of 1940, as Amended; Selected Cases and Materials</td>
<td></td>
<td>1st Ed</td>
<td>FY 66</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Manuscript to OTJAG, May 65

Manuscript to OTJAG, May 65
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Planned</th>
<th>Date and Edition of Published Pamphlets</th>
<th>Expected Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>27-171</td>
<td>Military Justice—Military Criminal Law</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>FY 66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-172</td>
<td>Military Justice—Evidence</td>
<td></td>
<td>2d Ed</td>
<td>Jun 62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-173</td>
<td>Military Justice—Procedure</td>
<td></td>
<td>1st Ed</td>
<td>Jun 64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-174</td>
<td>Military Justice—Jurisdiction</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>Manuscript to OTJAG, May 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-175-1</td>
<td>Military Justice—Initial Review</td>
<td></td>
<td>1st Ed</td>
<td>Jun 62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-187</td>
<td>Military Affairs</td>
<td></td>
<td>1st Ed</td>
<td>May 63</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX XIII
VISITS TO RESERVE UNITS—FISCAL YEAR 1965

I Divisions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Division</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>26th Inf (ARNG)</td>
<td>Boston, Mass.</td>
<td>19 Nov 64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27th Armored (ARNG)</td>
<td>Syracuse, N. Y.</td>
<td>28 Feb 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31st Inf (ARNG)</td>
<td>Jackson, Miss.</td>
<td>7 Mar 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32d Inf (ARNG)</td>
<td>Milwaukee, Wis.</td>
<td>20 Mar 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42d Inf (ARNG)</td>
<td>New York, N. Y.</td>
<td>17 May 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49th Armored (ARNG)</td>
<td>Dallas, Texas</td>
<td>24 Jan 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49th Inf (ARNG)</td>
<td>Oakland, Calif.</td>
<td>6 Dec 64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85th Tng (USAR)</td>
<td>Chicago, Ill.</td>
<td>27 Jan 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91st Tng (USAR)</td>
<td>San Francisco, Calif.</td>
<td>7 Dec 64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100th Tng (USAR)</td>
<td>Louisville, Ky.</td>
<td>7 Apr 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>104th Tng (USAR)</td>
<td>Portland, Oregon</td>
<td>19 Apr 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>108th Tng (USAR)</td>
<td>Charlotte, N. C.</td>
<td>6 Mar 65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

II Miscellaneous Troop Program Units

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>301st Log Comd (C)</td>
<td>New York, N. Y.</td>
<td>17 May 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>308th Civil Affairs Gp</td>
<td>Chicago, Ill.</td>
<td>27 Jan 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>310th Log Comd (C)</td>
<td>Washington, D. C.</td>
<td>10 Nov 64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>316th Log Comd (A)</td>
<td>Knoxville, Tenn.</td>
<td>24 May 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>322d Log Comd (C)</td>
<td>Chicago, Ill.</td>
<td>28 Jan 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>364th CA Hq B</td>
<td>Portland, Oregon</td>
<td>20 Apr 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>377th TC Terminal Comd C</td>
<td>New Orleans, La.</td>
<td>25 Mar 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>401st Civil Affairs Co</td>
<td>Rochester, N. Y.</td>
<td>25 Feb 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>403d Civil Affairs Co</td>
<td>Syracuse, N. Y.</td>
<td>26 Feb 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>412th Civil Affairs Co</td>
<td>Columbia, S. C.</td>
<td>7 Mar 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2122d USAG</td>
<td>Baltimore, Md.</td>
<td>21 Apr 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4009th USAG</td>
<td>Baton Rouge, La.</td>
<td>24 Mar 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5063d USAG</td>
<td>Milwaukee, Wis.</td>
<td>17 Mar 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6176th Army Terminal</td>
<td>Baltimore, Md.</td>
<td>21 Apr 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6182d Army Terminal</td>
<td>Charleston, S. C.</td>
<td>8 Mar 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8697th Staging Station</td>
<td>Seattle, Wash.</td>
<td>21 Apr 65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

III JAG Detachments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Detachment</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st JAG Detachment</td>
<td>Austin, Texas</td>
<td>26 Jan 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2d JAG Detachment</td>
<td>New Orleans, La.</td>
<td>25 Mar 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3d JAG Detachment</td>
<td>Boston, Mass.</td>
<td>19 Nov 64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th JAG Detachment</td>
<td>New York, N. Y.</td>
<td>19 May 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th JAG Detachment</td>
<td>San Francisco, Calif.</td>
<td>7 Dec 64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6th JAG Detachment</td>
<td>Seattle, Wash.</td>
<td>22 Apr 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7th JAG Detachment</td>
<td>Chicago, Ill.</td>
<td>26 Jan 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9th JAG Detachment</td>
<td>Cleveland, Ohio</td>
<td>23 Feb 65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10th JAG Detachment      Washington, D. C.      10 Nov 64
11th JAG Detachment      Jackson, Miss.       5 Mar 65
12th JAG Detachment      Columbia, S. C.      7 Mar 65

IV USAR School JA Branch Departments

Albuquerque, New Mexico  16 Mar 65
Austin, Texas            26 Jan 65
Baltimore, Maryland      21 Apr 65
Baton Rouge, Louisiana  23 Mar 65
Boston, Massachusetts   19 Nov 64
Cleveland, Ohio         23 Feb 65
Denver, Colorado        25 Mar 65
Des Moines, Iowa         16 Mar 65
Detroit, Michigan       7 Apr 65
Hartford, Connecticut   16 Nov 64
Jackson, Mississippi    5 Mar 65
Jacksonville, Florida   7 May 65
Kearny, New Jersey      18 May 65
Knoxville, Tennessee    24 May 65
Lawton, Oklahoma        17 Mar 65
Los Angeles, California 10 Dec 64
Louisville, Kentucky    6 Apr 65
Lubbock, Texas          15 Mar 65
Madison, Wisconsin      17 Mar 65
Memphis, Tennessee      25 May 65
Miami, Florida          4 May 65
Montgomery, Alabama     8 Mar 65
New Orleans, Louisiana  25 Mar 65
Orlando, Florida        6 May 65
San Antonio, Texas      28 Jan 65
San Francisco, California 8 Dec 64
Sioux Falls, South Dakota 15 Mar 65
Springfield, Massachusetts 17 Nov 64
Tampa, Florida          3 May 65
Washington, D. C.       10 Nov 64

V ANACDUTRA

First US Army
ANACDUTRA Fort Devens, Massachusetts 16-18 Aug 64
(Springfield host school; 3d JAG Detach)

Second US Army
ANACDUTRA Fort Lee, Virginia 16-17 Aug 64
(Lexington host school; 9th and 10th JAG Detach)
Third US Army  
ANACDUTRA Fort McClellan, Alabama  
(Greenville host school;  
11th and 12th JAG Detach)  
14-16 Jul 64

Fourth US Army  
ANACDUTRA Fort Bliss, Texas  
(Austin host school;  
2d JAG Detach)  
15-16 Jul 64

Fifth US Army  
ANACDUTRA Fort Sheridan, Illinois  
(Topeka host school;  
7th and 8th JAG Detach)  
19-20 Aug 64

Sixth US Army  
ANACDUTRA Fort Lewis, Washington  
(Boise host school;  
5th and 6th JAG Detach)  
15-17 Jul 64